

the short-lived perennial *C. oblongifolia* ssp. *mauiensis* and is currently unoccupied. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, sides of ridges and ridge tops in *Metrosideros polymorpha*-dominated montane forest. This unit is essential to conservation of the species because it provides for four populations within this multi-island species' historical range on Maui that are some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 17—*Clermontia oblongifolia* ssp. *mauiensis*—c

This unit is critical habitat for *Clermontia oblongifolia* ssp. *mauiensis* and is 295 ha (732 ac) on State (Honokowai Section of the West Maui NAR) and privately owned land. The unit contains Violet Lake, Amalu and Kapaloa streams, and Honokowai Valley. This unit provides habitat for two populations of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *C. oblongifolia* ssp. *mauiensis* and is currently occupied by one plant. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, sides of ridges and ridge tops in *Metrosideros polymorpha*-dominated montane forest. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population. It is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 9—*Clermontia samuelii*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Clermontia samuelii* and is 3,130 ha (7,735 ac) on State (Hana and Koolau Forest Reserve) and federally (Haleakala National Park) owned land. The unit contains Anapanapa Lake, Heleleikeoha Stream, Kawakoe Valley, and Kawaipapa Stream. This unit provides habitat for 5 populations of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *C. samuelii* and is currently occupied by 5 plants. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, wet *Metrosideros polymorpha* and *M. polymorpha-Dicranopteris linearis*

forest or wet *M. polymorpha* and *M. polymorpha-Cheirodendron trigynum* forest. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population. Although we do not believe that there is enough habitat that currently exists to reach the recovery goal of 8 to 10 populations for this island-endemic species, this unit is of an appropriate size so that each potential population important for the conservation of the species within the unit is geographically separated enough to avoid their destruction by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 13—*Colubrina oppositifolia*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Colubrina oppositifolia* and is 739 ha (1,827 ac) on State (Kanaio NAR) land. The unit contains land between Kanaio and Auwahi. This unit provides habitat for one population of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *C. oppositifolia* and is currently unoccupied. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, lowland dry and mesic forests dominated by *Diospyros sandwicensis*. This unit is essential to conservation of the species because it provides for one population within this multi-island species' historical range on Maui that is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 17—*Colubrina oppositifolia*—b

This unit is critical habitat for *Colubrina oppositifolia* and is 176 ha (435 ac) on State (Panaewa Section of the West Maui NAR) and privately owned land. The unit contains Kahoma and Kanaha Valleys and Halona Stream. This unit provides habitat for one population of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *C. oppositifolia* and is currently unoccupied. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, lowland dry and mesic forests dominated by *Diospyros sandwicensis*. This unit is essential to conservation of the species because it provides for one population within this multi-island species' historical range on Maui that is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the

species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 18—*Colubrina oppositifolia*—c

This unit is critical habitat for *Colubrina oppositifolia* and is 64 ha (155 ac) on State (West Maui Forest Reserve) and privately owned land. The unit contains Honokowai Valley. This unit provides habitat for one population of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *C. oppositifolia* and is currently occupied by one plant. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, lowland dry and mesic forests dominated by *Diospyros sandwicensis*. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population. It is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 17—*Ctenitis squamigera*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Ctenitis squamigera* and is 1,979 ha (4,890 ac) on State (West Maui Forest Reserve) and privately owned land. The unit contains Hokuula and Puu Lio summits, Nakalaloa and Poohahoahoa streams, and Kapilau Ridge. This unit provides habitat for two populations of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *C. squamigera* and is currently occupied by 30 plants. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, forest understory in *Metrosideros polymorpha* montane wet forest, mesic forest, or diverse mesic forest. This unit is essential to the conservation of the species because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population. It is some distance away from the other critical habitat for this species, in order to avoid all populations important for the conservation of the species on the island from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Maui 17—*Ctenitis squamigera*—b

This unit is critical habitat for *Ctenitis squamigera* and is 816 ha (2,018 ac) on State (Panaewa Section of the West Maui NAR and West Maui Forest Reserve) and privately owned land. The unit contains Wahikuli, Hahakea and