

Reserves) and private land. This unit contains Kekoiki, Leleiwi, Namahana, and Puu Awa Summits. This unit provides habitat for one population of 250 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Labordia lydgatei* and is currently occupied with one plant. This unit is essential to the conservation of the taxon because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population, which is currently considered non-viable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, stream banks in *Metrosideros polymorpha-Dicranopteris linearis* forest. This unit is geographically separated from the other four units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophe.

Kauai 10—*Labordia lydgatei*—b

This unit is critical habitat for *Labordia lydgatei* and is 1,035 ha (2,558 ac) on State (Lihue-Koloa Forest Reserve) and private land. This unit contains Hulua, Iole, Kahile, and Pilikea Summits. This unit provides habitat for two populations of 250 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Labordia lydgatei* and is currently occupied with five plants. This unit is essential to the conservation of the taxon because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population, which is currently considered non-viable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, stream banks in *Metrosideros polymorpha-Dicranopteris linearis* forest. This unit is geographically separated from the other four units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophe.

Kauai 11—*Labordia lydgatei*—c

This unit is critical habitat for *Labordia lydgatei* and is 325 ha (804 ac) on private land within Lumahai Valley. This unit provides habitat for one population of 250 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Labordia lydgatei* and is currently occupied with seven plants. This unit is essential to the conservation of the taxon because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the

expansion of the present population, which is currently considered non-viable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, stream banks in *Metrosideros polymorpha-Dicranopteris linearis* forest. This unit is geographically separated from the other four units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophe.

Kauai 11—*Labordia lydgatei*—d

This unit is critical habitat for *Labordia lydgatei* and is 82 ha (204 ac) on State land (Halelea Forest Reserve). This unit contains portions of Waioli Valley and Waiopa Summit. This unit provides habitat for one population of 250 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Labordia lydgatei* and is currently occupied with two plants. This unit is essential to the conservation of the taxon because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population, which is currently considered non-viable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, stream banks in *Metrosideros polymorpha-Dicranopteris linearis* forest. This unit is geographically separated from the other four units designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophe.

Kauai 11—*Labordia lydgatei*—e

This unit is critical habitat for *Labordia lydgatei* and is 119 ha (291 ac) on State (Halelea Forest Reserve, Hono o Na Pali NAR, and Na Pali Coast State Park) and private land. This unit contains Hono O Na Pali and Pali Elele Summits. This unit provides habitat for one population of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Labordia lydgatei* and is currently occupied with two plants. This unit is essential to the conservation of the taxon because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population, which is currently considered non-viable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, stream banks in *Metrosideros polymorpha-Dicranopteris linearis* forest. This unit is geographically separated from the other four units

designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophe.

Kauai 10—*Labordia tinifolia* var. *wahiawaensis*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Labordia tinifolia* var. *wahiawaensis* and is 912 ha (2,255 ac) on private land. This unit contains Hulua, Iole, Kahili, Kapalaoa, and Palikea Summits. This unit provides habitat for four populations of 100 mature, reproducing individuals of the long-lived perennial *Labordia tinifolia* var. *wahiawaensis* and is currently occupied with 20 to 30 plants. This unit is essential to the conservation of the taxon because it supports an extant colony of this species and includes habitat that is important for the expansion of the present population, which is currently considered non-viable. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, stream banks in lowland wet forest. Although we do not feel that there is enough habitat that currently exists to reach the recovery goal of 8 to 10 populations for this species, this unit is of appropriate size so that each potential recovery population on Kauai within the unit is geographically separated enough to avoid their destruction by one naturally occurring catastrophic event.

Kauai 11—*Lipochaeta fauriei*—a

This unit is critical habitat for *Lipochaeta fauriei* and is 106 ha (262 ac) on State land (Alakai Wilderness Preserve), containing portions of Kipalau Valley. This unit provides habitat for two populations of 300 mature, reproducing individuals of the short-lived perennial *Lipochaeta fauriei* and is currently unoccupied. This unit is essential to the conservation of the taxon because it supports habitat that is important to the establishment of additional populations on Kauai in order to reach recovery goals. The habitat features contained in this unit that are essential for this species include, but are not limited to, sides of steep gulches in diverse mesic forests. This unit is geographically separated from the other unit designated as critical habitat for this island-endemic species, in order to avoid all recovery populations from being destroyed by one naturally occurring catastrophe. Although we do not feel that there is enough habitat that currently exists to reach the recovery goal of 8 to 10 populations for this species, this unit is at an appropriate distance from the