

include, but are not limited to, dry shrublands. In addition, it is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Molokai 6—*Labordia triflora*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Labordia triflora* and is 2 ha (5 ac) on State land (Molokai Forest Reserve), containing a portion of Kupaia Gulch. This unit, in combination with unit 6—*Labordia triflora*—b, unit 6—*Labordia triflora*—c, and lands within TNCH's Pelekunu Preserve, provides habitat for 4 populations of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *Labordia triflora* and is currently unoccupied. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports habitat that is necessary to the establishment of additional populations on Molokai in order to reach recovery goals. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, gulch slopes in mixed mesic *Metrosideros polymorpha* forest. This unit, together with units 6—*Labordia triflora*—b and 6—*Labordia triflora*—c, is geographically separated from the other three units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Molokai 6—*Labordia triflora*—b

This unit is critical habitat for *Labordia triflora* and is 2 ha (6 ac) on private land (Molokai Forest Reserve), containing a portion of the west side of the west fork of Kaweia Gulch. This unit, in combination with unit 6—*Labordia triflora*—a, unit 6—*Labordia triflora*—c, and lands within TNCH's Pelekunu Preserve, provides habitat for 4 populations of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *Labordia triflora* and is currently unoccupied. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports habitat that is necessary to the establishment of additional populations on Molokai in order to reach recovery goals. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, gulch slopes in mixed mesic *Metrosideros polymorpha* forest. This unit, together with units 6—*Labordia triflora*—a and 6—*Labordia triflora*—c, is geographically separated from the other three units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order

to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Molokai 6—*Labordia triflora*—c

This unit is critical habitat for *Labordia triflora* and is 13 ha (32 ac) on private land (Molokai Forest Reserve), containing a portion of the east side of the east fork of Kaweia Gulch, near Puu Kolekole. This unit, in combination with unit 6—*Labordia triflora*—a, unit 6—*Labordia triflora*—b, and lands within TNCH's Pelekunu Preserve, provide habitat for 4 populations of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *Labordia triflora* and is currently unoccupied. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports habitat that is necessary to the establishment of additional populations on Molokai in order to reach recovery goals. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, gulch slopes in mixed mesic *Metrosideros polymorpha* forest. This unit, together with units 6—*Labordia triflora*—a and 6—*Labordia triflora*—b, is geographically separated from the other three units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Molokai 6—*Labordia triflora*—d

This unit is critical habitat for *Labordia triflora* and is 523 ha (1,292 ac) on State (Molokai Forest Reserve) and private lands. The unit contains a portion of Kaluaaha, Makalihua, and Maunaoluulu Summits, Lae o Kapuna Ridge, and Pelekunu Gulch. This unit provides habitat for 4 populations of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *Labordia triflora* and is currently occupied by 10 plants. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is essential for the expansion of the present population, which is currently considered nonviable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, gulch slopes in mixed mesic *Metrosideros polymorpha* forest. This unit is geographically separated from the other three units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Molokai 6—*Lysimachia maxima*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Lysimachia maxima* and is 408 ha (1,009 ac) on State land (Kalaupapa National Historical Park, Molokai Forest Reserve, and Puu Alii NAR). The unit contains a portion of Kalahuapueo, Ohialele, and Puu Kao Summits. This unit provides habitat for 3 populations of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Lysimachia maxima* and is currently unoccupied. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports habitat that is necessary to the establishment of additional populations on Molokai in order to reach recovery goals. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, *Metrosideros polymorpha*-*Dicranopteris linearis* montane wet forest. This unit is geographically separated from the other two units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Molokai 6—*Lysimachia maxima*—b

This unit is critical habitat for *Lysimachia maxima* and is 441 ha (1,090 ac) on State (Molokai Forest Reserve) and private lands. The unit contains a portion of Kalapa, Konomanu, and Kalapamoa Ridges, and Lehuulua and Puu Haha Summits. This unit provides habitat for 3 populations of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Lysimachia maxima* and is currently unoccupied. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports habitat that is necessary to the establishment of additional populations on Molokai in order to reach recovery goals. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, *Metrosideros polymorpha*-*Dicranopteris linearis* montane wet forest. This unit is geographically separated from the other two units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Molokai 6—*Lysimachia maxima*—c

This unit is critical habitat for *Lysimachia maxima* and is 414 ha (1,023 ac) on State (Molokai Forest Reserve and Olokui NAR) and private lands, containing a portion of Kolo Ridge. This unit provides habitat for 3 populations of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Lysimachia maxima* and is currently