

Country/locality	Common name	Botanical name	Plant part(s)
	Rambutan .....	<i>Nephelium lappaceum</i> .....	Fruit. (Must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by Panama's department of agriculture stating that (1) the fruit is free from <i>Coccus molestus</i> , <i>C. viridis</i> , <i>Dysmicoccus neobrevipes</i> , <i>Planococcus lilacinus</i> , <i>P. minor</i> , and <i>Pseudococcus landoi</i> ; and (2) all damaged fruit was removed from the shipment prior to export under the supervision of Panama's department of agriculture. Shipping boxes must be labeled "Not for distribution in HI, PR, VI, and Guam.")
Spain			
	Tomato .....	<i>Lycopersicon esculentum</i>	Fruit, only if it is green upon arrival in the United States (pink or red fruit may only be imported from Almeria Province, Murcia Province, or the municipalities of Albuñol and Carchuna in Granada Province and only in accordance with § 319.56–2dd of this subpart).

\* \* \* \* \*

■ 19. In § 319.56–2u, paragraph (b)(7) is revised and new paragraphs (b)(8) and (b)(9) and an OMB citation are added to read as follows:

**§ 319.56–2u Conditions governing the entry of lettuce and peppers from Israel.**

(b) \* \* \*

(7) Prior to movement from approved insect-proof screenhouses in the Arava Valley, the peppers must be packed in either individual insect-proof cartons or in non-insect-proof cartons that are covered by insect-proof mesh or plastic tarpaulins; covered non-insect-proof cartons must be placed in shipping containers.

(8) The packaging safeguards required by paragraph (b)(7) of this section must remain intact at all times during the movement of the peppers to the United States and must be intact upon arrival of the peppers in the United States.

(9) Each shipment of peppers must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the Israeli national plant protection organization stating that the conditions of paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(7) of this section have been met.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0210)

■ 20. In § 319.56–2v, paragraph (a)(1) is revised to read as follows:

**§ 319.56–2v Conditions governing the entry of citrus from Australia.**

(a) \* \* \*

(1) The Riverland district of South Australia, defined as the county of Hamley; the geographical subdivisions, called hundreds, of Bookpurnong, Cadell, Eba, Fisher, Forster, Gordon, Hay, Holder, Katarapko, Loveday, Markaranka, Morook, Murbko, Murtho,

Nildottie, Paisley, Parcoola, Paringa, Pooginook, Pyap, Ridley, Skurray, Stuart, and Waikerie; and the Parish of Onley of the Shire of Mildura, Victoria;

\* \* \* \* \*

■ 21. Section 319.56–2x is amended as follows:

■ a. In paragraph (a), the table is amended by adding, in alphabetical order, under China, an entry for longan; a new entry for Colombia; under Nicaragua, an entry for yard-long-bean; and under Spain, an entry for persimmon to read as set forth below.

■ b. By revising paragraph (b) to read as set forth below.

**§ 319.56–2x Administrative instructions; conditions governing the entry of certain fruits and vegetables for which treatment is required.**

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(a) \* \* \*

Country/locality	Common name	Botanical name	Plant part(s)
China			
Colombia	Longan .....	<i>Dimocarpus longan</i> .....	Fruit.
	Cape gooseberry .....	<i>Physalis peruviana</i> .....	Fruit.
	Yellow pitaya .....	<i>Selenicereus megalanthus</i> .....	Fruit.
Nicaragua			
	Yard-long-bean .....	<i>Vigna unguiculata</i> .....	Pod.