

considered nonviable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential to *Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa* include, but are not limited to, windswept summit ridges, slopes, or gullies in wet or sometimes mesic lowland forests or shrublands. This unit is geographically separated from the other five units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species in order to avoid all recovery populations being destroyed by one naturally-occurring catastrophic event.

Oahu 20—*Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa*—d

This unit is critical habitat for *Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa* and is 362 ha (894 ac) on Federal, State (Waiahole Forest Reserve and Kaneohe Forest Reserve), and private lands, containing Puu Kahualuli and Puu Keahiakahoe. The unit provides habitat for one population of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa* and is occupied by 28 individuals. This unit is essential to the species' conservation because it supports an extant colony and includes habitat that is necessary for the expansion of the present population, which is currently considered nonviable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential to *Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa* include, but are not limited to, windswept summit ridges, slopes, or gullies in wet or sometimes mesic lowland forests or shrublands. This unit is geographically separated from the other five units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species in order to avoid all recovery populations being destroyed by one naturally-occurring catastrophic event.

Oahu 35—*Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa*—e

This unit is critical habitat for *Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa* and is 152 ha (377 ac) on State (Honolulu Watershed Forest Reserve) lands, containing Konahuanui Summit. The unit provides habitat for one population of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa* and is occupied by 5 individuals. This unit is essential to the species' conservation because it supports an extant colony and includes habitat that is necessary for the expansion of the present population, which is currently considered nonviable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential to *Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa* include, but are not limited to, windswept summit ridges, slopes, or gullies in wet or sometimes mesic

lowland forests or shrublands. This unit is geographically separated from the other five units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species in order to avoid all recovery populations being destroyed by one naturally-occurring catastrophic event.

Oahu 35—*Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa*—f

This unit is critical habitat for *Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa* and is 213 ha (528 ac) on State (Honolulu Watershed Forest Reserve) and private lands. There are no named natural features in this unit. The unit provides habitat for one population of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa* and is occupied by 15 individuals. This unit is essential to the species' conservation because it supports an extant colony and includes habitat that is necessary for the expansion of the present population, which is currently considered nonviable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential to *Tetraplasandra gymnocarpa* include, but are not limited to, windswept summit ridges, slopes, or gullies in wet or sometimes mesic lowland forests or shrublands. This unit is geographically separated from the other five units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species in order to avoid all recovery populations being destroyed by one naturally-occurring catastrophic event.

Oahu 20—*Trematolobelia singularis*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Trematolobelia singularis* and is 86 ha (219 ac) on Federal, State (Waiahole Forest Reserve and Ewa Forest Reserve), and private lands, containing Eleao Summit. The unit provides habitat for 2 populations of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Trematolobelia singularis* and is currently unoccupied. This unit is essential to the species' conservation because it supports habitat that is necessary for the establishment of additional populations on Oahu in order to reach recovery goals. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential to *Trematolobelia singularis* include, but are not limited to, steep, windswept cliff faces or slopes in *Metrosideros polymorpha-Dicranopteris linearis* lowland wet shrubland. Although we do not believe that enough habitat currently exists to reach the recovery goal of 8 to 10 populations for this species, this unit is geographically separated from the other four units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species to avoid all

recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Oahu 20—*Trematolobelia singularis*—b

This unit is critical habitat for *Trematolobelia singularis* and is 10 ha (26 ac) on Federal, State, and private lands, containing Puu Keahiakahoe. The unit provides habitat for one population of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Trematolobelia singularis* and is occupied by 50 individuals. This unit is essential to the species' conservation because it supports an extant colony and includes habitat that is necessary for the expansion of the present population, which is currently considered nonviable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential to *Trematolobelia singularis* include, but are not limited to, steep, windswept cliff faces or slopes in *Metrosideros polymorpha-Dicranopteris linearis* lowland wet shrubland. Although we do not believe that enough habitat currently exists to reach the recovery goal of 8 to 10 populations for this species, this unit is geographically separated from the other four units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Oahu 34—*Trematolobelia singularis*—c

This unit is critical habitat for *Trematolobelia singularis* and is 2 ha (5 ac) on State (Honolulu Watershed Forest Reserve) and private lands, containing Kainawaunui Summit, Mount Olympus, Palikea Summit, and Puu Lanipo. The unit provides habitat for one population of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Trematolobelia singularis* and is currently unoccupied. This unit is essential to the species' conservation because it supports habitat that is necessary for the establishment of additional populations on Oahu in order to reach recovery goals. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential to *Trematolobelia singularis* include, but are not limited to, steep, windswept cliff faces or slopes in *Metrosideros polymorpha-Dicranopteris linearis* lowland wet shrubland. Although we do not believe that enough habitat currently exists to reach the recovery goal of 8 to 10 populations for this species, this unit is geographically separated from the other four units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species to avoid all recovery populations from being