

comparable death benefit calculated under the PSOB Program in the same fiscal year as the year in which the death benefit under the standard calculation is paid under this Program (without regard to any reduction under the PSOB Program attributable to a limitation in appropriations), reduced by the total amount of benefits for lost employment income paid under this Program to the deceased person during his or her lifetime and to his or her estate after death.

(2) No death benefit will be paid under the standard calculation if a death benefit has been paid, or if survivors are eligible to receive a death benefit, under the PSOB Program with respect to the deceased person.

(3) No death benefit will be paid under the standard calculation if a disability benefit has been paid under the PSOB Program with respect to the deceased person. However, if the PSOB Program disability benefit paid was reduced because of a limitation on appropriations, a death benefit will be available under the standard calculation to the extent necessary to ensure that the total amount of disability benefits paid under the PSOB Program, together with the amount of death benefits paid under the standard calculation, equals the amount of the death benefit described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

(4) Death benefits will be paid under the standard calculation in a lump sum.

(d) *Alternative calculation of death benefits available to surviving dependents younger than the age of 18.* If a deceased smallpox vaccine recipient or vaccinia contact had at least one dependent who is younger than the age of 18 (and will be younger than the age of 18 at the time of the payment), the legal guardian(s) of all such dependents may request benefits under the alternative calculation described in this paragraph. To receive such a benefit, the legal guardian, on behalf of all such dependents for whom he or she is the legal guardian, must file a selection to receive benefits under the alternative calculation, as described in paragraph (d)(1) of this section. If multiple dependents have different legal guardians, each legal guardian is responsible for requesting benefits under the standard calculation or for filing a selection for a death benefit under the alternative calculation. If a single dependent has more than one legal guardian, one legal guardian may file the selection. Payments made under the alternative calculation will be made to the legal guardian(s) of all of the dependents on behalf of all of those

dependents until they reach the age of 18.

(1) *Selection of benefits under alternative calculation.* Before a payment of a death benefit will be approved under the alternative calculation, the legal guardian(s) of the dependents for whom he or she is the legal guardian must file a written selection, on behalf of all such dependents, to receive a death benefit under the alternative calculation. If such a selection is approved by the Secretary, these dependents will be paid a proportionate share of the death benefit under the alternative calculation in place of the proportionate share of benefits that would otherwise be available to them under the standard calculation.

(2) *Amount of payments.* The maximum death benefit available under this paragraph is 75% of the deceased person's income (including income from self-employment) at the time he or she sustained the covered injury that resulted in death, adjusted to account for inflation (as appropriate), except as follows:

(A) The maximum payment of death benefits that may be made on behalf of the aggregate of the dependents in any one year is \$50,000;

(B) All payments made under this paragraph will stop once the youngest of the dependents reaches the age of 18.

(3) *Reductions for other coverage.* The total amount of death benefits provided under the alternative calculation will be reduced so that the total amount of payments made (or expected to be made) under obligations described in paragraph (d)(3)(A) of this section, together with the death benefits paid under the alternative calculation, is not greater than the amount of payments described in paragraph (d)(2) of this section. In other words, the total amount of death benefits paid to dependents under the alternative calculation may be reduced if third-party payors have paid (or are expected to pay) for certain benefits so that such dependents will receive a total sum (combining the death benefit paid under the alternative calculation and the actual and expected benefits paid for by third-party payors) that is not greater than the death benefit that would be available under the alternative calculation if no third-party payor existed to pay such benefits.

(A) The amount of death benefits paid under the alternative calculation will be reduced for all payments made, or expected to be made in the future, by any third-party payor for:

(i) Compensation for the deceased person's loss of employment income on

behalf of the dependents or their legal guardian(s);

(ii) Disability, retirement, or death benefits in relation to the deceased person (including, but not limited to, death and disability benefits under the PSOB Program) on behalf of the dependents or their legal guardian(s); and

(iii) Life insurance benefits on behalf of the dependents.

(B) In calculating such reductions, the Secretary will deem any lump-sum payment made by a third-party payor under any obligation described in paragraph (d)(3)(A) of this section, as received over a period of years, rather than in a single year. The Secretary has discretion as to how to apportion such payments over multiple years.

(4) *Timing of payments.* Payments made under this paragraph will be made on an annual basis, beginning at the time of the initial payment, to the legal guardian(s) on behalf of the aggregate of the dependents receiving the payment. In the year in which the youngest dependent reaches the age of 18, payments under this section will be paid on a pro rata basis for the period of time before that dependent reaches the age of 18. Once a dependent reaches the age of 18, the payments under this alternative calculation will no longer be made on his or her behalf. Because payments under the alternative calculation are to be made on behalf of dependents who are younger than the age of 18, if a dependent meets this requirement at the time of filing of the Request Form, but reaches the age of 18 (or is older than 18 years of age) at the time of the initial payment, no payment will be made to the dependent's legal guardian on his or her behalf under the alternative calculation.

§ 102.83 Payment of all benefits.

(a) The Secretary may pay any benefits under this Program through lump-sum payments. If the Secretary determines that there is a reasonable likelihood that the payments of medical benefits, benefits for lost employment income, or death benefits paid under the alternative calculation (described in § 102.82(d)) will be required for a period in excess of one year from the date the Secretary determines the requester is eligible for such benefits, the Secretary may make a lump-sum payment, purchase an annuity or medical insurance policy, or execute an appropriate structured settlement agreement, provided that such payment, annuity, policy, or agreement is actuarially determined to have a value equal to the present value of the projected total amount of benefits that