

amended as follows: On page 1466, first column, under Section G. Submission and Deadline, paragraph one should read: For conferences May 15, 2003–September 30, 2004. Also on page 1466, first column, under Section G. Deadline, paragraph three, should read: If your conference dates fall between October 1, 2002 and May 14, 2003; and paragraph four, should read: May 15, 2003 to September 30, 2004.

Dated: January 31, 2003.

Sandra R. Manning,

CGFM, Director, Procurement and Grants Office Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

Citizens Advisory Committee; Public Health Service Activities and Research at Department of Energy Sites

Citizens Advisory Committee on Public Health Service (PHS) Activities and Research at Department of Energy (DOE) Sites: Oak Ridge Reservation Health Effects Subcommittee (ORRHES): the meeting originally planned for February 10, 2003, has been postponed until March 3, 2003.

The items originally scheduled for discussion on February 10th will be presented and discussed when the subcommittee meets in Oak Ridge on March 3, 2003.

Contact Person for More Information: La Freta Dalton, Designated Federal Official, or Marilyn Palmer, Committee Management Specialist, Division of Health Assessment and Consultation, ATSDR, 1600 Clifton Road, NE., M/S E–54, Atlanta, Georgia 30333, telephone 1–888–42–ATSDR (28737), fax (404) 498–1744.

The Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, has been delegated

the authority to sign **Federal Register** notices pertaining to announcements of meetings and other committee management activities, for both the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

Dated: February 3, 2003.

Burma Burch,

Acting Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30DAY–27–03]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 498–1210. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer, Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

Proposed Project: Exposure to Aerosolized Brevetoxins During Red Tide Events (OMB No. 0920–0494)—Extension—National Center for Environmental Health (NCEH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Gymnodinium breve is the marine dinoflagellate responsible for extensive blooms (called “red tides”) that form in the Gulf of Mexico. *G. breve* produces potent toxins, called brevetoxins, that have been responsible for killing

millions of fish and other marine organisms. The biochemical activity of brevetoxins is not completely understood and there is very little information regarding human health effects from environmental exposures, such as inhaling brevetoxin that has been aerosolized and swept onto the coast by offshore winds. CDC, National Center for Environmental Health is planning to recruit 100 people who work along the coast of Florida and who potentially will be occupationally exposed to aerosolized red tide toxins some time during the year following recruitment. We plan to administer a base-line respiratory health questionnaire and conduct pre- and post-shift pulmonary function tests during a time when there is no red tide reported near the area. When a red tide develops, we plan to administer a symptom survey and conduct pulmonary function testing (PFT) on a group of study participants who are working in the area where the red tide is near shore and on a control group of study participants who are not working in an area where the red tide is near shore (*i.e.*, are not exposed to the red tide). We will then compare (1) symptom reports before and during the red tide and (2) the changes in baseline PFT values during the work shift (differences between pre- and post-shift PFT results without exposure to red tide) with the changes in PFT values during the work shift when individuals are exposed to red tide.

In addition, we plan to assist in collecting biological specimens (inflammatory cells from nose and throat swabs) to assess whether they can be used to verify exposure and to demonstrate a biological effect (*i.e.*, inflammatory response) from exposure to red tide. We have collected part of the data, but, because we are dealing with natural phenomena and are subject literally to the tides, we must extend our data collection time for an additional two years. The estimated annualized burden is 206 hours.

Respondents	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
Pulmonary History Questionnaire	20	1	20/60
Spirometry	20	20	20/60
Nasal and Throat Swabs	20	20	5/60
Symptom Questionnaire	20	20	5/60