

Installation

(a) Within 3 years after the effective date of this AD, install a baulking device for the pintle pin in the NLG by accomplishing the actions specified in the Accomplishment Instructions of BAE Systems (Operations) Limited Service Bulletin ATP-32-105, dated April 9, 2002. The actions must be done per the service bulletin.

Alternative Methods of Compliance

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM-116.

Special Flight Permits

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Incorporation by Reference

(d) The actions shall be done in accordance with BAE Systems (Operations) Limited Service Bulletin ATP-32-105, dated April 9, 2002. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from British Aerospace Regional Aircraft American Support, 13850 Mclearen Road, Herndon, Virginia 20171. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in British airworthiness directive 004-04-2002.

Effective Date

(e) This amendment becomes effective on July 17, 2003.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on June 4, 2003.

Ali Bahrami,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Indian Arts and Crafts Board

25 CFR Part 309

RIN 1076-AE16

Protection of Products of Indian Art and Craftsmanship

AGENCY: Indian Arts and Crafts Board (IACB), Department of the Interior.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule implements the Indian Arts and Crafts Enforcement Act of 2000, an amendment to the Indian Arts and Crafts Act of 1990. The rule provides guidance to persons who produce, market, or purchase arts and crafts marketed as Indian products. The rule clarifies the regulatory definition of "Indian product," as defined under the Indian Arts and Crafts Act of 1990, by including specific examples of "Indian product," as well as examples of what is not an "Indian product."

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 10, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Meridith Z. Stanton, Director, Indian Arts and Crafts Board, Room 4004-MIB, 1849 C Street, NW., Washington, DC 20240, telephone 202-208-3773 (not a toll-free call), fax 202-208-5196, or e-mail iacb@os.doi.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Indian Arts and Crafts Board (IACB) was created by Congress pursuant to the Act of August 27, 1935 (49 Stat. 891; 25 U.S.C. 305 *et seq.*; 18 U.S.C. 1158-59) ("1935 Act"). The IACB is responsible for carrying out the Indian Arts and Crafts Act of 1990, promoting the development of American Indian and Alaska Native arts and crafts, improving the economic status of members of federally recognized Tribes, and helping to establish and expand marketing opportunities for arts and crafts produced by American Indians and Alaska Natives.

The Indian Arts and Crafts Act of 1990, Public Law 101-644, 104 Stat. 4662 (hereinafter the "1990 Act") is essentially a truth-in-marketing law designed to prevent, through both civil and criminal sanctions, marketing of products in a manner that falsely suggests such products are produced by Indians when the products are not, in fact, made by an Indian as defined by the 1990 Act. As used herein, "marketing" occurs when a person offers or displays for sale or sells a good. Under section 104(a) of the 1990 Act (18

U.S.C. 1159(c)(2)), "the terms 'Indian product' and 'product of a particular Indian tribe or Indian arts and crafts organization' have the meaning given such term in regulations which may be promulgated by the Secretary of the Interior."

Under the Secretary's implementing regulations for the 1990 Act, at 25 CFR part 309, prior to these amendments, the term "Indian product" was defined as:

"(1) *In general.* "Indian product" means any art or craft product made by an Indian.

"(2) *Illustrations.* The term Indian product includes, but is not limited to:

"(i) Art works that are in a traditional or non-traditional Indian style or medium;

"(ii) Crafts that are in a traditional or non-traditional Indian style or medium;

"(iii) Handcrafts, *i.e.* objects created with the help of only such devices as allow the manual skill of the maker to condition the shape and design of each individual product.

"(3) *Exclusion for products made before 1935.* The provisions of this part shall not apply to any art or craft products made before 1935."

This definition reflects the IACB's determination that "Indian product" under the 1990 Act applies to Indian arts and crafts, and not all products generally. This determination is consistent with the IACB's organic legislation enacted in 1935, the IACB's primary mission as established by Congress, and the Congressional intent of the 1990 Act. The 1935 cut-off date for products regulated by the 1990 Act is in keeping with the Congressional intent of the 1990 Act and the legislated mission of the IACB—economic growth through the development and promotion of contemporary Indian arts and crafts.

The "Indian product" definition under the 1990 Act's implementing regulations, at 25 CFR part 309, focused on the nature and Indian origin of products covered by the 1990 Act, and did not provide specific arts and crafts examples. The Indian Arts and Crafts Enforcement Act of 2000, (hereinafter the "2000 Act"), an amendment to the 1990 Act, was enacted on November 9, 2000. Under this amendment, Congress sought to strengthen the cause of action for misrepresentation of Indian arts and crafts. Section 2 of the 2000 Act directed the IACB to "promulgate regulations to include in the definition of the term 'Indian product' specific examples of such product to provide guidance to Indian artisans as well as to purveyors and consumers of Indian arts and crafts, as defined under this Act."