

(c) *Preparation of Certificate.* The following rules will apply for purposes of completing the Certificate of Origin set forth in paragraph (b) of this section:

(1) Blocks 1 through 5 pertain only to the final article exported to the United States for which preferential treatment may be claimed;

(2) Block 1 should state the legal name and address (including country) of the exporter;

(3) Block 2 should state the legal name and address (including country) of the producer. If there is more than one producer, attach a list stating the legal name and address (including country) of all additional producers. If this information is confidential, it is acceptable to state "available to Customs upon request" in block 2. If the producer and the exporter are the same, state "same" in block 2;

(4) Block 3 should state the legal name and address (including country) of the importer;

(5) In block 4, insert the letter that designates the preference group which applies to the article according to the description contained in the CFR provision cited on the Certificate for that group;

(6) Block 5 should provide a full description of each article. The description should be sufficient to relate it to the invoice description and to the description of the article in the international Harmonized System. Include the invoice number as shown on the commercial invoice or, if the invoice number is not known, include another unique reference number such as the shipping order number;

(7) Blocks 6 through 10 must be completed only when the block in question calls for information that is relevant to the preference group identified in block 4;

(8) Block 6 should state the legal name and address (including country) of the fabric producer;

(9) Block 7 should state the legal name and address (including country) of the yarn producer;

(10) Block 8 should state the legal name and address (including country) of the thread producer;

(11) Block 9 should state the name of the folklore article or should state that the article is handloomed or handmade of handloomed fabric;

(12) Block 10 should be completed if the article described in block 5 incorporates a fabric or yarn described in preference group G and should state the name of the fabric or yarn that has been considered as being in short supply in the NAFTA or that has been designated as not available in

commercial quantities in the United States;

(13) Block 11 must contain the signature of the exporter or of the exporter's authorized agent having knowledge of the relevant facts;

(14) Block 15 should reflect the date on which the Certificate was completed and signed;

(15) Block 16 should be completed if the Certificate is intended to cover multiple shipments of identical articles as described in block 5 that are imported into the United States during a specified period of up to one year (see § 10.226(b)(4)(ii)). The "from" date is the date on which the Certificate became applicable to the article covered by the blanket Certificate (this date may be prior to the date reflected in block 15). The "to" date is the date on which the blanket period expires; and

(16) The Certificate may be printed and reproduced locally. If more space is needed to complete the Certificate, attach a continuation sheet.

5. In § 10.225, paragraph (a) is revised to read as follows:

**§ 10.225 Filing of claim for preferential treatment.**

(a) *Declaration.* In connection with a claim for preferential treatment for a textile or apparel article described in § 10.223, the importer must make a written declaration that the article qualifies for that treatment. The inclusion on the entry summary, or equivalent documentation, of the subheading within Chapter 98 of the HTSUS under which the article is classified will constitute the written declaration. Except in any of the circumstances described in § 10.226(d)(1), the declaration required under this paragraph must be based on a Certificate of Origin that has been completed and properly executed in accordance with § 10.224 and that covers the article being imported.

\* \* \* \* \*

**§ 10.226 [Amended]**

6. In § 10.226, the second sentence of paragraph (b)(4)(ii) is amended by removing the reference "§ 10.224(c)(14)" and adding, in its place, the reference "§ 10.224(c)(15)".

**§ 10.227 [Amended]**

7. In § 10.227:

a. Paragraph (a)(2) is amended by removing the words "in a CBTPA beneficiary country";

b. Paragraph (a)(3) is amended by removing the words "in a CBTPA beneficiary country"; and

c. Paragraph (b)(3) is amended by removing the words "§ 10.223(c)(3)(i)

through (iii)" and adding, in their place, the words "§ 10.223(d)(3)(i) through (iii)".

**Robert C. Bonner,**

*Commissioner of Customs.*

Approved: February 28, 2003.

**Timothy E. Skud,**

*Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

### Customs Service

#### 19 CFR Part 12

[T.D. 03-13]

RIN 1515-AD15

#### Entry of Certain Steel Products

**AGENCY:** Customs Service, Department of the Treasury.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This document adopts as a final rule, with some changes, a proposed amendment to the Customs Regulations to set forth special requirements for the entry of certain steel products. The steel products in question are primarily those designated by the President in Proclamation 7529 for increased duty or tariff-rate quota treatment under the safeguard provisions of section 203 of the Trade Act of 1974. The amendment requires the inclusion of an import license number on the entry summary or foreign-trade zone admission documentation filed with Customs for any steel product for which the U.S. Department of Commerce requires an import license under its steel licensing and import monitoring program.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** Final rule effective: March 21, 2003.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Lisa Santana, Office of Field Operations (202-927-4342).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

On March 5, 2002, President Bush signed Proclamation 7529 "To Facilitate Positive Adjustment to Competition From Imports of Certain Steel Products," which was published in the **Federal Register** (67 FR 10553) on March 7, 2002. The Proclamation was issued under section 203 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2253), and was in response to determinations by the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) under section 202 of the Trade Act of 1974, as