

(3) 33°23.00' N. lat., 119°7.00' W. long.;

(4) 33°43.00' N. lat., 119°14.00' W. long.;

(5) 33°46.00' N. lat., 119°12.00' W. long.; and

(6) 33°36.06' N. lat., 118°57.15' W. long.

(E) Orange County Seamount

(1) 33°25.00' N. lat., 118°1.00' W. long.;

(2) 33°25.00' N. lat., 117°58.00' W. long.;

(3) 33°23.00' N. lat., 117°58.00' W. long.;

(4) 33°23.00' N. lat., 118°1.00' W. long.; and

(5) 33°25.00' N. lat., 118°1.00' W. long.

(20) *Rockfish categories.* Rockfish (except thornyheads) are divided into categories north and south of 40°10' N. lat., depending on the depth where they most often are caught: nearshore, shelf, or slope (scientific names appear in Table 2). Nearshore rockfish are further divided into shallow nearshore and deeper nearshore categories south of 40°10' N. lat. Trip limits are established for "minor rockfish" species according to these categories (see Tables 2–5).

(a) Nearshore rockfish consists entirely of the minor nearshore rockfish species listed in Table 2, which includes California scorpionfish.

(i) Shallow nearshore rockfish consists of black-and-yellow rockfish,

China rockfish, gopher rockfish, grass rockfish, and kelp rockfish.

(ii) Deeper nearshore rockfish consists of black rockfish, blue rockfish, brown rockfish, calico rockfish, copper rockfish, olive rockfish, quillback rockfish, and treefish.

(iii) California scorpionfish.

(b) Shelf rockfish consists of canary rockfish, shortbelly rockfish, widow rockfish, yelloweye rockfish, yellowtail rockfish, bocaccio, chilipepper, cowcod, and the minor shelf rockfish species listed in Table 2.

(c) Slope rockfish consists of POP, splitnose rockfish, darkblotched rockfish, and the minor slope rockfish species listed in Table 2.

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