

subpart DDDD); EPA ICR Number 1927.03; OMB Control Number 2060-0451; expiration date January 31, 2004.

Affected Entities: Entities potentially affected by this action applies to commercial and industrial solid waste incineration units that commenced construction on or before November 30, 1999.

Abstract: Emission Guidelines for Commercial and Industrial Solid Waste Incineration Units (40 CFR part 60, subpart DDDD) were promulgated on December 1, 2000.

The emission guidelines require a one-time waste management plan, initial performance tests for 10 pollutants, annual performance testing for particulate matter, hydrogen chloride and opacity, continuous operating parameter monitoring, annual operator training, and annual reporting. Only the control plan and the waste management plan are submitted in the first 3 years after promulgation of the emission guidelines. The one-time control plan will allow the Designated Administrator to determine whether the respondent has an adequate strategy for achieving compliance with the emission guidelines by the final compliance date. The one-time waste management plan will allow the Designated Administrator to determine whether the respondent has an adequate plan for reducing and separating waste. The final compliance report notifies the Designated Administrator that the owner or operator has achieved compliance with the emission guidelines. Annual reporting allows the submitting of required information and data parameters so that any potential problems can be identified in a timely fashion.

Burden Statement: In the previously approved ICR, the estimated number of respondents for this information collection was 116 with 116 responses per year. The annual industry reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information was 9,145 hours. Therefore, each respondent must report one time per year and the average number of hours preparing each report is 79. There were no capital/startup or operation and maintenance costs associated with the continuous emission monitoring required by the previous ICR.

(8) NESHAP for Magnetic Tape Manufacturing Operations (40 CFR part 63, subpart EE); Docket ID Number OECA-2003-0022; EPA ICR Number 1678.05; OMB Control Number 2060-0326; expiration date January 31, 2004.

Affected Entities: Entities potentially affected by this action are magnetic tape manufacturing operations.

Abstract: The NESHAP standard for Magnetic Tape Manufacturing Operations was promulgated on December 15, 1994.

Owners or operators of magnetic tape manufacturing operations must make the following one-time-only reports: Notification of the date of construction or reconstruction; notification of the anticipated and actual dates of startup; notification of any physical or operational change to an existing facility which may increase the regulated pollutant emission rate; notification of the date of the initial performance test; and the results of the initial performance test. Owners or operators also are required to maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility.

Each owner or operator of an affected magnetic tape coating operation shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a monitoring device that continuously measures control device efficiency. Recordkeeping requirements include records of the freeboard ratio, compliance monitoring system (CMS) maintenance and calibration, performance tests, material balance calculation, and hazardous air pollutant (HAP) usage.

Burden Statement: In the previously approved ICR, the estimated number of respondents for this information collection was 13 with 26 responses per year. The annual industry reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information was 7,042 hours. On the average, each respondent reported two times per year and 271 hours were spent preparing each response. Reports are submitted semiannually, quarterly and on occasion. The annual reporting and recordkeeping cost burden associated with continuous emission monitoring in the previous ICR was \$89,000 of which the capital/startup costs were \$10,000 and the operation and maintenance costs were \$79,000.

(9) NESHAP for Flexible Polyurethane Foam Production (40 CFR part 63, subpart III); EPA ICR Number 1783.03; OMB Control Number 2060-0357; expiration date January 31, 2004.

Affected Entities: Entities potentially affected by this action are owners or operators of facilities that engage in the manufacture of flexible polyurethane foam products. This includes facilities making flexible polyurethane foam, rebind flexible polyurethane foam, and/or molded flexible polyurethane foam.

Abstract: The standards at 40 CFR part 63, subpart III, were promulgated on October 7, 1998. These standards require sources to choose one of several compliance options or reduce hazardous

air pollutant (HAP) emissions to below the compliance level. Sources are required to submit initial notifications, including a pre-compliance report, conduct performance tests, and submit semiannual compliance reports and annual compliance certifications. In addition, sources are required to maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility; any period during which the monitoring system is inoperative; bag leak detection system alarms, including corrective actions; and of parametric monitoring data, system maintenance and calibration. Records are to be retained two years on-site of the required total five years. These notifications, reports, and records are essential in determining compliance with the standards.

Burden Statement: In the previously approved ICR, the estimated number of respondents for this information collection was 132. However, it was estimated that approximately six existing facilities will undergo reconstruction or modification over the period of the ICR. The annual industry reporting and recordkeeping burden for the previous information collection was estimated to be 6,400 hours with a total of 143 responses per year. Therefore, each respondent reported an average of one time per year and spent about 45 hours preparing each response (includes time for recordkeeping activities).

There were no capital/startup costs and no operation and maintenance costs associated with CEM in the previous ICR. This estimate was based on the assumption that all foam production sources will elect the source-wide emission limitation, which requires no startup, capital, or operation and maintenance costs paid outside of the company.

(10) NESHAP for Mineral Wool Production (40 CFR part 63, subpart DDD); EPA ICR Number 1799.03; OMB Control Number 2060-0362; expiration date January 31, 2004.

Affected Entities: Entities potentially affected by this action are existing, new, or reconstructed mineral wool production facilities.

Abstract: The NESHAP for Mineral Wool Production (40 CFR part 63, subpart DDD) was promulgated on June 1, 1999.

The monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements outlined in the standards are similar to those required for other NESHAP standards. Plants must demonstrate compliance with the standards by monitoring their control devices and performing annual emissions testing. Respondents must