

TABLE 3.—U.S. IMPORTS OF LIVE SWINE

Swine (by HS 6-digit category)		1998	1999	2000	2001
Pure-bred (HS-010310) <sup>1</sup>	Quantity (swine)	415	594	4,585	22,178
	Value	\$70,000	\$182,000	\$1,117,000	\$5,080,000
Non-pure-bred category A (HS-010391) <sup>2</sup>	Quantity (metric tons)	20,383	29,978	2,336,048	42,276
	Value	\$38,993,000	\$51,200,000	\$72,285,000	\$103,168,000
Non-pure-bred category B (HS-010392) <sup>3</sup>	Quantity (metric tons)	318,246	259,024	2,016,931	280,621
	Value	\$249,787,000	\$175,100,000	\$217,977,000	\$249,754,000
Total value		\$288,850,000	\$226,482,000	\$291,379,000	\$358,002,000

<sup>1</sup> Imported from Canada, Denmark, and United Kingdom.

<sup>2</sup> Imported from Canada, Denmark, and Australia.

<sup>3</sup> Imported from Canada, Denmark, Norway, Australia, and United Kingdom.

Source: FAS Global Agricultural Trade System using data from the UN Statistical Office.

TABLE 4.—CHILEAN EXPORTS OF LIVE SWINE

Swine (by HS 6-digit category)		1998	1999	2000	2001
Pure-bred (HS-010310)	Quantity (metric tons)	95	unknown	unknown	unknown
	Value	\$759,000	\$688,000	\$1,126,000	\$1,132,000
Non-pure-bred category A (HS-010391)	Quantity (metric tons)	0	unknown	0	0
	Value	0	\$25,000	0	0
Non-pure-bred category B (HS-010392)	Quantity (metric tons)	30	unknown	0	0
	Value	\$44,000	\$45,000	0	0
Total value		\$803,000	\$758,000	\$1,126,000	\$1,132,000

Source: FAS Global Agricultural Trade System using data from the UN Statistical Office.

### Economic Effects on Small Entities

The Regulatory Flexibility Act requires that agencies consider the economic effects of their rules on small entities. Domestic swine producers and processors of pork and pork products, as well as brokers, agents and others in the United States who would become involved in any future importation and sale of swine, pork, and pork products from Chile, are most likely to be directly affected by the proposed change to Chile's CSF status. The number and size of the entities that might become involved in any future importation and sale of swine (or products) from Chile is unknown. However, it is reasonable to assume that most would be small, based on the Small Business Administration's standards, since most businesses are classified as small under those standards.

From an economic standpoint, the proposed change in Chile's CSF status should have little or no effect on domestic entities in the United States. This is because exports from Chile in quantities sufficient to have a significant effect on the U.S. market are unlikely. We do not anticipate that any U.S. entities, small or otherwise, will experience any significant economic effects as a result of this action.

Under these circumstances, the Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service has determined that this action would not

have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

### Executive Order 12988

This proposed rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. If this proposed rule is adopted: (1) All State and local laws and regulations that are inconsistent with this rule will be preempted; (2) no retroactive effect will be given to this rule; and (3) administrative proceedings will not be required before parties may file suit in court challenging this rule.

### Paperwork Reduction Act

In accordance with section 3507(d) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the information collection or recordkeeping requirements included in this proposed rule have been submitted for approval to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). Please send written comments to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, Attention: Desk Officer for APHIS, Washington, DC 20503. Please state that your comments refer to Docket No. 03-009-1. Please send a copy of your comments to: (1) Docket No. 03-009-1, Regulatory Analysis and Development, PPD, APHIS, Station 3C71, 4700 River Road Unit 118, Riverdale, MD 20737-1238, and (2) Clearance Officer, OCIO, USDA, room 404-W, 14th Street and Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20250. A comment to

OMB is best assured of having its full effect if OMB receives it within 30 days of publication of this proposed rule.

This proposed rule would recognize Chile as free of CSF and add certification requirements for live swine, pork, and pork products imported into the United States from Chile to ensure their freedom from CSF.

We are soliciting comments from the public (as well as affected agencies) concerning our proposed information collection and recordkeeping requirements. These comments will help us:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed information collection is necessary for the proper performance of our agency's functions, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of our estimate of the burden of the proposed information collection, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the information collection on those who are to respond (such as through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology; e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses).

*Estimate of burden:* Public reporting burden for this collection of information