

NAGPRA program to Franklin Pierce College. The Review Committee required that the museum submit an inventory of culturally unidentifiable human remains containing information set forth in 43 CFR 10.9 (c); that the inventory be sent to the Wabanaki Confederacy, representing Aroostook Band of Micmac Indians of Maine, Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians of Maine, Indian Township Reservation of the Passamaquoddy Tribe of Maine, Penobscot Tribe of Maine, and Pleasant Point Reservation of the Passamaquoddy Tribe of Maine; and the Wampanoag Confederation, representing Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah) of Massachusetts, Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe, and the Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation; that both the Wabanaki Confederacy and the Wampanoag Confederation provide written concurrence with the proposed disposition; and that a Notice of Inventory Completion be published in the Federal Register.

Franklin Pierce College, in a January 14, 2003, letter to the Review Committee, documented that three of the requirements had been met, noting that the fourth requirement would be met with the publication of this Notice of Inventory Completion.

Additional analysis, completed between November 2001 and January 2003, showed that the human remains from the five burials, which were originally reported as five sets of human remains, represent a minimum of eight individuals. The completed inventory reports a minimum of eight individuals, and correspondence from the Wabanaki Confederacy and the Wampanoag Confederation concurs with the proposed disposition of eight individuals.

The archeological and stratigraphic context for the Smyth site burials indicates a Middle or Late Woodland period date (A.D. 1-1500). Archeological, historical, and ethnographic sources, along with the oral traditions of the Western Abenaki, indicate that this portion of New Hampshire is within the aboriginal and historic homeland of the Western Abenaki from at least the Late Archaic period (3000-1000 B.C.) through the Historic period (post-A.D. 1500). The Western Abenaki are represented today by the Abenaki Nation of Missisquoi, Abenaki Nation of New Hampshire, Cowasuck Band of the Pennacook-Abenaki People, and the First Nation of New Hampshire (all nonfederally recognized Indian groups).

Officials of Franklin Pierce College have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (9-10), the human remains

listed above represent the physical remains of eight individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of Franklin Pierce College also have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and the Abenaki Nation of Missisquoi, representing a coalition of Western Abenaki groups, consisting of the Abenaki Nation of New Hampshire, Cowasuck Band of the Pennacook-Abenaki People, and First Nation of New Hampshire (all nonfederally recognized Indian groups).

Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains should contact Robert G. Goodby, Assistant Professor, Department of Anthropology, Franklin Pierce College, PO Box 60, College Road, Rindge, NH 03461, telephone (603) 899-4362, before May 5, 2003. Repatriation of these human remains to the Abenaki Nation of Missisquoi, representing a coalition of Western Abenaki groups, consisting of the Abenaki Nation of New Hampshire, Cowasuck Band of the Pennacook-Abenaki People, and First Nation of New Hampshire (all nonfederally recognized Indian groups), may proceed after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Franklin Pierce College is responsible for notifying the Abenaki Nation of Missisquoi, Abenaki Nation of New Hampshire, Aroostook Band of Micmac Indians of Maine, Assonet Band of the Wampanoag Nation, Cowasuck Band of the Pennacook-Abenaki People, First Nation of New Hampshire, Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians of Maine, Indian Township Reservation of the Passamaquoddy Tribe of Maine, Wabanaki Confederacy, Wampanoag Confederation, and Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah) of Massachusetts that this notice has been published.

Dated: February 27, 2003.

**John Robbins,**

*Assistant Director, Cultural Resources Stewardship and Partnerships.*

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**BILLING CODE 4310-70-S**

## INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Inv. No. 337-TA-490]

### In the Matter of Certain Power Amplifier Chips, Broadband Tuner Chips, Transceiver Chips, and Products Containing Same; Notice of Investigation

**AGENCY:** U.S. International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Institution of investigation pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 1337.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that a complaint was filed with the U.S. International Trade Commission on March 3, 2002, under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337, on behalf of Broadcom Corporation of Irvine, California. Supplements to the Complaint were filed on March 19 and 28, 2003. The Complaint, as supplemented, alleges violations of section 337 in the importation into the United States and the sale within the United States after importation of certain power amplifier chips, broadband tuner chips, transceiver chips and products containing same, by reason of infringement of claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,445,039 and claim 2 of U.S. Patent No. 5,682,379. The complaint further alleges that an industry in the United States exists as required by subsection (a)(2) of section 337.

The complainant requests that the Commission institute an investigation and, after the investigation, issue a permanent exclusion order and a permanent cease and desist order.

**ADDRESSES:** The complaint and supplements, except for any confidential information contained therein, are available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW., Room 112, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205-2000. Hearing impaired individuals are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on (202) 205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at (202) 205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server at <http://www.usitc.gov>. The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS-II) at <http://edis.usitc.gov>.