

Family Urticaceae: *Neraudia ovata* (NCN)

Hawaii 10—*Neraudia ovata*—a and Hawaii 18—*Neraudia ovata*—d, identified in the legal descriptions in paragraph (k) of this section, constitute critical habitat for *Neraudia ovata* on Hawaii. Within these units, the currently known primary constituent elements of critical habitat include, but are not limited to, the habitat components provided by:

(i) Open *Metrosideros polymorpha-Sophora chrysophylla* dominated lowlands, montane dry forests, or *Metrosideros*-shrub woodland, and containing one or more of the following associated native plant species: *Bidens micrantha* ssp. *ctenophylla*, *Capparis sandwichiana*, *Cocculus orbiculatus*, *Fimbristylis hawaiiensis*, *Myoporum sandwicense*, *Myrsine lanaiensis*, *Myrsine lessertiana*, *Nothocestrum breviflorum*, *Pleomele hawaiiensis*, or *Reynoldsia sandwicensis*; and

(ii) Elevations between 28 and 1,526 m (93 to 5,005 ft).

Family Violaceae: *Isodendron hosakae* (aupaka)

Hawaii 4—*Isodendron hosakae*—a, Hawaii 4—*Isodendron hosakae*—b, Hawaii 4—*Isodendron hosakae*—c, Hawaii 4—*Isodendron hosakae*—d, Hawaii 4—*Isodendron hosakae*—e, and Hawaii 4—*Isodendron hosakae*—f, identified in the legal descriptions in paragraph (k) of this section, constitute critical habitat for *Isodendron hosakae* on Hawaii. Within these units, the currently known primary constituent elements of critical habitat include, but are not limited to, the habitat components provided by:

(i) Cinder cones with montane dry shrubland and containing one or more of the following associated native plant species: *Bidens menziesii*, *Dodonaea viscosa*, *Dubautia linearis*, *Leptecophylla tameiameia*, *Melanthera venosa*, *Osteomeles anthyllidifolia*, *Santalum ellipticum*, *Sophora chrysophylla*, or *Wikstroemia pulcherrima*; and

(ii) Elevations between 717 and 1,242 m (2,352 and 4,074 ft).

Family Violaceae: *Isodendron pyriforme* (wahine noho kula)

Hawaii 12—*Isodendron pyriforme*—a and Hawaii 13—*Isodendron pyriforme*—b, identified in the legal descriptions in paragraph (k) of this section, constitute critical habitat for *Isodendron pyriforme* on Hawaii. Within these units, the currently known primary constituent elements of critical habitat include, but are not limited to, the habitat components provided by:

(i) Lowland dry forests containing one or more of the following native plant species: *Myoporum sandwicense*, *Psydrax odorata*, *Sida fallax*, *Sophora chrysophylla*, or *Waltheria indica*; and

(ii) Elevations between 29 and 128 m (94 and 420 ft).

(2) *Ferns and allies.*

Family Aspleniaceae: *Asplenium fragile* var. *insulare* (NCN)

Hawaii 24—*Asplenium fragile* var. *insulare*—a, identified in the legal description in paragraph (k) of this section, constitutes critical habitat for *Asplenium fragile* var. *insulare* on Hawaii. Within this unit, the currently known primary constituent elements of critical habitat include, but are not limited to, the habitat components provided by:

(i) *Metrosideros polymorpha* dry montane forest; *Dodonaea viscosa* dry montane shrubland; *Myoporum sandwicense-Sophora chrysophylla* dry montane forest; *Metrosideros polymorpha-Acacia koa* forest; or subalpine dry forest and shrubland with large, moist lava tubes (3.05 to 4.6 m (10 to 15 ft) in diameter), pits, deep cracks, and lava tree molds that have at least a moderate soil or ash accumulation or that are at the interface between younger aa lava flows and much older pahoehoe lava or ash deposits with a fairly consistent microhabitat (areas that are moist and dark); and containing one or more of the following associated native plant species: *Leptecophylla tameiameia*, *Phyllostegia ambigua*, *Vaccinium reticulatum*, mosses, or liverworts; and

(ii) Elevations between 1,313 and 2,194 m (4,306 and 7,198 ft).

Family Aspleniaceae: *Diellia erecta* (asplenium-leaved diellia)

Hawaii 17—*Diellia erecta*—a and Hawaii 18—*Diellia erecta*—b, identified in the legal descriptions in paragraph (k) of this section, constitute critical habitat for *Diellia erecta* on Hawaii. Within these units, the currently known primary constituent elements of critical habitat include, but are not limited to, the habitat components provided by:

(i) *Metrosideros polymorpha-Nestegis sandwicensis* lowland mesic forest containing one or more of the following associated native plant species:

Antidesma platyphyllum, *A. pulvinatum*, *Diospyros sandwicensis*, *Microlepia* sp., *Nephrolepis* spp. *Nestegis sandwicensis*, *Psydrax odorata*, *Wikstroemia phillyreifolia*, or *Wikstroemia sandwicensis*; and

(ii) Elevations between 510 and 981 m (1,672 and 3,217 ft).

Family Grammitidaceae: *Adenophorus periens* (pendent kihi fern)

Hawaii 28—*Adenophorus periens*—a, identified in the legal description in paragraph (k) of this section, constitutes critical habitat for *Adenophorus periens* on Hawaii. Within this unit, the currently known primary constituent elements of critical habitat include but are not limited to, the habitat components provided by:

(i) Epiphytic on *Metrosideros polymorpha* or *Ilex anomala*, or possibly other native tree trunks, in *Metrosideros polymorpha-Cibotium glaucum* lowland wet forest containing one or more of the following associated native plant species: *Broussasia arguta*, *Cheirodendron trigynum*, *Cyanea* sp., *Cyrtandra* sp., *Dicranopteris linearis*, *Freycinetia arborea*, *Hedyotis terminalis*, *Labordia hirtella*, *Machaerina angustifolia*, *Psychotria hawaiiensis*, or *Psychotria* sp.; and

(ii) Elevations between 675 and 921 m (2,215 and 3,021 ft).

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Paul Hoffman,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.

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