MIL 1018 REV 205

AC*SPARK PLUG DIVISION
General Motors Corporation
Milwaukee, Wisconsin

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REQUIREMENT FOR COMMERCIAL EQUIPMENT IN APOLLO GSE

SERIES 100 - BLOCK II - LEM COMPATIBLE

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 SCOPE

This document establishes the requirements for the commercial equipment incorporated into the APOLIO GSE consoles. The following commercial equipment is required for GSE monitoring and control functions:

- (a) Galvanometer
- (b) Waveform Generator
- (c) Phase Angle/Phase Sensitive Voltmeter
- (d) Oscilloscope, Dual Beam
- (e) Oscilloscope, Monitor
- (f) Strip Chart Recorder
- (g) Digital Voltmeter
- (h) Counter
- (i) Printer
- (j) Variable DC Power Supply

2.0 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 The following specification and drawings of the issue in effect on the date of this document form a part of this document.

ND Performance/Design & Product Configuration Requirements GSE for Apollo ND 2900213 GSE Grounding Mechanization Diagram (Blk II - LEM) G&N System ND 2900214 GSE Grounding Mechanization Diagram (Blk II - Series 100 Compatible) REQUIREMENTS

3.1 GALVANOMETER

3.0

General Requirements - The Galvanometer will be used as a null meter for the voltage bridge in the Precision Current Monitor. This null meter must have a minimum full scale reading of 10 a volts with a resolution of 1 a volt to determine that the voltage developed across a current sampling resistor or scale factor resistor has been balanced to within 1 a volt by a precision calibrated voltage source of opposite polarity. The magnitude of the voltage required to effect a null will vary over a period of time and these variations expressed in parts per million are an indication of the proper operation of the PIPA loop. A full scale range of at least 1 volt with steps down to the 10 a volt full scale range is required to reduce null meter sensitivity when the bridge error is high at the start of the nulling procedure. Since the null meter is used in a bridge circuit it's input impedance must be at 500 K ohm to avoid loading of the bridge sections.

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3.1.2 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Use instrument as DC Null Meter (center scale zero)
- 2. Voltage Range: 10 uv to 1 volt full scale
- 3. Input Impedance: 500 K.a. or greater
- 4. Input isolated from chassis and chassis isolated from power low.
- 5. Input Power: 115 volts + 10% 60 cps
 6. 19" standard rack mount 24" max. depth
- 7. Rear Panel input access only

3.2 WAVEFORM GENERATOR

General Requirements - The Waveform Generator will be used to supply sinusoidal input signals to the airborne stabilization loops to determine the closed loop frequency response. The frequency response curve will be created by determining the loop gain at a number of frequencies in the range of .1 cps to 200 cps. The unit should be capable of supplying at least 10 volts peak to peak into a load of 10 K ohms or greater.

3.2.2 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

1. Output Frequency

.l cycle/sec. to 200 cps

DC level output shall be 0 + 200

mv dc max. at 2V AC P.P.

2. Accuracy 3% over the required freq. range

3. Waveform sinusoidal, square

4. Distortion less than 5%

5. Voltage Output

0 to 10 volts peak to peak into
a load of 10K ohms or greater.

Output must be isolated from chassis.

6. Power ll5 volt 60 cps (isolated from chassis and signal low)

7. Dimensions Rack mount 19" wide less than 24" deep

8. Output Terminals Output terminals accessible from rear panel only

- 3.3.1 General Requirements The Phase Angle/Phase Sensitive Voltmeter is required to measure the total or in-phase component of ac voltages at 800 and 3200 cps. The meter must also measure the angle between the signal and its respective reference. The range of magnitude will be from 1 mv to 30 volts rms. The meter will be used to measure servo error signals and power supply voltages. Therefore, the input impedance should be 500K ohms or greater to avoid loading problems.
- 3.3.2 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS
 - 1. Measure Total Voltages
 - 2. Measure In-Phase Voltages Harmonic and Quadrature Rejection 40 db min.

 Measure Angles (Electrical Phase Shift 00 3600)
 - 3. Measurement Range 0 30 volts rms
 - 4. Frequency of voltages 800, 3200 cps as PAVM 200 cps to 25Kc as VTVM
 - 5. Accuracy:

As voltmeter +2% FS as VTVM 200-3200 ~ +5% FS as VTVM 3200 ~ -17.5KC +10% FS as VTVM 17.5KC to 25KC +3% FS as PAVM 800 and 3200 cps

As angle meter $\pm 1^{\circ}$ from direct dial reading

- 6. Input Impedance Greater than 500K ohms (800 cps & 3200 cps)
- 7. Reference Voltage 10 ± 2 Volts 3200 cps 28 ± 2 Volts 800 cps
- 8. Reference Voltage 25K ohms min. input impedance
- 9. Power 115 volts + 10% 60 cps + 5 cps
- 10. Rack Mount: Dimensions 19" wide x 24" deep
- 11. Input, reference and power isolated from case and from each other.
- 12. Rear Panel input access only.
- 3.4 OSCILLOSCOPE, DUAL BEAM
- 3.4.1 General Requirements The Dual Beam Oscilloscope will be used in system and subsystem calibration and checkout to observe nulls, check

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noise on power supplies, waveforms and to determine phase relationships between floating, isolated pulses as well as between the output of power supplies and their driving pulses. The vertical plug-in amplifiers must be differential amplifiers or have isolated inputs except for channel 1 of the "B" scope. External isolation transformers with proper shielding may be used. The scope must have two completely independent beams because the time required to operate the electronic switching in a dual trace display is long enough to make the phase relationship measurements erroneous.

Channel 2 of Scope "B" must be isolated. The input impedance should be as high as good design prerequisites allow. The isolation transformers chosen must meet the requirements as specified below.

A delay line (approx. 300 nanoseconds) must be provided between the trigger circuit and the vertical deflection circuit of channel 1 for Scope "B". This delay line may be external to the oscilloscope. In this way, the leading edge of any wave shape could be viewed regardless of synchronization.

3.4.2 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Horizontal Sweep Generators
 - a) Sweep Generator Switching Capability Two identical generators (A&B). To be used independently, simultaneously, or B sweep delayed by A. In the latter, A is intensified during B.
 - b) Sweep range l usec/div to 5 sec/div in calibrated steps.

 10X Magnifier to expand any l div. --this permits a max.

 sweep rate of .l usec/div.
 - c) Delay B sweep delayed by A sweep
 Delay period 1 usec to 50 sec continuously adjustable (1-10 times the sweep rate selected on the A sweep generator)
 Horizontal Amplifier (External Input)
 Sensitivity 100 mv/div adjustable
 Z in 100 K
 Bandpass dc to 350 Kc
 - d) Trigger sense + slope selection, ac or dc, A or B sweeps (triggerable by either A or B inputs (internal position). Rear Panel access for External A sweep trigger. Rear Panel input access only.
- 2. Vertical Amplifier -- Scope A

Differential Input

50 - 1 differential rejection ratio

Z 1 meg//150 Pf Bandpass dc to 300 Kc Rise time approx. 1 usec.

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Sensitivity 1 mv/cm - 20v/cm in fixed calibrated steps with variable uncalibrated over-ride.

This unit will be used to monitor waveforms with a DC level such as DC power supplies, floated signals, and pulses with long duration pulse widths (non-critical rise time). It will also be used for monitoring any signal available from the crossbar. (800 cps, 3200 cps, DC Error Signals, etc.)

3. Vertical Amplifier -- Scope B -- Channel 1 & 2 (Dual Trace)

Rear Panel input access only
Sensitivity lOmv/cm--lOv/cm (each channel) in calibrated steps
Bandpass 400** to lOmc*
Rise time 35*nanosecond approx.

*Inputs must be isolated for all input signals for Channel 2 only. The isolation will probably be accomplished by the use of transformers. The type of transformer used will determine the bandpass, input impedance and rise time.

4. Operating Mode Capability

Channel 1 only, Channel 2 only, Chopped, alternate sweep.

5. Channel 1 of Scope B

This channel will only be used to monitor pulses or critical wave shapes. Present critical requirements are: .5 to 10 usec pulse widths, 150 nanosecond rise time, (minimum) 3 volts to 20 volts amplitude, plus or minus polarity (not necessarily referenced to Ovdc). The repetition rate for these signals will vary from random non-synchronous pulses to a max. rate of 512 KPPS synchronous.

6. Channel 2 of Scope B

This channel will only be used to monitor the ac error signals that are available to the strip chart recorder via the Oscillograph Select Panel (800 cps and 3200 cps signals)

- 3.5 OSCILLOSCOPE, MONITOR
- 3.5.1 General Requirements The Monitor Oscilloscope will be used to provide a continuous visual indication of the amplified signal generator outputs from the accelerometers and gyros. These signals, in the range of lmv 5 volt will be displayed as lissajous figures with a reference signal of 10 volts rms and a frequency of 3200 cps. The figures will indicate the state of the suspension in each instrument.

3.5.2 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Signal Input
 - a) lmv to 5 volts ac

b) Frequency - 3200 cps

- c) Input impedance -- 500K ohms or greater (Isolated)
- 2. Reference Input
 - a) Input level 10 ± 2 Vac

b) Frequency - 3200 cps

- c) Input impedance 1 megohm or greater (isolated)
- 3. Power Requirements 105-125V, 60 cps (isolated from chassis and signal low)
- 4. Inputs Rear Panel only
- 3.6 STRIP CHART RECORDER
- 3.6.1 General Requirements The Strip Chart Recorder will be used for system and subsystem testing and trouble-shooting. It will be used wherever time correlated events must be monitored and/or recorded. It will also be used for monitoring events that vary slowly with time or conversely where stability with respect to time must be demonstrated. There are present requirements for monitoring as many as six AC signals simultaneously or 6 DC signals simultaneously plus various other combinations of both. There is no requirement for ever monitoring more than eight signals at any one time.

Therefore, a basic 8 channel recorder used with various combinations of interchangeable AC or DC preamp modules should be used. The combinations of AC or DC preamps in use at any time may be selected electrically or mechanically.

3.6.2 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

- 1. AC Preamp Module (Phase Sensitive Demodulator)
 - a) Sensitivity: lmv/mm

b) Signal input range: 1 mv to 28V

c) Range Switch (MV/MM): 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000

d) Reference input range: 9 volts to 115 volts

e) Input Impedance:

Signal 80 K ohms (min.)
Reference 190 K ohms (min.)

- f) Drift: Less than .25mv/hr. after 3 min. warm-up.
- g) Zero Offset: Must have full scale offset adjustability.
- h) Calibration: Internal, 10 mv from Ref. Signal
- i) Reference Frequencies: 800 cps, 3200 cps
- j) Quadrative Rejection: 80:1 min.

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k) Full Scale Deflection: + 20 mm (Center scale-zero level)

1) Isolation: Signal and Reference lows isolated from chassis and shielded.

- m) A three position switch must be on front panel of demodulator to select any one of three variable potentiometers. One switch position will switch the calibration pot for 800~ into the reference circuit and another position will switch the calibration pot for $3200 \sim$ into the reference circuit. The third position will switch a pot, which is adjustable from the front panel of the demodulator, into the reference circuit to allow the reference phase to be varied throughout the ranges listed below while a signal is being recorded. Two of the pots must be located for internal adjustment only. They must be capable of correcting for a phase shift through a range of + 30° from a reference source of 1-50 ohms output impedance. One pot will be used for $800 \sim$ and the other for $3200 \sim$ phase shift correction during calibration only and will remain fixed, after calibration. The third pot must have a phase shift range of + 50° for 3200~ and + 30° for 800~ references with the same source impedance as specified above.
- n) The bandpass filter selection must be independent from the carrier frequency selection and calibration functions.

2. DC Preamp Module

5mv/mm a) Sensitivity:

b) Signal input range: 5mv to 400 volts
c) Range Switch (V/cm): .05, .1, .2, .5, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, and a 10:1

attenuator switch V/cm to Vmm

d) Input Impedance: 10 megohms (differential input)

e) Common Mode Rejection: Greater than 40db DC to 100 cps at max. gain

f) Drift: Less than 2 mv equivalent input/hr. (max. gain)

g) Isolation: Differential Input (hi and low)

h) Calibration: .5 volts internally supplied

i) Zero Offset: Must have full scale offset adjustability.

3. Writing Unit (Pen and Driver)

.5% of Full Scale 40mm P/P deflection a) Linearity:

b) Undistorted Amplitude: DC-40cps (40mm P/P), DC-80cps (20mm P/P)

DC-120 cps (10mm P/P)

c) Response Time: 70% in 5 msec

4. Recorder Main Frame

a) Speed: 1/2mm/sec to 200 mm/sec in calibrated steps; plus a mm/sec to cm/hr switch

b) Writing method: Ink or electric

c) Inputs: Inputs to Pre-amps and Drive Modules accessible from rear panel only

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d) Isolation: Power, Signal and Reference lows isolated from chassis and from each other

DIGITAL VOLTMETER 3.7

General Requirements - A Digital Voltmeter is required to measure the 3.7.1 magnitudes of the AC and DC power supplies and the signals in the A/B system. The AC voltages will vary in magnitude from 1 mv to 115 volts rms. The DC voltages will vary in magnitude from 1 mv to 250V. A digital readout of 4 digits will be required to give the proper readings. The DVM must have an output coded BCD (8421) code and ten line decimal code capable of driving a printer.

3.7.2 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Input Range DC + 1 millivolt to + 300 volts minimum
- 2. Accuracy DC + .05% of reading + 1 digit
- 3. Input Impedance DC 1 megohm minimum at null or off-null
- 4. Polarity Sensing Automatic
- Input Circuit DC Signal low shall be DC isolated from chassis and the input circuit shall be AC and DC isolated from the console.
- 6. Printer Output BCD coding showing digit readouts (4) and polarity or AC symbol and decimal coding showing decimal point placement.
- 7. Input Range AC 1 millivolt to 300 volts minimum rms.
- 8. AC Accuracy With a sine wave input the max. error should be as follows:
 - 0 .9999 Range

+ .1% of reading + 1 digit for 400~ to 3200~

0 - 9.999 and higher ranges + .05% of full scale + .1% of the reading for 400~ to 3200~

+ .05% of full scale + .5% of the reading for 60~

0 - 9.999 volt range

+ .05% of full scale + .5% of reading at 25.6KC

- Input Impedance AC .9 megohm minimum for 0 to 9.999 volt range and 1 megohm min for all other ranges
- Frequency Response 60 cps to 26 KC
- 11. Input Circuit AC Signal low shall be DC isolated from chassis and power low, and the input circuit shall be AC and DC isolated from the console.
- 12. No. of digits Four (4)
- 13. Remote AC/DC mode selection in addition to manual mode selection
- 14. Print complete output data to printer inhibited (held constant) until print complete signal is received from printer
- 15. Single Print command Printer will print data held in voltmeter whenever command is initiated.
- 16. Ranging DC and AC Automatic with a minimum of 3 ranges
- 17. Power 115 volts + 10%, 60 cps (isolated from chassis and signal low)
- 18. Mounting Standard 19 inch rack.

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- 3.8 COUNTER
- 3.8.1 General Requirements The counter has to perform four functions:
 - 1. count events (accumulate),
 - 2. count events with respect to time (frequency),
 - 3. count time with respect to events (period),
 - 4. count events with respect to other events (ratio).

3.8.2 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The internal clock frequency must be a unit multiple of a power of 10 (100 KC or greater) so that the counter can display in real time without need of a conversion factor. The clock should have a frequency divider control (unit multiples of powers of 10) so that the count gate enable period can be extended during frequency function and a greater time interval can be displayed during a period function.
- 2. The count gate enable period must be controlled by a preset counter (\mathbf{W}_1) for all functions except count. In the count function position the count gate is always enabled (must be manually reset).
- 3. The counting devices must be able to count forward or backward; however, the direction of counting will be fixed with respect to the input. A visual display must indicate whether the accumulated count is + or and when the count gate is enabled.
- 4. Inputs (Rear panel access only)
 - a) A Input: 1 mc count rate (maximum), 1 volt rms minimum sensitivity. (Data input)
 - b) B Input: 100 KC count rate (maximum), 1 volt rms minimum sensitivity. (Data input)
 - c) C Input: 100 KC count rate (maximum), 1 volt rms minimum sensitivity. (External Clock Input)
 - d) D Input: 100 KC count rate (maximum), 1 volt rms minimum sensitivity. (Gate Control Data Input)

NOTE: All inputs except "C" must have individual attenuation and + slope (trigger) controls.

- 5. Input Select Front Panel Switch
 - a) A "A" input is connected to the counting units.
 - b) A-B "A" input is connected to the forward counting units
 "B" input is connected to the backward counting units

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- c) C-sense "C" input (either internal clock or external C) is connected to the counting units
- 6. Function Select Front Panel Switch
 - a) Count Either A or A-B inputs will be counted until manually reset.

b) Frequency - Either A or A-B inputs will be counted for a preset standard period of time.

equation = A or A-B or A or A-B
$$n_1C/X$$
 n_1C/X

NOTE: C can be reduced by the frequency divider (C/X)

- c) Ratio or Period Either A. A-B or C is counted for a present number of D inputs.
 - 1. equation (Ratio) = $\frac{A}{N_1D}$ or $\frac{A-B}{N_1D}$
 - 2. equation (Period) = $\frac{C \text{ int}}{N_1 D}$ or $\frac{C \text{ ext}}{N_1 D}$ or $\frac{C \text{ int/x}}{N_1 D}$
- d) N_1 Test Test of N_1 Preset equation = $\frac{N_1}{N_1C}$

- a) Visual
 - 1. 6 digit in-line readout
 - 2. gate open light
 - 3. + or accumulated count
- b) Electrical
 - 1. N₁ gate pulse (occurs after N₁ events)
 - 2. 6 digit BCD Data and symbol (+,-) for printer 8421 code
 - 3. Contact closure to indicate positions of Function Select and Input Select switches.

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	8. Misc. Contr	ols (Front Panel)			
	a) Clock f:	requency divider			
	10°,	10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻² , 10 ⁻³ , 10 ⁻⁴ , 10 ⁻⁵	(positions)	
	b) Manual:	reset			
	c) Variable	e display time control (Disc pos:	rete Decade	steps and an	infinite
	d) 6 digit	Preset (N1) Count Selector			
3.9	PRINTER				
3.9.1	obtained from a set switching un coded as ten lin	DVM, a reversing preset countie. This information will a me decimal or BCD. The print	ter and the e presented er must acc	e computer te d to the prin cept both code	st ter
	and must be able	e to print up to a maximum of	T2 columns	s of data.	
3.9.2	DETAILED REQUIRE		12 columns	s of data.	
3.9.2		EMENTS	12 columns	s of data.	
3.9.2	DETAILED REQUIRE	EMENTS		s of data.	
3.9.2	DETAILED REQUIRE	EMENTS ms per line (Print out i		s of data.	
3.9.2	DETAILED REQUIRE 1. Twelve column 2. DVM Input	EMENTS ans per line (Print out interes)	s black))) 10 line) Module	
3.9.2	DETAILED REQUIRE 1. Twelve column 2. DVM Input Column Num	EMENTS ans per line (Print out in the series) Signal code pecimal point Blank (0-9)	(0-9))	D 1) de)
3.9.2	DETAILED REQUIRE 1. Twelve column 2. DVM Input Column Num 10, 11, 12 8 9	CMENTS In the content of the conten	(0-9) at (0-7) a, AC, * a, (0-9))) 10 line) Module	D 1) de)
3.9.2	DETAILED REQUIRE 1. Twelve column 2. DVM Input Column Num 10, 11, 12 8 9 7 2, 3, 4, 5 1, 6	CMENTS In a per line (Print out in the state of the sta	(0-9) at (0-7) a, AC, * a, (0-9))) 10 line) Module	D 1) de)
3.9.2	DETAILED REQUIRE 1. Twelve column 2. DVM Input Column Num 10, 11, 12 8 9 2, 3, 4, 5 1, 6 3. Counter Input	CMENTS Image: Amount of the content	(0-9) at (0-7) a, AC, * a, (0-9) as red)) lO line Module) 4 line BC) Module (842) (Cod	e Module

Column Numbers Blank

4. AGC Input

8, 9, 10, 11, 12 7 6 (10 line modules) Blank) Signal Code) 4 line module BCD (8421)

(Print out is red)

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4. Column Numbers (Continued)

1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Data

- 5. Print Command Manual & Automatic
- 6. Max. Print Rate 3 lines/sec. or greater
- 7. Power 115 volts + 10% 60 cps
- 8. Print Complete Signal -- Releases data source when printer has been loaded.
- 9. Inputs Accessible from rear panel only and isolated.

3.10 VARIABLE DC POWER SUPPLY

General Requirements - A Variable DC Power Supply is required to check the guidance and navigation system for proper operation at the high and low limits of spacecraft input voltage. The nominal voltage output should be +28 volts dc and be continously variable to + 15% of the nominal when deliverying 50 amp. The output impedance (DC to 4Kcps) should be a maximum of .08 ohms (from remote terminals looking towards power supply). The unit must be capable of having its output shorted with no damage to the supply and an over voltage protection network, to protect the A/B in event of excessively high output voltages, must also be included.

3.10.2 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Input Requirements
 - a) Voltage 105 125 single phase
 - b) Frequency 50 60 cps
- 2. Output Requirements
 - a) Voltage +28 VDC continuously variable +25V to +32V at remote sense terminals. (Resolution: 250 mv. min.)
 - b) Current 50 amps over the adjustable voltage range
 - c) Ripple 10 mv max. (DC to 120 cps)
 - d) Noise 250 mv (Frequencies 400 cps and above)
 - e) Short circuit protection required to prevent damage to power supply if output terminals are shorted.
 - f) Output impedance (from remote terminals) at DC .010 ohms maximum, DC-4KC .08 ohms, 4KC-100KC .8 ohms
 - g) Isolated from chassis and power low (input power transformer should be adequately shielded)

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- h) Stability 1%/8 hr
- i) Regulation Variations due to: Line .5%, Load .5%
- j) Standard 19" mount rack
- k) Over-voltage protection The voltage at the remote terminals shall not rise above +38 VDC in the event that loss of remote sense control or remote voltage adjust control should occur.

Approved:

W. J. Cattoi - Group Head

System Mechanization

APOLLO GSE

WJH/sj

W. J. Hines

System Mechanization

APOLLO GSE