

157.215(a) specifies the calendar year dollar limit which may be expended on underground storage testing and development (Table II) authorized under the blanket certificate. Section 157.208(d) requires that the "limits specified in Tables I and II shall be adjusted each calendar year to reflect the 'GDP implicit price deflator' published by the Department of Commerce for the previous calendar year."

Pursuant to § 375.308(x)(1) of the Commission's Regulations, the authority for the publication of such cost limits, as adjusted for inflation, is delegated to the Director of the Office of Energy Projects. The cost limits for calendar year 2003, as published in Table I of § 157.208(d) and Table II of § 157.215(a), are hereby issued.

#### List of Subjects in 18 CFR Part 157

Administrative practice and procedure, Natural Gas, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

**J. Mark Robinson,**

*Director, Office of Energy Projects.*

Accordingly, 18 CFR part 157 is amended as follows:

#### PART 157—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 157 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 15 U.S.C. 717–717w, 3301–3432; 42 U.S.C. 7101–7352.

2. Table I in § 157.208(d) is revised to read as follows:

**§ 157.208 Construction, acquisition, operation, replacement, and miscellaneous rearrangement of facilities.**

\* \* \* \* \*

(d) \* \* \*

TABLE I

| Year       | Limit                  |                               |
|------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
|            | Auto. proj. cost limit | Prior notice proj. cost limit |
|            | (Col. 1)               | (Col. 2)                      |
| 1982 ..... | \$4,200,000            | \$12,000,000                  |
| 1983 ..... | 4,500,000              | 12,800,000                    |
| 1984 ..... | 4,700,000              | 13,300,000                    |
| 1985 ..... | 4,900,000              | 13,800,000                    |
| 1986 ..... | 5,100,000              | 14,300,000                    |
| 1987 ..... | 5,200,000              | 14,700,000                    |
| 1988 ..... | 5,400,000              | 15,100,000                    |
| 1989 ..... | 5,600,000              | 15,600,000                    |
| 1990 ..... | 5,800,000              | 16,000,000                    |
| 1991 ..... | 6,000,000              | 16,700,000                    |
| 1992 ..... | 6,200,000              | 17,300,000                    |
| 1993 ..... | 6,400,000              | 17,700,000                    |
| 1994 ..... | 6,600,000              | 18,100,000                    |
| 1995 ..... | 6,700,000              | 18,400,000                    |
| 1996 ..... | 6,900,000              | 18,800,000                    |

TABLE I—Continued

| Year       | Limit                  |                               |
|------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
|            | Auto. proj. cost limit | Prior notice proj. cost limit |
|            | (Col. 1)               | (Col. 2)                      |
| 1997 ..... | 7,000,000              | 19,200,000                    |
| 1998 ..... | 7,100,000              | 19,600,000                    |
| 1999 ..... | 7,200,000              | 19,800,000                    |
| 2000 ..... | 7,300,000              | 20,200,000                    |
| 2001 ..... | 7,400,000              | 20,600,000                    |
| 2002 ..... | 7,500,000              | 21,000,000                    |
| 2003 ..... | 7,600,000              | 21,200,000                    |

\* \* \* \* \*

3. Table II in § 157.215(a) is revised to read as follows:

**§ 157.215 Underground storage testing and development.**

(a) \* \* \*

(5) \* \* \*

TABLE II

| Year       | Limit       |
|------------|-------------|
| 1982 ..... | \$2,700,000 |
| 1983 ..... | 2,900,000   |
| 1984 ..... | 3,000,000   |
| 1985 ..... | 3,100,000   |
| 1986 ..... | 3,200,000   |
| 1987 ..... | 3,300,000   |
| 1988 ..... | 3,400,000   |
| 1989 ..... | 3,500,000   |
| 1990 ..... | 3,600,000   |
| 1991 ..... | 3,800,000   |
| 1992 ..... | 3,900,000   |
| 1993 ..... | 4,000,000   |
| 1994 ..... | 4,100,000   |
| 1995 ..... | 4,200,000   |
| 1996 ..... | 4,300,000   |
| 1997 ..... | 4,400,000   |
| 1998 ..... | 4,500,000   |
| 1999 ..... | 4,550,000   |
| 2000 ..... | 4,650,000   |
| 2001 ..... | 4,750,000   |
| 2002 ..... | 4,850,000   |
| 2003 ..... | 4,900,000   |

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[FR Doc. 03–4336 Filed 2–24–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

#### Customs Service

#### 19 CFR Part 102

[T.D. 03–08]

RIN 1515–AC80

#### Rules of Origin for Textile and Apparel Products

**AGENCY:** Customs Service, Department of the Treasury.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This document adopts as a final rule, with a clarification, the interim rule amending the Customs Regulations to align the existing country of origin rules for certain textile and apparel products with the statutory amendments to section 334 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, as set forth in section 405 within title IV of the Trade and Development Act of 2000. The document also adopts as final the interim rule making technical corrections to the rules of origin for textile and apparel products.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** February 25, 2003.

**FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Cynthia Reese, Textile Branch, Office of Regulations and Rulings, U.S. Customs Service, Tel. (202) 572–8790.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

Section 334 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA), Public Law 103–465, 108 Stat. 4809 (19 U.S.C. 3592), directs the Secretary of the Treasury to prescribe rules implementing certain principles for determining the origin of textiles and apparel products. Section 102.21 of the Customs Regulations (19 CFR 102.21) implements section 334 of the URAA. Section 405 of title IV of the Trade and Development Act of 2000 (the Act), Public Law 106–200, 114 Stat. 251, amended section 334 of the URAA. Specifically, section 405(a) amended section 334(b)(2) of the URAA by redesignating paragraphs (b)(2)(A) and (B) as paragraphs (b)(2)(A)(i) and (ii), and by adding two special rules at new paragraphs (b)(2)(B) and (C) that change the rules of origin for certain fabrics and made-up textile products.

Under section 334, certain fabrics, silk handkerchiefs and scarves were considered to originate where the base fabric was knit or woven, notwithstanding any further processing. As a result of the statutory amendment to section 334 effected by section 405 of the Act, the processing operations which may confer origin on certain textile fabrics and made-up articles were changed to include dyeing, printing and two or more finishing operations. In particular, the amendment to section 334 affected the processing operations which may confer origin on fabrics classified under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) as of silk, cotton, man-made fibers or vegetable fibers.

On May 1, 2001, Customs published in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 21660), as T.D. 01–36, an interim rule amending