

TABLE 3.—CLASSIFICATIONS WITHIN THE EHE INFORMATION ON THE LOCATION OF MUNITIONS DATA ELEMENT—
Continued

Classification	Description	Score
Confirmed, subsurface, active	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical evidence indicates the presence of UXO or DMM in the subsurface of the MRS and the geological conditions at the MRS are likely to cause UXO or DMM to be exposed in the future by naturally occurring phenomena (e.g., drought, flooding, erosion, frost, heat heave, tidal action), or there are on-going intrusive activities (e.g., plowing, construction, dredging) at the MRS that are likely to expose UXO or DMM. Historical evidence indicates that UXO or DMM are located in the subsurface of the MRS and the geological conditions at the MRS are likely to cause UXO or DMM to be exposed in the future by naturally occurring phenomena (e.g., drought, flooding, erosion, frost, heat heave, tidal action), or there are on-going intrusive activities (e.g., plowing, construction, dredging) at the MRS that are likely to expose UXO or DMM. 	20
Confirmed subsurface, stable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical evidence indicates the presence of UXO or DMM in the subsurface of the MRS and the geological conditions at the MRS are not likely to cause UXO or DMM to be exposed in the future by naturally occurring phenomena, or there are no intrusive activities occurring at the MRS that are likely to either occur, or if the activities do occur, are likely to cause UXO or DMM to be exposed. Historical evidence indicates that UXO or DMM are located in the subsurface of the MRS and the geological conditions at the MRS are not likely to cause UXO or DMM to be exposed in the future by naturally occurring phenomena, or there are no intrusive activities occurring at the MRS that are likely to either occur, or if the activities do occur, are likely to cause UXO or DMM to be exposed. 	15
Suspected (physical physical evidence)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is physical evidence other than the documented presence of UXO or DMM, indicating that UXO or DMM may be present at the MRS. 	10
Suspected (historical evidence)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is historical evidence indicating that UXO or DMM may be present at the MRS. 	5
Subsurface, physical constraint	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is physical or historical evidence indicating the UXO or DMM may be present in the subsurface, but there is a physical constraint (e.g., pavement, water depth over 120 feet) preventing direct access to the UXO or DMM. 	2
Small arms (regardless of location)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The presence of small arms ammunitions is confirmed or suspected, regardless of other factors such as geological stability. There must be evidence that no other types of munitions (e.g., grenades) were used or are present at the MRS to include it in this category. 	1
Evidence of no munitions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Following investigation of the MRS, there is physical evidence there are no UXO or DMM present or there is historical evidence indicating that no UXO or DMM are present. 	0

Notes:

- Historical evidence means that the investigation: (1) Found written documents or records, or (2) documented interviews of persons with knowledge of site conditions, or (3) found and verified other forms of information.
- Physical evidence means: (1) Recorded observations from on-site investigations, such as finding intact UXO or DMM, or components, fragments, or other pieces of military munitions, or (2) the results of field or laboratory sampling and analysis procedures, or (3) the results of geo-physical investigations.
- In the subsurface means the munition (i.e., a DMM or UXO) is (1) entirely beneath the ground surface, or (2) fully submerged in a water body.
- On the surface means the munition (i.e., a DMM or UXO) is: (1) entirely or partially exposed above the ground surface, or (2) entirely or partially exposed above the surface of a water body (e.g., as a result of tidal activity).
- The term small arms ammunition means solid projectile ammunition that is .50 caliber or smaller and shotgun shells.

The *Ease of Access* data element focuses on the means for a receptor to encounter a munition based on the extent of controls preventing access or entry to the MRS. Both natural obstacles (e.g., dense vegetation, rugged terrain, water) and man-made controls (e.g.,

fencing) are considered in this analysis. DoD initially deliberated over numerous data elements and associated definitions to best capture these conditions. DoD found the conditions within this data element difficult to capture, especially for large MRS that have not been fully

characterized and have varying conditions across the MRS (e.g., short grass and dense swamp).

The classifications, the definition for each classification, and associated numerical scores for the *Ease of Access* element are presented in Table 4.

TABLE 4.—CLASSIFICATIONS WITHIN THE EHE EASE OF ACCESS DATA ELEMENT

Classification	Description	Score
No barrier	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is no barrier preventing access to all parts of the MRS (i.e., all parts of the MRS are accessible). 	10
Barrier to MRS access is incomplete	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is a barrier preventing access to parts of the MRS but not the entire MRS ... 	8
Barrier to MRS access is complete but not monitored.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is a barrier preventing access to all parts of the MRS, but there is no surveillance (e.g., by a guard) to ensure that the barrier is effectively preventing access to all parts of the MRS. 	5