

This notice is being published less than 15 days prior to the meeting due to the timing limitations imposed by the review and funding cycle.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.306, Comparative Medicine; 93.333, Clinical Research, 93.306, 93.333, 93.337, 93.393–93.396, 93.837–93.844, 93.846–93.878, 93.892, 93.893, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: August 8, 2003.

LaVerne Y. Stringfield,
Director, Office of Federal Advisory
Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 03–21210 Filed 8–18–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

Open Meeting of the Federal Interagency Committee on Emergency Medical Services (FICEMS)

AGENCY: Federal Emergency
Management Agency (FEMA).

ACTION: Notice of open meeting.

SUMMARY: FEMA announces the
following open meeting.

Name: Federal Interagency Committee
on Emergency Medical Services
(FICEMS).

Date of Meeting: September 4, 2003.

Place: Building S, Room 113, National
Emergency Training Center (NETC),
16825 South Seton Avenue,
Emmitsburg, Maryland 21727.

Times: 9 a.m.—FICEMS Ambulance
Safety Subcommittee; 10:30 a.m.—Main
FICEMS Meeting; 1 p.m.—FICEMS
Counter-Terrorism Subcommittee.

Proposed Agenda: Review and
submission for approval of previous
FICEMS Committee Meeting Minutes;
Ambulance Safety Subcommittee and
Counter-terrorism Subcommittee report;
Action Items review; presentation of
member agency reports; and reports of
other interested parties. There will be an
optional briefing following the
afternoon meeting.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This
meeting will be open to the public with
limited seating available on a first-come,
first-served basis. See the Response and
Security Procedures below.

Response Procedures: Committee
Members and members of the general
public who plan to attend the meeting
should contact Ms. Patti Roman, on or
before Tuesday, September 2, 2003, via
mail at NATEK Incorporated, 21355
Ridgetop Circle, Suite 200, Dulles,
Virginia 20166–8503, or by telephone at

(703) 674–0190, or via facsimile at (703)
674–0195, or via e-mail at
proman@natekinc.com. This is
necessary to be able to create and
provide a current roster of visitors to
NETC Security per directives.

Security Procedures: Increased
security controls and surveillance are in
effect at the National Emergency
Training Center. All visitors must have
a valid picture identification card and
their vehicles will be subject to search
by Security personnel. All visitors will
be issued a visitor pass, which must be
worn at all times while on campus.
Please allow adequate time before the
meeting to complete the security
process.

Conference Call Capabilities: If you
are not able to attend in person, a toll
free number has been set up for
teleconferencing. The toll free number
will be available from 9 a.m. until 4
p.m. Members should call in around 9
a.m. The number is 1–800–320–4330.
The FICEMS conference code is “10.” If
you plan to call in, you should just enter
the number “10”—no need to hit any
other buttons, such as the star or pound
keys.

FICEMS Meeting Minutes: Minutes of
the meeting will be prepared and will be
available upon request 30 days after
they have been approved at the next
FICEMS Committee Meeting on
December 4, 2003. The minutes will
also be posted on the United States Fire
Administration Web site at [http://
www.usfa.fema.gov/ems/ficems.htm](http://www.usfa.fema.gov/ems/ficems.htm)
within 30 days after their approval at
the December 4, 2003 FICEMS
Committee Meeting.

Dated: August 12, 2003.

R. David Paulison,
U.S. Fire Administrator.

[FR Doc. 03–21150 Filed 8–18–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6718–08–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Bureau of Customs and Border Protection

Notice of Issuance of Final Determination Concerning Fiber Optic Cable Products

AGENCY: Customs and Border Protection,
Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Notice of final determination.

SUMMARY: This document provides
notice that the Bureau of Customs and
Border Protection (CBP) has issued a
final determination concerning the
country of origin of certain fiber optic
cable products to be offered to the

United States Government under an
undesignated government procurement
contract. The final determination found
that based upon the facts presented, the
countries of origin of products referred
to as Glass, Glass Polymer patch cords,
Fiber Interconnect Product cable
assemblies and Multimode (ST MM)
epoxy connectors are the United States,
the United States, and Japan,
respectively.

DATES: The final determination was
issued on August 11, 2003. A copy of
the final determination is attached. Any
party-at-interest, as defined in 19 CFR
177.22(d), may seek judicial review of
this final determination within 30 days
of August 19, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Craig Walker, Special Classification and
Marking Branch, Office of Regulations
and Rulings (202–572–8836).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is
hereby given that on August 11, 2003,
pursuant to Subpart B of Part 177,
Customs Regulations (19 CFR part 177,
subpart B), CBP issued a final
determination concerning the country of
origin of certain fiber optic cable
products to be offered to the United
States Government under an
undesignated government procurement
contract. The CBP ruling number is HQ
562754. This final determination was
issued at the request of 3M Company
under procedures set forth at 19 CFR
part 177, subpart B, which implements
Title III of the Trade Agreements Act of
1979, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2511–18).

The final determination concluded
that, based upon the facts presented, the
assembly in China of U.S.-origin fiber
optic cable and Chinese-origin
connectors to create Glass, Glass
Polymer (“GGP”) patch cords does not
result in a substantial transformation of
the components into a product of China.
Therefore, the country of origin of the
product is the United States. The final
determination also concluded that
neither the assembly in China of a
Japanese-origin ceramic ferrule with
U.S.-origin components to create
connectors nor the subsequent assembly
in China of the connectors with U.S.-
origin fiber optic cable to produce Fiber
Interconnect Product (“FIP”) cable
assemblies results in a substantial
transformation of the components into
products of China. Accordingly, the
origin of the FIB cable assemblies is the
United States. Finally, the final
determination concluded that the
assembly in China of a Japanese-origin
ceramic ferrule with U.S., Canadian and
Chinese components to produce
Multimode (ST MM) epoxy connectors
does not result in a substantial