

advisory body composed of scientists from the public and private sectors who provide primary scientific oversight and peer review to the NTP. Specifically, the Board advises the NTP on matters of scientific program content, both present and future, and conducts periodic review of the program for the purpose of determining and advising on the scientific merit of its activities and overall scientific quality.

The Technical Reports Review Subcommittee of the Board provides scientific peer review of the findings

and conclusions of NTP Technical Reports. The Report on Carcinogens Subcommittee of the Board provides scientific peer review of nominations to the Report on Carcinogens, a Congressionally mandated listing of agents known or reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogens.

The Board's members are selected from recognized authorities knowledgeable in fields, such as toxicology, pharmacology, pathology, biochemistry, epidemiology, risk assessment, carcinogenesis,

mutagenesis, molecular biology, behavioral toxicology, neurotoxicology, immunotoxicology, reproductive toxicology or teratology, and biostatistics. The NTP strives for equitable geographic distribution and for minority and female representation on the Board.

Dated: November 17, 2003.

Samuel H. Wilson,

Deputy Director, National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences.

NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM (NTP) TECHNICAL REPORTS TENTATIVELY SCHEDULED FOR REVIEW BY THE NTP BOARD OF SCIENTIFIC COUNSELORS TECHNICAL REPORTS REVIEW SUBCOMMITTEE ON FEBRUARY 17–18, 2004 AT THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES, RESEARCH TRIANGLE PARK, NC

Chemical/CAS No.	Report No.	Primary uses	Route and exposure levels	Review order
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo- <i>p</i> -dioxin (TCDD)/1746–01–6.	TR 521	By-product of combustion and smelting.	Two-year study by inclusion in the diet at 3–100 ng/kg to female Sprague Dawley rats.	1
3,3',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl (PCB 126)/57465–28–8.	TR 520	Insulating fluid	Two-year study by inclusion in the diet at 10–100 ng/kg to female Sprague Dawley rats.	2
2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran (PeCDF)/57117–31–4.	TR 525	By-product of incineration and combustion.	Two-year study by inclusion in the diet at 3–100 ng/kg to female Sprague Dawley rats.	3
Mixture of PCB 126, TCDD, and PeCDF	TR 526	By-products of combustion, smelting and incineration.	Two-year study by inclusion in the diet at concentrations based on their toxic equivalency factors to female Sprague Dawley rats.	4
Malachite Green/569–64–2 and Leucomalachite Green/129–73–7.	TR 527	Dye and antifungal agent for fish.	Two-year study of Malachite Green by inclusion in the diet to female rats (100–600 ppm) and to male and female mice (100–450 ppm). Two-year study of Leucomalachite Green by inclusion in the diet to male and female rats (91 to 543 ppm) and to female mice (100–450 ppm).	5
Anthraquinone/84–65–1*	TR 494	Intermediate in dye synthesis	Two-year study by inclusion in the diet to male and female rats (469–3,750 ppm) and to male and female mice (833–7,500 ppm).	6
1. 1,2,3-Trichloropropane/96–18–4	TR 528	2. Paint and varnish Remover.	Exposure by aquarium water to Medaka and Guppy	7
2. 2,2,3-Bis(bromomethyl)-1,3-propanediol/3296–90–0.		3. Flame retardant.		
3. Nitromethane/75–52–5		3. Fuel additive, synthesis intermediate and solvent.		

*The draft NTP Technical Report on Anthraquinone was previously peer reviewed by the Subcommittee in May 1999. Subsequent to that peer review, the anthraquinone tested was found to contain a 0.1% contaminant. As a result, additional mutagenicity and metabolism studies were conducted and the findings from those studies are included in the revised draft report. The Subcommittee will evaluate the results from the follow-up studies, use that information to re-examine the carcinogenicity findings from the 2-year studies and make a recommendation on the carcinogenicity of anthraquinone.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Notice of Availability of the Post-Delisting Monitoring Plan for the American Peregrine Falcon (*Falco peregrinus anatum*)

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of document availability.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, announce the availability of the post-delisting monitoring plan for the American Peregrine Falcon (*Falco peregrinus anatum*). This plan is titled, "Monitoring Plan for the American

Peregrine Falcon, A Species Recovered Under the Endangered Species Act" (Monitoring Plan). The American peregrine falcon was removed from the List of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants in August 1999 due to its recovery. The Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended in 1988 (Act) (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*), requires that we implement a system, in cooperation with the States, to monitor effectively for at least 5 years, the status of all species that have recovered and no longer need the protection of the Act.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the Monitoring Plan are available by request from Michael Green, Migratory Birds and State Programs, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 911 NE. 11th Ave, Portland, OR 97232. Requests may also be made via fax at 503–231–2019, or via telephone at 503–231–6164. This Monitoring Plan is also available on the World Wide Web

at <http://migratorybirds.fws.gov> and <http://endangered.fws.gov/>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael Green, Migratory Birds and State Programs, at the above address, at michael_green@fws.gov, or at 503–231–6164.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The American peregrine falcon occurs throughout much of North America, from the subarctic boreal forests of Alaska and Canada south to Mexico. American peregrine falcons nest from central Alaska, central Yukon Territory, and northern Alberta and Saskatchewan, east to the Maritime Provinces, and south (excluding coastal areas north of the Columbia River in Washington and British Columbia) throughout western Canada and the United States to Baja California, Sonora,