

island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 13—*Cenchrus agrimonioides*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Cenchrus agrimonioides* and is 237 ha (585 ac) on State (Kanaio NAR) land. The unit contains land between Kanaio and Auwahi. This unit provides habitat for one population of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *C. agrimonioides* and is currently occupied by between one and 10 plants. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, dry forest or *Pleomele* sp.-*Diospyros* sp. forest. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population. It is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 17—*Cenchrus agrimonioides*—b

This unit is critical habitat for *Cenchrus agrimonioides* and is 118 ha (293 ac) on State (West Maui Forest Reserve and Manawainui Plant Sanctuary) and privately owned land. The unit contains Papalaua and Manawainui gulches and Hanaulaiki. This unit provides habitat for one population of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *C. agrimonioides* and is currently unoccupied. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, dry forest or *Pleomele* sp.-*Diospyros* sp. forest. This unit is essential to conservation of the species because it provides for one population within this multi-island species' historical range on Maui that is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 1—*Centaurium sebaeoides*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Centaurium sebaeoides* and is 70 ha (174 ac) on non-managed State and privately owned land. The unit contains Alapapa Gulch, Honanana Gulch, Mokolea Point, Owaluhi Gulch, Papanahoa Gulch, Papanalahoa Point, Poelua Bay, and Poelua Gulch. It provides habitat for one population of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of

the short-lived perennial *C. sebaeoides* and is currently occupied by one plant. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, dry forest or *Pleomele* sp.-*Diospyros* sp. forest. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population. It is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 2—*Centaurium sebaeoides*—b

This unit is critical habitat for *Centaurium sebaeoides* and is 26 ha (65 ac) on State and privately owned land. The unit contains Alapapa Gulch, Honanana Gulch, Lahoole Cape, Makamakaole Stream, Moho Cape, Mokolea Point, Owaluhi Gulch, Papanahoa Gulch, Papanalahoa Point, Poelua Bay, Poelua Gulch, Waihee Stream, Waihee Valley, Waiokila Gulch, and Waiolai Gulch. This unit provides habitat for one population of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *C. sebaeoides* and is currently occupied by 10 plants. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, dry forest or *Pleomele* sp.-*Diospyros* sp. forest. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population. It is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 9—*Clermontia lindseyana*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Clermontia lindseyana* and is 177 ha (438 ac) on State-owned land. The unit contains Manawainui Gulch. This unit provides habitat for one population of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *C. lindseyana* and is currently occupied by 330 plants. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, *Acacia koa* mesic forest. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports an extant colony of this species. It is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this

species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 9—*Clermontia lindseyana*—b

This unit is critical habitat for *Clermontia lindseyana* and is 60 ha (149 ac) on State-owned land (Kula Forest Reserve). The unit contains no named natural features. This unit provides habitat for one population of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *C. lindseyana* and is currently unoccupied. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, *Acacia koa* mesic forest. This unit is essential to conservation of the species because it provides for one population within this multi-island species' historical range on Maui that is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 17—*Clermontia oblongifolia* ssp. *mauiensis*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Clermontia oblongifolia* ssp. *mauiensis* and is 16 ha (40 ac) on State and privately owned land. The unit contains no named natural features. This unit provides habitat for one population of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *C. oblongifolia* ssp. *mauiensis* and is currently unoccupied. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, sides of ridges and ridge tops in *Metrosideros polymorpha*-dominated montane forest. This unit is essential to conservation of the species because it provides for one population within this multi-island species' historical range on Maui that is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 17—*Clermontia oblongifolia* ssp. *mauiensis*—b

This unit is critical habitat for *Clermontia oblongifolia* ssp. *mauiensis* and is 696 ha (1,720 ac) on State (Kahakuloa Section of the West Maui NAR) and privately owned land. The unit contains Eke Crater, Konanano Gulch, and Kahakuloa Valley. This unit provides habitat for 4 populations of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of