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## GUIDANCE, NAVIGATION **AND CONTROL**

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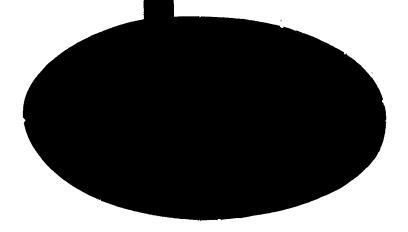
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## GUIDANCE, NAVIGATION AND CONTROL

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FOR MANNED CM EARTH ORBITAL MISSIONS
USING PROGRAM SKYLARK 1

SECTION 2 DATA LINKS

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**MARCH 1972** 

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## GUIDANCE SYSTEM OPERATIONS PLAN FOR MANNED CM EARTH ORBITAL MISSIONS USING PROGRAM SKYLARK 1

SECTION 2 DATA LINKS

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#### FOREWORD

The Guidance System Operations Plan (GSOP) for Program Skylark 1 is published as separate volumes in five sections:

- 2. Data Links
- 3. Digital Autopilots
- 4. Operational Modes
- 5. Guidance Equations
- 7. Erasable Programs

Since the information in Section 1 of the Colossus 2E GSOP is also applicable to the Skylark Program, Section 1 will not be republished for Skylark. Therefore, the reader is referred to R577 Colossus 2E GSOP, Section 1, Revision 2, January 1970. Also, Section 6 will not be published for Skylark.

The changes made to the Skylark GSOP Section 2 were enough to warrant its consideration as a new document. Consequently, it is not being treated as a revision of Colossus 3 GSOP 2. Major deletions, additions, and editorial changes have been made to reflect the scope of the new program. The document has undergone extensive editorial and format changes with a view of making it more useful to the reader. Appendix A contains a list of PCR's and PCN's whose implementation is reflected in this issue.

The volume is published as a control document governing the structure of Uplink and Downlink programs in Skylark 1. Revisions constituting changes to the Skylark Program require NASA approval.

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#### SECTION 2

#### DATA LINKS

#### 2.0 Introduction

This volume, Section 2 of the Guidance System Operations Plan for Manned CM Earth Orbital Missions using Program SKYLARK describes the GNCS Data Links: Digital Uplink to CMC (P27) and CM Digital Downlink for use on these missions.

The material of Section 2 of this GSOP is arranged:

- 2.1 Digital Uplink to CMC (P27)
- 2.2 CMC Digital Downlink
- 2.3 Downlist Formats
- 2.4 Description of Telemetered Quantities
- 2.5 Flagbits
- 2.6 Effects of Fresh Start (V36) and Hardware Restart on Flagword and Channel Bits

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#### 2.1 Digital Uplink to CMC (P27)

By means of the CMC UPLINK, ground control can insert data or issue instructions to the CMC in the same manner that these functions are normally performed by the spacecraft crew in using the DSKY keyboard. The CMC is programmed to accept the following UPLINK inputs:

- 1. LIFTOFF TIME INCREMENT: Provides ground capability to increment or decrement the CMC clock, OWS and CSM state vector times and TEPHEM(time) with a double precision octal time value, scaled centiseconds/2<sup>28</sup>.
- 2. CONTIGUOUS BLOCK UPDATE: Provides ground capability to update from 1 to 18 consecutive E memory registers in the same EBANK.
- 3. SCATTER UPDATE: Provides ground capability to update from 1 to 9 non-consecutive E memory registers in the same or different EBANKs.
- 4. OCTAL CLOCK INCREMENT: Provides ground capability to increment or decrement the CMC clock with a double precision octal time value scaled centiseconds/2<sup>28</sup>.

All information received by the CMC from the uplink is in the form of keyboard characters. Each character is assigned an identifying code number called its character code. Each character code transmitted to the CMC is sent as a triply redundant uplink word preceded by a leading "1" bit. Thus, if C is the 5-bit character code, then the 16 bit uplink word has the form:

#### $1 \, C \, \overline{C} \, C$

where  $\overline{C}$  denotes the bit-by-bit complement of C. (Table 2-1 defines all the legal input keycodes.) To these 16 bits of information the ground adds a 3-bit code specifying the system aboard the spacecraft which is to be the final recipient of the data and a 3-bit code indicating the spacecraft which should receive the information. The 22 total bits are sub-bit encoded (replacing each bit with a 5-bit code for transmission). If the message is received and successfully decoded, the on-board receiver will send back an 8-bit "message accepted pulse" to the ground and shift the original 16 bits of the uplink word to the CMC (1  $\overline{C}$   $\overline{C}$   $\overline{C}$ ). The leading "1" bit causes an interrupt within the CMC after all 16 bits have been shifted from the uplink receiver.

During ground testing the count of UPRUPTS and the sum of the CCC codes entering the AGC are accumulated in erasable registers, permitting a count and sum-check on data transmitted UPLINK to the AGC. This feature will not be used in flight because the summing of uplink data is disabled.

Any ground command sequence normally transmitted via the uplink may be duplicated by the astronaut via the keyboard. All reference to uplink words used in

TABLE 2-1

Character	Uplink Word
0	1 10000 01111 10000
1	1 00001 11110 00001
2	1 00010 11101 00010
3	1 00011 11100 00011
4	1 00100 11011 00100
5	1 00101 11010 00101
6	1 00110 11001 00110
7	1 00111 11000 00111
8	1 01000 10111 01000
9	1 01001 10110 01001
VERB	1 10001 01110 10001
NOUN	1 11111 00000 11111
ENTER	1 11100 00011 11100
ERROR RESET	1 10010 01101 10010
CLEAR	1 11110 00001 11110
KEY RELEASE	1 11001 00110 11001
. +	1 11010 00101 11010
-	1 11011 00100 11011

NOTE: It is good operational procedure to end every uplink message with a KEY RELEASE.

this section are in the form transmitted from the uplink receiver to the CMC. Therefore, they do not contain the vehicle or subsystem addresses added by the ground facilities.

During update program (P27) execution, the following registers may be monitored via the P27 Downlink List:

- 1. UPBUFF Contains all input data, including index value, ECADR value(s) and update parameters. There are 20 (decimal) UPBUFF registers numbered sequentially from UPBUFF + 0 to UPBUFF + 19D where the D indicates decimal notation.
- 2. UPVERB Contains second digit of update verb being used, e.g., "0" for Verb 70, "1" for Verb 71, etc.
- 3. UPOLDMOD Contains value of program interrupted by P27, e.g., 00,02, or 20 for programs 00, 02, or 20; program 27 is inhibited from interrupting any other programs.\*
- 4. COMPNUMB Contains octal value of number of components to be processed by P27. Once set, it remains fixed during complete update operation.
- 5. UPCOUNT Used for indexing UPBUFF. The contents of this register may vary from one (1) to the value contained in COMPNUMB. This register always contains the octal identifier of the parameter that is being loaded.

If the CMC received an improperly coded word from the uplink receiver during the load (i.e., not "1 CCC") it sets BIT 4 of FLAGWRD7 to "one", which is transmitted via Downlink to the ground station. When this occurs, the ground station should correct the transmission by sending the following uplink word:

#### 1 00000 00000 00000

(which clears the INLINK register) and follow this by transmitting "ERROR RESET" (which will set BIT 4 of FLAGWRD7 to zero).\*\* If "CLEAR" is transmitted immediately following "ERROR RESET", the ground station then may begin the corrected transmission with the first word of the 5 octal digits that was being sent when the alarm condition occurred. The "CLEAR" button is used after the "ERROR RESET" to blank the data display register (R1). The ground station should then continue the update by using UPCOUNT to indicate the specific parameter being processed and resume the update function by re-transmitting the parameter beginning with the first octal character.

<sup>\*</sup> It is possible to update when program lights are blanked by a FRESH START (MODREG is  $77777_8$ ).

<sup>\*\* &</sup>quot;ERROR RESET" must be sent via uplink to set BIT4 of FLAGWRD7 to zero. DSKY "ERROR RESET" has no effect.

If the ground wishes to continue loading without transmitting the "CLEAR" code it must determine which character was in error when failure occurred, and resume uplink transmission from the point of failure. This may be determined by monitoring the display in R1 as well as the contents of UPCOUNT.

This program may be entered only from P00, P02, or P20 Option 1, 2, or 5 for the CM. If the CMC is not in one of the programs indicated above when any update VERB is sent uplink, the "Operator Error" lamp will be illuminated, the uplink activity light will be turned "OFF" and the computer will ignore the request, via the specified update VERB, to transfer control to P27.

#### 2.1.1 CM LIFTOFF TIME INCREMENT

To initiate a double precision LIFTOFF octal time increment the ground station transmits "VERB70ENTER".

#### 2.1.1.1 Program 27 Verification

The ground station should then await confirmation via Downlink that the CMC is in Program 27.

If P27 is entered, the CMC puts the old program number in UPOLDMOD, sets UPCOUNT to "one", selects the P27 Downlink List for Downlink transmission and flashes V21N01 which requests a data load for UPBUFF + 0.

If P27 is entered for a Verb 70 update, 0 is placed in UPVERB and 2 is placed in COMPNUMB. Following P27 verification and confirmation of UPVERB and COMPNUMB sent via Downlink, the ground station should transmit the double precision octal time XXXXX ENTER XXXXX ENTER, where time is in centiseconds scaled 2<sup>-28</sup>. A negative time value (decrement) should be transmitted in one's complement form. It should be noted that UPCOUNT is incremented by 1 after the ENTER following the most significant part of the double precision time. P27 uses the contents of UPCOUNT to calculate the next UPBUFF location for the V21N01.

#### 2.1.1.2 Data Verification and Termination

After the final ENTER associated with the last update has been transmitted, P27 flashes V21N08 which is a request to the ground station to verify all the update data and to perform one of the following functions:

- 1. Accept all the update data entered
- 2. Modify some or all of the update data
- 3. Reject all of the update data

#### 2.1.1.2.1 Accept All the Update Data Entered

If the ground station verifies that the content of the UPBUFF registers is correct, it should transmit "VERB33ENTER" to signal P27 to process the update data. For the Verb 70 update, P27 inverts BIT 3 of FLAGWRD7 and determines if the State Vector data is being used by the orbital integration routine. If so, further P27 instruction executions are delayed (P27 dormant) until the integration routine is complete. A display of "27" in the program lights, along with a ground verification that BIT3 of FLAGWRD7 has been inverted and that the operator error light is "OFF", should indicate to the operator that the completion of P27 is temporarily being delayed.

After P27 is re-activated or if it initially finds that the integration routine is not in use, it will inhibit other routines from using State Vector data and complete the data verification requirements for the specific update Verb in use. (For each Verb, see appropriate verification section.)

#### 2.1.1.2.1.1 Verb 70 Double Precision Time Verification

Program 27 verifies that the double precision octal time can be subtracted from the CMC clock without causing overflow. (For this operation two of the UPBUFF registers, UPBUFF + 18D and 19D, are used as temporary buffers for TIME2 and TIME1.) If the double precision input time can be subtracted from the CMC clock without causing overflow, P27 proceeds to increment TEPHEM and decrement the CMC clock, the CSM State Vector time, and the OWS StateVector time. Program 27 will then turn the uplink activity light "OFF", replace the downlink list code in DNLSTCOD with the code for the previous program, release the State Vector data for other routines, and reinstate the previous program.

If, on the other hand, an overflow would occur, P27 will leave the CMC clock intact and turn the operator error light "ON". It will then turn the uplink activity light "OFF", replace the downlink list code in DNLSTCOD with the code for the previous program, release the State Vector data, and reinstate the previous program.

#### 2.1.1.2.2 Modify Some or All of the Update Data

If during the verification time some of the UPBUFF registers are found to be in error, the ground station may make corrections by either of the following methods:

a. Individual parameters in UPBUFF + 0 to UPBUFF + 19D may be

changed by sending a two digit octal identifier followed by the ENTER code. For example, if input word 2 (UPBUFF+1) required change, the ground station would transmit "02ENTER". This causes P27 to display the UPBUFF+1 address in R3 and flash V21N01, requesting a new octal data load from the ground. After transmission of the data and its ENTER code, P27 repeats the V21N02 flash to request data acceptance, modification or rejection (section 2.1.1.2). NOTE: If the octal identifier is ≤ 0 or > COMPNUMB, P27 will continue the V21N02 flash and completely disregard the value just entered. It should also be noted that the contents of UPCOUNT is never changed during line by line correction.

b. If several parameters are to be modified, the ground station may change each separately as in step "a" above, or it may choose to terminate and re-initiate the load. To terminate the load the ground must transmit "VERB34ENTER" which will cause the CMC to return to the program it was in before the update was initiated. (P27 turns the uplink activity light "OFF", and switches to the previous Downlink list before returning control to the other program.) To resume its update the ground station would re-transmit the update VERB followed by the complete update load.

#### 2.1.1.2.3. Reject All the Update Data

Update data may be rejected at any time by terminating a load. This is accomplished with the VERB34ENTER sequence described in part "b" of section 2.1.1.2.2.

#### 2.1.1.2.4 Effects and Use of "VERB33ENTER"

- 1. During data loads and prior to the V21N02 flash, transmission of VERB33ENTER will be ignored by P27.
- 2. During V21N02 flashing, transmission of VERB33ENTER will initiate the procedure described in section 2.1.1.2.1.
- 3. If line by line correction is initiated (section 2.1.1.2.2), transmission of VERB33ENTER after the octal identifier has been entered will be ignored by P27.

#### 2.1.2 CM Contiguous Block Update

To initiate a contiguous E memory update the ground station should transmit "VERB71ENTER".

Before sending the update data the ground station should perform Program 27 verification as defined in the first three paragraphs of section 2.1.1.1. If P27 is entered, 1 is placed in UPVERB and in UPCOUNT.

The verb 71 data format is defined in section 2.1.2.1 below and the data load requirements are described in section 2.1.2.2.

#### 2.1.2.1 VERB71 Data Entry Format

The VERB71 update data format is as follows (all Es represent ENTERs):

XXXXXE

#### where:

- 1. 3 II 24 octal. This is the index value used by P27 to process the update data. The index value represents the total number of numeric quantities to be loaded, including the index value itself, the starting address (ECADR) and the update parameters(s). The minimum value of 3 is for a single update parameter load. A maximum value of 24 octal is allowed since the UPBUFF capacity is a 20 (decimal) register buffer for P27. This value represents a maximum of 18 update parameters in addition to the index count and the starting E memory address.
- 2. AAAA is the first E memory address (ECADR) of the update block to be processed. Bits 1-8 indicate the relative address (0-377 $_8$ ) within the selected EBANK and bits 9-11 identify the desired EBANK (0-7). Also, for one data load operation, all update parameters must ultimately be stored in the same EBANK. Therefore, the starting address and the length of the block must be chosen so that the complete load is contained in the same EBANK; i.e., (bits 8-1 of AAAA) + II-3 must be  $\leq$  377 octal.

3. X X X X is octal data which is to be loaded. This data is stored in sequential order in UPBUFF+2 and following, up to UPBUFF+19D. Scaling of the data must be the same as that of the internal CMC registers.

#### 2.1.2.2 Data Load Requirements by Ground Station

Following Program 27 verification (V21N01 flashes with the UPBUFF+0 address displayed in R3) the ground station should enter the update data in the manner described below.

#### 2.1.2.2.1 Index Value

The index value I I should be entered as an octal number and visually verified (displayed in R1) prior to transmitting the ENTER code. This value should be within the specified limits (see part 1 section 2.1.2.1 for format).

If an index value < 3 or > 24 octal is erroneously keyed-in followed by the ENTER code, P27 will reject the value and will continue to flash V21N01 until the ground station enters an index value within the specified limits. (Entry of a legal value is indicated when the UPBUFF<sup>4</sup>1 address value is displayed in R3 and UPCOUNT contains a 2).

If a legal index value is keyed-in but is found to be in error (displayed in R1) before the ENTER code is transmitted, the operator may correct his error by depressing the "CLEAR" key and re-transmitting the new index value followed by the ENTER code. A legally entered value is stored in UPBUFF+0 and COMPNUMB. UPCOUNT is incremented by 1, the next UPBUFF location is computed and V21N01 continues to flash indicating a request for an ECADR load.

If, however, the ground station operator loads a legal index value followed by the ENTER code and then discovers the numeric value to be incorrect (UPBUFF+0 display), then the only means of recovery is to terminate the load (VERB34ENTER) and re-initiate the update VERB. This procedure is necessary since invalid index values cannot be changed if entered in COMPNUMB and will therefore result in an incorrect update if it is not immediately modified.

#### 2.1.2.2. E Memory Address Value

The second octal data word to be entered must be the first E memory address (ECADR) of the update data block.

The ENTER code following the ECADR causes P27 to store this value in UPBUFF+1, increment UPCOUNT by 1, compute the next UPBUFF location and continue the V21N01 flash which requests an update data load.

#### 2.1.2.2.3 Update Data

The update parameters which will be stored in sequential E memory locations beginning with a legitimate E memory address (ECADR), as defined in part 2 of section 2.1.2.1, may be loaded in two separate ways.

1. Each octal value may be individually entered and visually verified (address of data is displayed in R3 and data is displayed in R1) prior to transmitting the ENTER code.

If data is in error the operator may depress the "CLEAR" key and retransmit the correct octal value followed by the ENTER code. This code causes P27 to store the data in the UPBUFF address specified in R3. If more data follows, UPCOUNT is incremented by 1, the next UPBUFF location is computed and V21N01 continues to flash.

This method of input allows the ground station to make immediate corrections if data errors are detected and to visually verify that each data word is loaded into its specified E memory location.

2. The second method of input is to transmit all the octal update data as quickly as possible and then perform a visual verification of all the data in the UPBUFF registers as specified in section 2.1.1.2.

#### 2.1.2.3 VERB71 Contiguous Block Update Verification

The last ENTER of the update sequence causes P27 to flash V21N02. This is a request to the ground station to accept, modify or completely reject the data load as specified in 2.1.1.2 sections.

VERB33ENTER also causes P27 to check the validity of the ECADR value stored in UPBUFF+1 (this value must meet the requirements specified in part 2 of section 2.1.2.1). If the ECADR value is illegal, P27 rejects all input data, replaces Program 27 with the previous program value, turns the uplink activity light "OFF", turns the operator error light "ON" and switches to the Downlink list for the previous program.

A valid ECADR causes P27 to transfer all the update data from the UPBUFF registers into the specified E memory registers, replace program 27 with the previous program value, turn the uplink activity light "OFF", switch to the Downlink list for the previous program and release the State Vector data.

#### 2.1.3 CM Scatter Update

To initiate an E memory update in non-contiguous E memory locations the ground station should transmit "VERB72ENTER".

Before sending the update data the ground station should perform Program 27 verification as defined in the first two paragraphs of section 2.1.1.1.

If P27 is entered for a VERB72 update, a 2 is placed in UPVERBand a 1 in UPCOUNT. Following P27 verification the ground station performs this update exactly as described for the VERB71 updates. The differences in these two update verbs are noted in the following section.

#### 2.1.3.1 VERB72 Data Entry Format

The VERB72 update format is defined as follows:

I I E
A A A A E
X X X X X E
A A A A E
X X X X X E

A A A A E X X X X X E

#### where:

- 1.  $3 \le II \le 24$  octal. The difference between this index value and the VERB71 index value is that this value must always be odd. This is due to the fact that each update parameter must have its specified E memory address. Thus, the index count includes itself and up to 9 pairs of update words. An even number index value, although accepted at this point in the procedure, will cause rejection of VERB72 data as indicated in section 2.1.3.3. Additionally, Program 27 is replaced with the previous program value, the uplink activity light is turned "OFF", the operator error light is turned "ON", the State Vector data is released and the Downlink list is switched for use by the previous program.
- 2. All A A As represent the ECADRs. (Each A A A is the ECADR of the register to be loaded with the X X X X immediately following.) Note that update data entered via VERB72 may be loaded into different EBANKs.
- 3. All X X X X S are in octal and scaled the same as the internal CMC registers.
- 2.1.3.2 Data Load Requirements by Ground Station

The load requirements of VERB72 are identical to VERB71 (see sections 2.1.2.2 and 2.1.2.2.1 through 2.1.2.2.3).

#### 2.1.3.3 VERB72 Scatter Update Verification

The last ENTER of the update sequence will cause P27 to flash V21N02. This is a request to the ground to accept, modify or completely reject the data load as specified in 2.1.1.2 sections.

VERB33ENTER causes P27 to verify that COMPNUMB is odd. If COMPNUMB is even, P27 will not transfer the data into the specified E memory registers; instead it will turn on the Operator Error Light, turn off Uplink Activity Light, transfer to previous program and downlist.

If, however, COMPNUMB is valid P27 will perform exactly as specified in the third paragraph of section 2.1.2.3.

#### 2.1.4 CMC Octal Clock Increment

To initiate a double precision octal time increment the ground station transmits "VERB73ENTER".

The loading procedure for this update is identical to the VERB70 update defined in section 2.1.1 except that 3 is placed in UPVERB instead of 0.

If the update is acceptable, it is immediately used to increment the clock (i.e., positive double precision time is added to the clock). No delay is encountered if the orbital integration routine is in use since the CSM and OWS state vector time registers and the TEPHEM register are not modified.

## 2.1.5 Use of the Contiguous Block Update VERB

VERB 71, defined in section 2.1.2, can be used to perform the following updates:

- 1. CMC CSM/OWS STATE VECTOR UPDATE
- 2. CMC DESÍRED REFSMMAT UPDATE
- 3. CMC REFSMMAT UPDATE
- 4. CMC EXTERNAL DELTA V UPDATE
- 5. CMC RETROFIRE EXTERNAL DELTA V UPDATE
- 6. CMC ENTRY UPDATE

In defining each of these updates, it is assumed that the ground station has transmitted VERB71 ENTER and performed Program 27 verification as required prior to transmittal of the index value, ECADR and update parameters. It is also assumed that final verification of each update will be done as specified in section 2.1.2.3.

#### 2.1.5.1 CMC CSM/OWS STATE VECTOR UPDATE

This data consists of a single precision state vector identifier, three (3) double precision components of position, three (3) double precision components of velocity and a double precision time. The identifier (UPSVFLAG) indicates CSM or OWS\*:

- 1 = CSM
- -1 = OWS

The position and velocity components should be in reference coordinates scaled as follows:

Position

 $meters/2^{29}$ 

Velocity

(meters/centisecond)/27

The time associated with the state vector should be relative to CMC clock zero. The identifier is scaled units/ $2^{14}$ . Time is scaled centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ .

The CMC is a fixed point machine with the point just to the left of the most significant bit.

The scaling indicated above will be sufficient to force the 3 components of position and the 3 components of velocity and time to numbers less than one.

To form the double precision quantities ready for coding and transmission, the scaled magnitudes of time and each component of position and velocity should be expressed as two binary words as follows:

<sup>\*</sup>A 0 or -0 will update the UPSVFLAG erasable but the CMC will not perform a state vector update. Any positive non-zero quantity is interpreted as a CSM state vector update; any negative non-zero quantity is interpreted as an OWS state vector update.

1st word:

2nd word:

Each X above represents a binary bit of the appropriate magnitude, the place value of which is indicated below the corresponding X. Once the magnitude of the component is accounted for in the above 28 X's, the sign must be considered.

If the component is positive, the words remain as formed; if the component is negative, the "1s complement" of the 2 words is used (all 1's are replaced by 0's and all 0's by 1's.)

The first word is then transformed into a 5 character octal word. The first character is the octal equivalent of the first three bits, the second character is the octal equivalent of the next three bits, etc. This word is referred to as the "most significant part" of data in the text below. Similarly, the second word is transformed into a 5 character octal word which is the "least significant part" of the data. Table 2-1 lists all the uplink characters with their corresponding binary format.

The CMC CSM/OWS STATE VECTOR UPDATE data must be sent in the following sequence:

Octal Identifier	Data Value	Data Definition
1	<sup>21</sup> 8 .	(index value) ENTER
2	(AAAA)*	(ECADR - UPSVFLAG) ENTER
3	XXXXX	(identifier) ENTER
4	XXXXX	(most sig. part of X position) ENTER
5	XXXXX	(least sig. part of X position) ENTER
6	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Y position) ENTER
7	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Y position) ENTER
<sup>10</sup> 8	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Z position) ENTER
118	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Z position) ENTER

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Paragraph 2.1.6 to obtain the absolute address (ECADR) for this UPDATE.

Octal	Data		
Identifier	Value	Data Definition	
12 <sub>8</sub>	xxxxx	(most sig. part of X velocity) ENTER	
13 <sub>8</sub>	XXXXX	(least sig. part of X velocity) ENTER	
14 <sub>8</sub>	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Y velocity) ENTER	
<sup>15</sup> 8	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Y velocity) ENTER	
<sup>16</sup> 8	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Z velocity) ENTER	
178	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Z velocity) ENTER	
208	XXXXX	(most sig. part of time from CMC clock zero)	ENTER
218	xxxxx	(least sig. part of time from CMC clock zero)	ENTER

where each "A", "X" and "ENTER" above represent an uplink word.

### 2.1.5.2 CMC DESIRED REFSMMAT UPDATE

XSMD -  $X\,SMD$  + 17 is a 3  $\times$  3 double precision matrix which represents the Reference to Stable Member Desired Transformation.

The elements of the matrix are scaled, units/21.

The following relations must hold:

- 1. The inner product of any row with itself must equal 0.25
- 2. The inner product of any column with itself must equal 0.25
- 3. The inner product of any row with another row must equal 0
- 4. The inner product of any column with another column must equal 0

The CMC DESIRED REFSMMAT UPDATE must be sent in the following sequence:

Octal	Data	
Identifier	Value	Data Definition
1	<sup>24</sup> 8	(index value) ENTER
2	(AAAA)*	(ECADR-XSMD) ENTER
3	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 1 Col. 1) ENTER
4	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 1 Col. 1) ENTER
5	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 1 Col. 2) ENTER
6	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 1 Col. 2) ENTER
7	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 1 Col. 3) ENTER
108	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 1 Col. 3) ENTER
<sup>11</sup> 8	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 2 Col. 1) ENTER

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Paragraph 2.1.6 to obtain the absolute address (ECADR) for this UPDATE.

Octal Identifier	Data <u>Value</u>	Data Definition
<sup>12</sup> 8	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 2 Col. 1) ENTER
138	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 2 Col. 2) ENTER
148	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 2 Col. 2) ENTER
<sup>15</sup> 8	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 2 Col. 3) ENTER
<sup>16</sup> 8	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 2 Col. 3) ENTER
178.	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 3 Col. 1) ENTER
208	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 3 Col. 1) ENTER
<sup>21</sup> 8	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 3 Col. 2) ENTER
<sup>22</sup> 8	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 3 Col. 2) ENTER
<sup>23</sup> 8	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 3 Col. 3) ENTER
<sup>24</sup> 8	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 3 Col. 3) ENTER

#### 2.1.5.3 CMC REFSMMAT UPDATE

REFSMMAT - REFSMMAT + 17D is a  $3\times3$  matrix used to convert between reference coordinates and stable member coordinates. The elements of the matrix are scaled, units/ $2^1$ .

The CMC REFSMMAT UPDATE must be sent in the following sequence:

Octal Identifier	Data Value	Data Definitio <b>n</b>
1	<sup>24</sup> 8	(index value) ENTER
2	(AAAA)*	(ECADR - REFSMMAT) ENTER
3	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 1 Col. 1) ENTER
4	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 1 Col. 1) ENTER
5	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 1 Col. 2) ENTER
6	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 1 Col. 2) ENTER
7	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 1 Col. 3) ENTER
108	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 1 Col. 3) ENTER
118	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 2 Col. 1) ENTER
128	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 2 Col. 1) ENTER

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to paragraph 2.1.6 to obtain the absolute address(ECADR) for this UPDATE.

Octal <u>Identifier</u>	Data <u>Value</u>	Data Definition
138	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 2 Col. 2) ENTER
<sup>14</sup> 8	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 2 Col. 2) ENTER
<sup>15</sup> 8	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 2 Col. 3) ENTER
168	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 2 Col. 3) ENTER
178	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 3 Col. 1) ENTER
208	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 3 Col. 1) ENTER
218	xxxxx	(most sig. part of Row 3 Col. 2) ENTER
<sup>22</sup> 8	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 3 Col. 2) ENTER
<sup>23</sup> 8	XXXXX	(most sig. part of Row 3 Col. 3) ENTER
248	XXXXX	(least sig. part of Row 3 Col. 3) ENTER

#### 2.1.5.4 CMC EXTERNAL DELTA V UPDATE

This data consists of three velocity components in local vertical coordinates, and the time of ignition. The scale factors are

2. TIG centiseconds/2<sup>28</sup>

The velocity components sent from the ground must be in the local vertical system defined by the CMC-determined, CSM state vector at TIG-30.

The CMC EXTERNAL DELTA V UPDATE data must be sent in the following sequence:

Octal Identifier	Data Value	Data Definition
1	<sup>12</sup> 8 .	(index value) ENTER
2	(AAAA)*	(ECADR - DELVSLV) ENTER
3	XXXXX	(most sig. part of DELVSLV <sub>v</sub> ) ENTER
4	XXXXX	(least sig. part of DELVSLV) ENTER
5	XXXXX	(most sig. part of DELVSLV <sub>v</sub> ) ENTER
6	XXXXX	(least sig. part of DELVSLV $_{v}^{\chi}$ ) ENTER
7	XXXXX	(most sig. part of DELVSLV <sub>z</sub> ) ENTER
108	XXXXX	(least sig. part of DELVSLV <sub>z</sub> ) ENTER
118	XXXXX	(most sig. part of TIG) ENTER
128	XXXXX	(least sig. part of TIG) ENTER

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to paragraph 2.1.6 to obtain the absolute address (ECADR) for this UPDATE.

#### 2.1.5.5 CMC RETROFIRE EXTERNAL DELTA V UPDATE

This data consists of the latitude and longitude of the entry target, three velocity components in local vertical coordinates and the time of ignition. The scale factors are:

- 1. LAT (SPL) degrees/360 (North positive)
  2. LNG (SPL) degrees/360 (East positive)
  3. DELVSLV<sub>x,y,z</sub> (meters/centisecond)/2<sup>7</sup>
  4. TIG centiseconds/2<sup>28</sup>
- The CMC RETROFIRE EXTERNAL DELTA V UPDATE date must be sent in the following sequence:

Octal	Data	
Identifier	<u>Value</u>	Data Definition
1	<sup>16</sup> 8	(index value) ENTER
2	(AAAA)*	(ECADR- LAT(SPL)) ENTER
3	XXXXX	(most sig. part of LAT (SPL) ) ENTER
4	XXXXX	(least sig. part of LAT (SPL) ) ENTER
5	XXXXX	(most sig. part of LNG (SPL) ) ENTER
6	XXXXX	(least sig. part of LNG (SPL) ) ENTER
7	XXXXX	(most sig. part of DELVSLV $_{_{\mathbf{X}}}$ ) ENTER
108	XXXXX	(least sig. part of DELVSLV <sub>x</sub> ) ENTER
<sup>11</sup> 8	XXXXX	(most sig. part of DELVSLVy) ENTER
<sup>12</sup> 8	XXXXX	(least sig. part of DELVSLVy) ENTER
138	XXXXX	(most sig. part of $\mathrm{DELVSLV}_{\mathbf{Z}}$ ) ENTER
<sup>14</sup> 8	XXXXX	(least sig. part of $\mathrm{DELVSLV}_{\mathrm{Z}}$ ) ENTER
<sup>15</sup> 8	XXXXX	(most sig. part of TIG) ENTER
<sup>16</sup> 8	XXXXX	(least sig. part of TIG) ENTER

#### 2.1.5.6 CMC ENTRY UPDATE

This data consists of the latitude and longitude of the entry target. The scale factors are:

LAT (SPL) degrees/360 (North positive)
 LNG (SPL) degrees/360 (East positive)

The CMC ENTRY UPDATE data must be sent in the following sequence:

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to paragraph 2.1.6 to obtain the absolute address (ECADR) for this UPDATE.

Octal Identifier	Data <u>Value</u>	Data Definition
1	068	(index value) ENTER
2	06 <sub>8</sub> (AAAA)*	(ECADR-LAT(SPL)) ENTER
3	XXXXX	(most sig. part of LAT (SPL)) ENTER
4	XXXXX	(least sig. part of LAT (SPL)) ENTER
5	XXXXX	(most sig. part of LNG (SPL)) ENTER
6	XXXXX	(least sig. part of LNG (SPL)) ENTER

## 2.1.6. Absolute Addresses for UPDATE Program

01501 UPSVFLAG	CSM/OWS State Vector Update
00306 XSMD	DESIRED REFSMMAT UPDATE
01717 REFSMMAT	REFSMMAT UPDATE
03404 DELVSLV	EXTERNAL DELTA-V UPDATE
03400 LAT(SPL)	RETROFIRE EXT DELTA-V OR ENTRY UPDATE

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to paragraph 2.1.6 to obtain the absolute address(ECADR) for this UPDATE.

#### 2.2 CMC Digital Downlink

The downlink format is controlled by a CMC program. This program is entered on an interrupt caused by an "endpulse" from the telemetry system. The program loads the content of the next two 16-bit CMC registers that are to be transmitted into channels 34 and 35. The loading is accomplished according to the format described in the next paragraph.

Each downlist word consists of 33 significant bits plus seven repetition bits. The first bit is a "word order code bit". The next 16 bits comprise the contents of one 16-bit CMC register (15 bits of data followed by an odd parity bit). The final 16 bits are the content of another 16-bit CMC register. Since the spacecraft downlink is organized in 8-bit segments, seven "filler bits" are transmitted to follow the 33 bits outlined above in order to use all the downlink space available. These filler bits are repetitions of the first seven bits of the first CMC register transmitted.

Thus the form in which the content of the two CMC registers is arranged for transmission as a sequence of 40 CMC downlink bits (represented by X) on channels 34 and 35 may be pictured as shown in the table below:

Table Showing CMC Downlink Bits

The first word in any list contains the "ID" and synchronization registers and has a word order code bit of zero. (All other downlink words have word order code bits of one except word 51 on the standard downlists which has a word order code bit of zero to indicate the mid-point of the standard downlists.) The ID register marks the beginning of a list and identifies the list being transmitted. The synchronization (sync) register always contains the same sixteen bits (111 111 011 100 000 0), which are used to synchronize remote site downlink processing equipment.

The standard CMC downlink lists contain 100 downlink words (200 CMC registers). The CMC digital downlink is transmitted at a rate of 50 words per second at

high bit rate and 10 words at low bit rate. Therefore, transmission of the standard list requires two seconds at high bit rate and ten seconds at the low bit rate.

#### 2.2.1 Erasable Memory Dump Downlist

Upon reception of a Verb 74 Enter from the keyboard or the uplink, the computer will interrupt the nominal downlist being transmitted and start transmitting the erasable memory dump downlist. The first word of the erasable memory dump downlist is an ID word, 017778 and the same pattern of synch bits as on the standard list. The word order code for this downlink word will be 0. The next 129 downlink words have word order codes of one and make up the remainder of the 130 word dump downlink list. Word 2 of this list (i.e., the word following the ID word) contains a "packed indicator" code in the first register and the contents of TIME1 in the second register. TIME1 is the least significant clock register and is described later in this section under the standard lists. The "packed indicator" identifies which erasable bank and which pass through that bank is contained in the present list as follows:

Bits 15 & 14 - zero
Bits 13 & 12 - 00 for 1st pass
01 for 2nd pass

Bits 11 thru 9 - gives EBANK number

Bits 8 thru 1 - zeros

The next 128 downlink words (256 registers) are the contents of the erasable bank indicated in the packed indicator.

After transmitting the 130 downlink word list (one ID word, one packed indicator and time word, and 128 data words), the downlink will transmit the ID word again, followed by the packed indicator, followed by the contents of the next erasable bank etc. In this way, one complete pass through erasable memory will require 20.8 seconds for high bit rate, and 104 seconds for low bit rate. The computer will make two complete passes through the complete erasable memory before returning to the standard downlist.

NOTE: After completion of the erasable dump downlist the current downlist will be started at the ID word. Since no programs are interrupted during the transmission of the erasable memory downlist, some of the registers transmitted may have different contents on different passes through the erasable.

#### 2.2.2 Standard Downlists

For this mission there are four standard downlists, each associated with a set of programs, as follows:

- A. The Powered List is transmitted during
  - 11 Earth Orbit Insertion (EOI) Monitor
  - 40 SPS Thrust
  - 41 RCS Thrust
  - 47 Thrust Monitor
  - 48 Rendezvous Thrust Monitor
  - 61 Entry Preparation Program
- B. The Coast and Align List is transmitted during
  - 00 CMC Idling
  - 01 Prelaunch Initialization
  - 02 Gyro Compassing
  - 03 Optical Verification of Gyro Compassing
  - 06 CMC Power Down
  - 07 System Test
  - 50 ATM Orientation Determination
  - 51 IMU Orientation Determination
  - 52 IMU Realign
  - 53 Backup IMU Orientation Determination
  - 54 Backup IMU Realign
  - 55 ATM Star Tracker Gimbal Angle
- C. The Rendezvous and Prethrust List is transmitted during
  - 20 Universal Tracking
  - 21 Ground Track Determination
  - 25 Contingency VHF Range Rate
  - 29 Time of Longitude Program
  - 30 External  $\Delta V$  Maneuver Guidance
  - 31 NC1 Targeting
  - 32 NC2 Targeting
  - 33 NCC Targeting
  - 34 NSR Targeting

- 35 TPI Targeting
- 36 TPM Targeting
- 37 Rendezvous Final Phase
- 38 Plane Change Targeting
- 77 CSM Velocity Vector Update
- D. The Entry and Update List is transmitted during
  - 27 CMC Update
  - 62 CM/SM Separation and Pre-entry Maneuver
  - 63 Entry Initialization
  - 64 Post 0.05 G Entry Mode
  - 65 Up Control Entry Mode
  - 66 Ballistic Entry Mode
  - 67 Final Entry Mode

The list switching is accomplished as follows: Whenever a new program is entered, it sets up a request for its list by placing the appropriate code in the register, DNLSTCOD. The downlink program will transmit the complement of this code as the ID and use the code to select the appropriate list. The complete list is then transmitted even if DNLSTCOD is changed during it. This procedure is, of course, not true for the erasable memory dump downlist (see Section 2.2.1), which completes its required number of passes irrespective of other programs. A computer "restart" (hardware), or "fresh start" will immediately cause the telemetry list to start with word #1. A "restart" (hardware) will begin the list whose code is in DNLSTCOD but a "fresh start" will always set DNLSTCOD to transmit the Coast and Align list. An erasable memory dump, if in process, will be interrupted in both cases, and regular downlist transmission resumed.

Since certain data on the standard downlink lists are only meaningful when considered in multiregister arrays and since the programs which compute these arrays are not synchronized with the downlink program, a "snapshot" is taken of these words so that changes in their values will not occur while these arrays are being transmitted to the ground. When a "snapshot" is taken several words are stored at the time the first word is transmitted. The other words in the downlist are read at the time of transmission and therefore the only time homogeneity for them is between the two registers making up a single word. The SKYLARK downlists have the following "snapshots":

Powered List words 2-8, 9-13, 30-31, 52-58, 59-63 words 2-8, 9-13, 52-58, 59-63 words 2-8, 9-13, 23-28, 52-58, 59-63 Entry and Update List words 2-8, 9-13, 52-58, 59-63

#### 2.3 Downlist Formats

The contents of the downlists are listed in this section for reference purposes.

Section 2.3.1 lists by word order each of the four downlists. The E memory address (ECADR) of the downlinked quantities is given.

Section 2.3.2 lists, in alphabetical order by mnemonic, all downlinked items and their ECADR's.

Section 2.3.3 lists, in alphabetical order by mnemonic, all ENTRY shared downlink items and their ECADR's.

Section 2.3.4 is a chart listing all downlinked items in order by ECADR. Each entry contains the mnemonic of the item and the downlist word number(s) in which it appears. The input/output channels and those downlist registers which contain undefined (meaningless) information appear at the end of the chart.

## 2.3.1 Downlist Word Order

### 2.3.1.1 Powered List

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
1 A	I • D• WORD		(OCTAL 77774)
18	SYNCH BITS		(OCTAL 77340)
2-4	RN	01021	CSM STATE VECTOR (POSITION)
5-7	VN	01027	CSM STATE VECTOR (VELOCITY)
8	PIPTIME	01035	CSM STATE VECTOR TIME
9 <b>A</b>	CDUX	00032	ACTUAL X CDU ANGLE
98	CDUY	00033	ACTUAL Y CDU ANGLE
10A	CDUZ	00034	ACTUAL Z CDU ANGLE
108	CDUT	00035	OPTICS TRUNNION
11	ADOT	03162	ADOTS ROLL OR OGARATE
12	ADOT +2	03164	ADOTS PITCH OR OMEGA B PITCH
13	ADOT +4	03166	ADOTS YAW OR OMEGA B YAW
14A	AK	03125	X ATTITUDE ERROR
148	AK1	03126	Y ATTITUDE ERROR
15A	AK2	03127	Z ATTITUDE ERROR
15B	RCSFLAGS	03130	RCS FLAGS
16A	THETADX	03223	
16B	THETADY	03224	
17A	THETADZ	03225	
17B			GARBAGE

' Powered List (Continued)

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
18	TIG	03412	
194	SLOPE	03305	
198	ADB	03306	
2 O A	DAPDATR3	03070	
208	CHSFAIL	03071	
21A	CH6FAIL	03072	
2 <b>1</b> B	DKRATE	03073	
22A	DKDB	03074	
22B	WHICHDAP	03075	
23	T GO	03427	
24	PIPTIME1	01076	
25	DELVX	01304	
26	DELVY	01306	
27	DELVZ	01310	
28A	PACTOFF	03010	
28B	YACTOFF	03011	
29A	PCMD	03252	
298	YCMD	03253	
30A	CSTEER	03662	
30B	RM	03663	
31	MARKTIME	01115	
32	FIXTIME	01333	
33	DVTOTAL	03425	
34-39	REFSMMAT	01717	
40-44	FLAGWRDO	- 00074	FLAGWORDS O THRU 9

### Powered List (Continued)

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
45-50	DSPTAB	01216	DSPTAB THRU DSPTAB +11D
51	TIME2	00024	AGC TIME
52 <b>-</b> 54	R-OTHER	01703	OWS STATE VECTOR (POSITION)
55-57	V-OTHER	01711	OWS STATE VECTOR (VELOCITY)
58	T-OTHER	01642	OWS STATE VECTOR TIME
59 <b>A</b>	CDUX	00032	ACTUAL X CDU ANGLE
598	CDUY	00033	ACTUAL Y CDU ANGLE
60A	CDUZ	00034	ACTUAL Z CDU ANGLE
6 OB	CDUT	00035	CPTICS TRUNNION
61	ADOT	03162	ADOTS ROLL OR OGARATE
62	ADOT +2	03164	ADOTS PITCH OR OMEGA B PITCH
63	ADOT +4	03166	ADOTS YAW OR OMEGA B YAW
64A	AK	03125	X ATTITUDE ERROR
648	AK1	03126	Y ATTITUDE ERROR
65A	AK2	03127	Z ATTITUDE ERROR
6 5 B	RCSFLAGS	03130	RCS FLAGS
66A	THETADX	03223	
66B	THETADY	03224	
67A	THETADZ	03225	
6 <b>7</b> B			GARBAGE
684	RSBBQ	01432	BBANK AT RESTART
68B	RSBBQ +1	01433	Q AT RESTART
69 <b>A</b>			GARBAGE
698	CHAN77		CHANNEL 77
70A	C31FLWRD	00373	

### Powered List (Continued)

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
708	FAILREG	00374	
714	FAILREG +1	00375	
71B	FAILREG +2	00376	
72A	CDUS	00036	OPTICS SHAFT
72B	PIPAX	00037	
73A	PIPAY	00040	
73B	PIPAZ	00041	
74	ELEV	03640	ELEVATION ANGLE.
75	SVEC +2	03753	
76	TET	01516	
77A	FLGWRD10	00106	
`77B	FLGWRD11	00107	
78	TEVENT	01014	
79A	PCMD	03252	
798	YCMD	03253	
808	OPTMODES	01327	
80B	HOLDFLAG	01330	
814	LEMMASS	03121	
81B.	CSMMASS	03122	CSM MASS
82A	DAPDATR1	03114	
8 2 B	DAPDATR2	03115	
83A	ERRORX	03220	
838	ERRORY	03221	
84A	ERRORZ	03222	
84B			GARBAGE

# Powered List (Continued)

Word#	<u>Mnemonic</u>	ECADR	
85	WBODY	03154	WBODY OR OMEGAC (ROLL)
86	WBODY +2	03156	WBODY OR OMEGAC (PITCH)
87	WBODY +4	03160	WBODY OR OMEGAC (YAW)
888	REDOCTR	01276	
8 8 B	THETAD	01277	DESIRED FINAL COU X
894	THETAD +1	01300	DESTRED FINAL COU Y
898	THETAD +2	01301	DESIRED FINAL COU Z
904	I MODES30	01323	
908	I MODE \$33	01324	
914	DSALMOUT		CHANNEL 11
918	CHAN12		CHANNEL 12
924	CHAN13		CHANNEL 13
928	CHAN14		CHANNEL 14
934	CHAN30		CHANNEL 30
93B	CHAN31		CHANNEL 31
944	CHAN32		CHANNEL 32
948	CHAN33		CHANNEL 33
95-97	VGTIG	03771	
98-100	DELVSLV	03404	

2.3.1.2 Coast and Align List

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
1A	I • D• WORD	. * *	(OCTAL 77777)
18	SYNCH BITS		(OCTAL 77340)
2-4	RN	01021	CSM STATE VECTOR (POSITION)
5-7	VN	01027	CSM STATE VECTOR (VELOCITY)
8	PIPTĮME	01035	CSM STATE VECTOR TIME
9 <b>A</b>	CDUX	00032	ACTUAL X CDU ANGLE
98	CDUY	00033	ACTUAL Y CDU ANGLE
104	CDUZ	00034	ACTUAL Z CDU ANGLE
108	CDUT	00035	OPTICS TRUNNION
11	ADOT	03162	ADOTS ROLL OR OGARATE
12	ADOT +2	03164	ADOTS PITCH OR OMEGA B PITCH
13	ADOT +4	03166	ADOTS YAW OR OMEGA B YAW
144	AK	03125	X ATTITUDE FPROR
148	AK1	03126	Y ATTITUDE ERROR
15A	AK2	03127	Z ATTITUDE ERROR
158	RCSFLAGS	03130	RCS FLAGS
16A	THETADX	03223	•
168	THETADY	03224	
17A	THETADZ	03225	
17B			GARBAGE

# Coast and Align List (Continued)

Word#	<u>Mnemonic</u>	ECADR	
18	TIG	03412	
1 9A	BESTI	00302	STAR I.D. 1
19B	BESTJ	00303	STAR I.D. 2
20	MARKDOWN	03654	OPTICS MARK TIME 1
21A	MARKDOWN +2	03656	Y CDU ANGLE 1
218	MARKDOWN +3	03657	OPTICS SHAFT ANGLE 1
224	MARKDOWN +4	03660	Z CDU ANGLE 1
22B	MARKDOWN +5	03661	OPTICS TRUNNION ANGLE 1
<b>√23A</b>	MARKDOWN +6	03662	X CDU ANGLE 1
2 3B			GARBAGE
24	MARK2DWN	03460	OPTICS MARK TIME 2
25A	MARK2DWN +2	03462	Y CDU ANGLE 2
<b>25</b> B	MARK2DWN +3	03463	OPTICS SHAFT ANGLE 2
26A	MARK2DWN +4	03464	Z CDU ANGLE 2
26B	MARK2DWN +5	03465	OPTICS TRUNNION ANGLE 2
27A	MARK2DWN +6	03466	X CDU ANGLE 2
278			GARBAGE
28	HAPOX	02203	APOGEE
29	HPERX	02205	PERIGEE
30A	PACTOFF	03010	
30B	YACTOFF	03011	
31-33	VGTIG	03771	
34-39	REFSMMAT	01717	·
40-44	FLAGWRDO	00074	FLAGWORDS 0 THRU 9
45-50	DSPTAB	01216	DSPTAB THRU DSPTAB +11D

# Coast and Align List (Continued)

Word_#	Mnemonic	ECADR	
51	TIME2	00024	AGC TIME
52 <del>-</del> 54	R-OTHER	01703	OWS STATE VECTOR (POSITION)
55 <b>-</b> 57	V-OTHER	01711	OWS STATE VECTOR (VELOCITY)
58	T-OTHER	01642	CWS STATE VECTOR TIME
59A	CDUX	00032	ACTUAL X CDU ANGLE
598	CDUY	00033	ACTUAL Y CDU ANGLE
60A	CDUZ	00034	ACTUAL Z CDU ANGLE
6 <b>0</b> B	CDUT	00035	OPTICS TRUNNION
61	ADOT	03162	ADOTS ROLL OR OGARATE
62	ADOT +2	03164	ADOTS PITCH OR OMEGA B PITCH
63	ADOT +4	03166	ADOTS YAW OR OMEGA B YAW
644	OPTIONI	06770	
648	OPTION2	00771	
65	TET	01516	
664	THETADX	03223	•
668	THETADY	03224	
674	THETADZ	03225	
6 <b>7</b> B	•		GARBAGE
684	RSBBQ	01432	BBANK AT RESTART
68B	RSBBQ +1	01433	Q AT RESTART
6 9 A			GARBAGE
69B	CHAN77		CHANNEL 77
70A	C31FLWRD	00373	
<b>7</b> 08	FAILREG	00374	
71A	FAILREG +1	00375	

Word_#	Mnemonic	ECADR	Α.
<b>71</b> B	FAILREG +2	00376	
72A	CDUS	00036	OPTICS SHAFT
72B	PIPAX	00037	
73A	PIPAY	00040	
73B	PIPAZ	00041	
74	OGC	02757	
75	I GC	02761	
76	MGC	02763	
77A	FLGWRD10	00106	
77B	FLGWRD11	00107	
78	TEVENT	01014	
79	LAUNCHAZ	02633	
8 O A	OPTMODES	01327	
80B	HOLDFLAG	01330	
814	LEMMASS	03121	•
818	CSMMASS	03122	CSM MASS
8 <b>2 A</b>	DAPDATR1	03114	
8 2B	DAPDATR2	03115	
8 3A	ERRORX	03220	•
8 <b>3</b> B	ERRORY	03221	
8.4A	ERRORZ	03222	
8 4B			GARBAGE
85	WBODY	03154	WBODY OR OMEGAC (ROLL)
86	WBODY +2	<b>C3156</b>	WBCDY OR OMEGAC (PITCH)
87	WBODY +4	03160	WBODY OR OMEGAC (YAW)

# Coast and Align List (Continued)

			1
Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
888	REDOCTR'	01276	•
888	THETAD	01277	DESIRED FINAL COU X
8 <b>9</b> A	THETAD +1	01300	DESTRED FINAL COU Y
89B	THETAD +2	01301	DESIRED FINAL COU Z
90A	I MODES30	01323	:
908	I MODE \$33	01324	
914	DSALMOUT		CHANNEL 11
918	CHAN12		CHANNEL 12
924	CHAN13		CHANNEL 13
928	CHAN14		CHANNEL 14
934	CHAN30		CHANNEL 30
93B	CHAN31		CHANNEL 31
944	CHAN32		CHANNEL 32
94B	CHAN33		CHANNEL 33
95 <b>-</b> 96A	TEPHEM	01700	
96B			GARBAGE
974	SLOPE	03305	
97B	ADB	03306	•
984	DAPDATR3	03070	
98B	CH5FAIL	03071	•
99A	CH6FAIL	03072	
99B	DKRATE	03073	
100A	DKDB	03074	
1008	WHICHDAP	03075	·

### 2.3.1.3 Rendezvous and Prethrust List

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
1 A	I.D.WORD		(OCTAL 77775)
18	SYNCH BITS		(OCTAL 77340)
2-4	RN	01021	CSM STATE VECTOR (POSITION)
5-7	VN	01027	CSM STATE VECTOR (VELOCITY)
8	PIPTIME	01035	CSM STATE VECTOR TIME
9 🛭	CDUX	00032	ACTUAL X CDU ANGLE
9 B	CDUY	00033	ACTUAL Y CDU ANGLE
104	CDUZ	00034	ACTUAL Z CDU ANGLE
10B	CDUT	00035	OPTICS TRUNNION
11	ADOT	03162	ADOTS ROLL OR OGARATE
12	ADOT +2	03164	ADOTS PITCH OR OMEGA B PITCH
13	ADOT +4	03166	ADOTS YAW OR OMEGA B YAW
1 4A	- AK	03125	X ATTITUDE ERROR
148	AK1	03126	Y ATTITUDE ERROR
15A	AK2	03127	Z ATTITUDE ERROR
158	RCSFLAGS	03130	RCS FLAGS
16A	THETADX	03223	
168	THETADY	03224	
17A	THETADZ	03225	
178			GARBAGE

# Rendezvous and Prethrust List (Continued)

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
18	TIG	03412	
194	SLOPE	03305	
198	ADB	03306	
204	DAPDATR3	03070	
208	CH5FAIL	03071	
214	CH6FAIL	03072	
21B	DKRATE	03073	
224	DKDB	03074	
228	WHICHDAP	03075	
23	VHFTIME	01002	
24	MARKDOWN	03654	OPTICS MARK TIME
25 <b>A</b>	MARKDOWN +2	03656	Y CDU ANGLE
25B	MARKDOWN +3	03657	OPTICS SHAFT ANGLE
26A	MARKDOWN +4	03660	Z CDU ANGLE
26B	MARKDOWN +5	03661	OPTICS TRUNNION ANGLE
27A	MARKDOWN +6	03662	X CDU ANGLE
27B	RM	03663	VHF RANGE
28A	VHFCNT	00764	VHF MARKS
28B	TRKMKCNT	00765	OPTICS MARKS
29	TTPI	03642	
30	SVEC +2	03753	
31	DELVTPF	02630	DELTA V MAGNITUDE
32	TNSR	02460	NSR TIME
33	TNCC	02462	NCC TIME
34	TPASS4	03633	TPF TIME

# Rendezvous and Prethrust List (Continued)

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
35-37	DELVSLV	03404	
38	RANGE	02201	n
39	RRATE	02203	RANGE RATE
40-44	FLAGWRDO	00074	FLAGWORDS O THRU 9
45-50	DSPTAB	01216	DSPTAB THRU DSPTAB +11D
51	TIME2	00024	AGC TIME
52-54	R-OTHER	01703	OWS STATE VECTOR (POSITION)
55-57	V-OTHER	01711	OWS STATE VECTOR (VELOCITY)
58	T-OTHER	01642	OWS STATE VECTOR TIME
594	CDUX	00032	ACTUAL X CDU ANGLE
59B	CDUY	00033	ACTUAL Y CDU ANGLE
604	CDUZ	00034	ACTUAL Z CDU ANGLE
608	CDUT	00035	OPTICS TRUNNION
61	ADOT	03162	ADOTS ROLL OR OGARATE
62	ADOT +2	03164	ADOTS PITCH OR OMEGA B PITCH
63	ADOT +4	03166	ADOTS YAW OR OMEGA B YAW
64A	OPTION1	00770	
64B	OPTION2	00771	•
65	TET	01516	
66A	THETADX	03223	
66B	THETADY	03224	
67A	THETADZ	03225	
67B			GARBAGE
68A	RSBBQ	01432	BBANK AT RESTART
68B	RSBBQ +1	01433	Q AT RESTART

Rendezvous and Prethrust List (Continued)

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	•
69A			GARBAGE
69B	CHAN77		CHANNEL 77
70A	C31FLWRD	00373	
708	FAILREG	00374	
71A	FAILREG +1	00375	·
71B	FAILREG +2	00376	
72A	CDUS	00036	OPTICS SHAFT
72B	PIPAX	00037	•
73A	PIPAY	00040	
73B	PIPAZ	00041	
74	NCITIG	03765	f
75	NC2TIG	03767	
76	DHDSP	03547	
77-79	DELVEET3	03623	
A 0 8	OPTMODES	01327	
8 OB	HOLDFLAG	01330	
814	LEMMASS	03121	
818	C SMMA SS	03122	CSM MASS
8 <b>2 A</b>	DAPDATR1	03114	
828	DAPDATR2	03115	
834	ERRORX	03220	
838	ERRORY	03221	
84A	ERRORZ	03222	
848			GARBAGE
85	WBODY	03154	WBODY OR OMEGAC (ROLL)

# Rendezvous and Prethrust List (Continued)

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
86	WBODY +2	03156	WBODY OR OMEGAC (PITCH)
87	WBODY +4	03160	WBODY OR OMEGAC (YAW)
884	REDOCTR	01276	
888	THETAD	01277	DESTRED FINAL CDU X
894	THETAD +1	01300	DESTRED FINAL CDU Y
898	THETAD +2	01301	DESIRED FINAL COU Z
904	I MODE S3 0	01323	
90B	IMODES33	01324	
914	DSALMOUT		CHANNEL 11
918	CHAN12		CHANNEL 12
924	CHAN13		CHANNEL 13
928	CHAN14		CHANNEL 14
934	CHAN30		CHANNEL 30
938	CHAN31		CHANNEL 31
944	CHAN32		CHANNEL 32
94B	CHAN33		CHANNEL 33
95	RTHETA	02205	
96	DVDSP1	03573	
97	DVDSP2	03575	
98	UTPIT	03717	
99.	UTYAW	03721	
100A	FLGWRD10	00106	
100B	FLGWRD11	00107	

2.3.1.4 Entry and Update List

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	•
14	I.D. WORD		(OCTAL 77776)
18	SYNCH BITS		(OCTAL 77340)
2-4	RN	01021	CSM STATE VECTOR (POSITION)
5-7	VN	01027	CSM STATE VECTOR (VELOCITY)
8	PIPTIME	01035	CSM STATE VECTOR TIME
9 A	CDUX	00032	ACTUAL X CDU ANGLE
9 B	CDUY	00033	ACTUAL Y COU ANGLE
1 OA	CDUZ	00034	ACTUAL Z CDU ANGLE
108	CDUT	00035	OPTICS TRUNNION
11	ADOT	03162	ADOTS ROLL OR OGARATE
12	ADOT +2	03164	ADOTS PITCH OR OMEGA B PITCH
13	ADOT +4 ·	03166	ADOTS YAW OR OMEGA B YAW
144	AK	03125	X ATTITUDE ERROR
148	AK1	03126	Y ATTITUDE FRROR
154	AK2	03127	Z ATTITUDE ERROR
158	RCSFLAGS	03130	RCS FLAGS
164	THETADX	03223	
168	THETADY	03224	•
17A	THETADZ	03225	
17B		03226	GARBAGE (DURING UPDATE ONLY)

Entry and Update List (Continued)

Word#	Mnemonic	ECADR	
18A	CMDAPMOD	03331	ENTRY DAP MODE
188	PREL	03332	ROLL RATE
194	QREL	03333	PITCH RATE
198	RREL	03334	YAW RATE
20	L/D1	03635	
21-30	UPBUFF	00304	UPBUFF THRU UPBUFF +19D
3 1 A	COMPNUMB	00300	
31B	UPOLDMOD	00301	
324	UPVERB	00302	
328	UPCOUNT	00303	
334	PAXERR1	03344	
3 38	ROLLTM	03345	
34	LATANG	03675	
35	RDOT	03677	
36	THETAH	03701	
37	LAT(SPL)	03400	
38	LNG(SPL)	03402	
39A	ALFA/180	03316	ALPHA
398	BETA/180	03317	BETA
40-44	FLAGWRDO	00074	FLAGWORDS O THRU 9
45-50	DSPTAB	01216	DSPTAB THRU DSPTAB +11D
51	TIME2	00024	AGC TIME
52	PIPTIME1	01076	
53	DELVX	01304	
54	DELVY	01306	

Entry and Update List (Continued)

			•
Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
55	DELVZ	01310	
56	TTE	03726	
57	VIO	03724	
58	<b>V</b> PRED	03736	
59A	CDUX	00032	ACTUAL X CDU ANGLE
59B	CDUY	00033	ACTUAL Y CDU ANGLE
60A	CDUZ	00034	ACTUAL Z CDU ANGLE
6 O B	CDUT	00035	OPTICS TRUNNION
61	ADOT	03162	ADOTS ROLL OR CGARATE
62	ADOT +2	03164	ADOTS PITCH OR OMEGA B PITCH
63	ADOT +4	03166	ADOTS YAW OR OMEGA B YAW
6 <b>4A</b>	OPTION1	00770	•
64B	OPTION2	00771	
65	TET	01516	
66A	ERRORX	03220	•
66B	ERRORY	03221	
67A	ERRORZ	03222	
6 <b>7</b> B	THETADX	03223	
6 8A	THETADY	03224	
688	THETADZ	03225	
69'A	C MDA PMOD	03331	ENTRY DAP MODE
<b>69</b> B	PREL	03332	ROLL RATE
70A	QREL	03333	PITCH RATE
<b>70</b> B	RREL	03334	YAW RATE
71-80	UPBUFF	00304	UPBUFF THRU UPBUFF +19D

Entry and Update List (Continued)

• • •			
Word#	Mnemonic	ECADR	
814	LEMMASS	03121	
818	CSMMASS	03122	CSM MASS
82A	DAPDATR1	03114	
8 <b>2</b> B	DAPDATR2	03115	
8 3A	ROLLTM	03345	
83B	ROLLC	03346	
8 <b>4</b> A	OPTMODES	01327	
84B	HOLDFLAG	01330	
85	WBODY	03154	WBODY OR OMEGAC (ROLL)
86	WBODY +2	03156	WBODY OR OMEGAC (PITCH)
87	WBODY +4	03160	WBODY OR OMEGAC (YAW)
884	REDOCTR	01276	
888	THETAD	01277	DESTRED FINAL CDU X
894	THETAD +1	01300	DESIRED FINAL COU Y
8 <b>9</b> B	THETAD +2	01301	DESIRED FINAL CDU Z
9 <b>0</b> A	I MODE \$30	01323	
908	I MODES33	01324	
91A	DSALMOUT		CHANNEL 11
918	CHAN12		CHANNEL 12
924	CHAN13		CHANNEL 13
928	CHAN14		CHANNEL 14
93A	CHAN30		CHANNEL 30
938	CHAN31		CHANNEL 31
944	CHAN32		CHANNEL 32
94B	CHAN33		CHANNEL 33

# Entry and Update List (Continued)

Word #	Mnemonic	ECADR	
95A	RSBBQ	01432	BBANK AT RESTART
95B	RSBBQ +1	01433	Q AT RESTART
96▲	,		GARBAGE
96B	CHAN77		CHANNEL 77
974	C31FLWRD	00373	
9 <b>7</b> 8	FAILREG	00374	
984	FAILREG +1	00375	
98B	FAILREG +2	00376	
99∆	FLGWRD10	00106	
9 <b>9</b> 8	FLGWRD11	00107	
100	GAMMAFI	03740	

# 2.3.2 Alphabetic Reference List

	•	•	
Mnemonic -VT/180E	ECADR 03221	Mnemonic CHAN33	ECADR *
ADB	03306	CHAN77	*
ADOT	03162	CH5FAIL	03071
ADOT +2	03164	CH6FAIL	03072
ADOT +4	03166	CMDAPMOD	03331
AK	03125	CMTMTIME	00304
AK1	03126	COMPNUMB	00300
AK2	03127	CSMMASS	03122
ALFA/180	03316	CSTEER	03662
<b>A</b> 0	00327	C31FLWRD	00373
BESTI	00302	DAPDATR1	03114
BESTJ	00303	DAPDATR2	03115
BETA/180	03317	DAPDATR3	03070
CDUS	00036	DELVEET3	03623
CDUT	00035	DELVSLV	03404
CDUX	00032	DELVTPF	02630
CDUY	00033	DELVX	01304
CDUZ	00034	DELVY	01306
CHAN12	*	DELVZ	01310
CHAN13	*	DHDSP	03547
CHAN14	*	DKDB	03074
CHAN30	*	DKRATE	03073
CHAN31	*	DSALMOUT	*
CHAN32	*	DSPTAB	01216

<sup>\*</sup>These mnemonics have no associated ECADRs as they are channels (see E memory Reference List, page 2-54).

Alphabetic Reference	e List (Continued)		F-12
Mnemonic	ECADR	Mnemonic	ECADR
DSPTAB +1	01217	FLAGWRD5	00101
DSPTAB +2	01220	FLAGWRD6	00102
DSPTAB +3	01221	FLAGWRD7	00103
DSPTAB +4	01222	FLAGWRD8	00104
DSPTAB +5	01223	FLAGWRD9	00105
DSPTAB +6	01224	FLGWRD10	00106
DSPTAB +7	01225	FLGWRD11	00107
DSPTAB +8D	01226	GAMMAEI	03740
DSPTAB +9D	10227	GAMMAL	03740
DSPTAB +10D	01230	HAPOX	02203
DSPTAB +11D	01231	HOLDFLAG	01330
DVDSP1	03573	HPERX	02205
DVDSP2	03575	IGC	02761
DVTOTAL	03425	IMODES30	01323
ELEV	03640	IMODES33	01324
ERRORX	03220	$_{ m JJ}$	03741
ERRORY	03221	L/DCALC	03726
ERRORZ	03222	L/D1	03635
FAILREG	00374	LAT(SPL)	03400
FAILREG +1	00375	LATANG	03675
FAILREG +2	00376	LAUNCHAZ	02633
FIXTIME	01333	LEMMASS	03121
FLAGWRD0	00074	LEWD	03724

LNG(SPL)

MARKDOWN

MARKDOWN +2

MARKDOWN +3

03402

03654

03656

03657

00075

00076

00100

00077

FLAGWRD1

FLAGWRD2

FLAGWRD3

FLAGWRD4

# Alphabetic Reference List (Continued)

Mnemonic	ECADR	Mnemonic	ECADR
MARKDOWN +4	03660	PIPAZ	00041
MARKDOWN +5	03661	PIPTIME	01035
MARKDOWN +6	03662	PIPTIME1	01076
MARKTIME	01115	PREDANG	03740
MARK2DWN	03460	PREL	03332
MARK2DWN +2	03462	QAXERR	03223
MARK2DWN +3	03463	QREL	03333
MARK2DWN +4	03464	Q7	03225
MARK2DWN +5	03465	R-OTHER	01703
MARK2DWN +6	03466	RANGE	02201
MGC	02763	RAXERR	03224
NC1TIG	03765	RCSFLAGS	03130
NC2TIG	03767	RDOT	03677
OGARATE	03162	RDOTREF	01277
OGC	02757	REDOCTR	01276
OMEGAB	03162	REFSMMAT	01717
OMEGAC	03154	RM	03663
OMEGAYB	03164	RN .	01021
OMEGAZB	03166	ROLLC	03346
OPTION1	00770	ROLLTM	03345
OPTION2	00771	RRATE	02203
OPTMODES	01327	RRATE2	02205
PACTOFF	03010	RREL	03334
PAXERR1	03344	RSBBQ	01432
PCMD	03252	RSBBQ +1	01433
PIPAX	00037	RTHETA	02205
PIPAY	00040	SLOPE	03305

# Alphabetic Reference List (Continued)

Mnemonic	ECADR	Mnemonic	ECADR
SVEC +2	03753	UPVERB	00302
SW/NDX	00305	UTPIT	03717
T-OTHER	01642	UTYAW	03721
TEPHEM	01700	V-OTHER	01711
TET	01516	VDT/180	03220
TEVENT	01014	VGTIG	03771
TGO	03427	VHFCNT	00764
THETAD	01277	VHFTIME	01002
THETAD +1	01300	· VIO	03724
THETAD +2	01301	VL	03736
THETADX	03223	VN	01027
THETADY	03224	VPRED	03736
THETADZ	03225	VREF	01301
THETAH	03701	V1	00325
TIG	03412	WBODY	03154
TIME1	00025	WBODY +2	03156
TIME2	00024	WBODY +4	03160
TNCC	02462	WHICHDAP	03075
TNSR	02460	XOLDBUF	03165
TPASS4	03633	XPIPBUF	03162
TRKMKCNT	00765	YACTOFF	03011
TTE	03726	YCMD	03253
TTPI	03642	YOLDBUF	03166
UPBUFF	00304	YPIPBUF	03163
UPCOUNT	00303	ZOLDBUF	03167
UPOLDMOD	00301	ZPIPBUF	03164

### 2.3.3 Alphabetic Reference List of Entry Shared Registers

The ECADRs listed below do not reflect the actual E memory address of the listed mnemonics, but rather the ECADR shared for downlink. This list is to be used to locate the description of the downlinked quantity in section 2.4.

Mnemonic	ECAD	R_			
ASKEP	03154				
ASPDWN	03157				
ASPUP	03156				
ASP1	03155				
ASP3	03160				
LCX/360	03222				
PREL	00306,	00311,	00314,	00317,	00322
QREL	00307,	00312,	00315,	00320,	00323
RREL	00310,	00313,	00316,	00321,	00324

2.3.4 E memory Reference List

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0024-0025	TIME2, TIME1	51	51	51	51
0032-0034	CDUX, Y, Z	9-10a;59-60a	9-10a;59- <b>6</b> 0a	9-10a;59-60a	9-10a;59-60a
0035	CDUT	10b;60b	10b;60b	10b;60b	10b;60b
0036	CDUS	72a	72a	72a	
0037-0041	PIPAX, Y, Z	72b-73	72b-73	72b-73	
0074-0105	FLAGWRD0-9	40-44	40-44	40-44	40-44
0106-0107	FLGWRD10-11	77	77	100	99
0300	COMPNUMB				31a
0301	UPOLDMOD			•	31b
0302	BESTI		19a		**
0302	UPVERB				32a
0303	BESTJ		19b		
0303	UPCOUNT				32b
0304-0327	UPBUFF				21-30;71-80
0304	CMTMTIME				21a; 71a
0305	SW/NDX				21b; 71b
0325-0326	V1				29b-30a;79b-80a
0327	A0				30b;80b
0373	C31FLWRD	70a	70a	70a	97a
0374-0376	FAILREG	70b-71	70b-71	70b-71	97b-98
0764	VHFCNT			28a	
0765	TRKMKCNT			28b	
0770	OPTION1		64a	64a	64a
0771	OPTION2		64b	64b	64b
1002-1003	VHFTIME			23	
1014-1015	TEVENT	78	78	•	
1021-1026	RN	2-4	2-4	2-4	2-4
1027-1034	VN	5-7	5-7	5-7	5-7
1035-1036	PIPTIME	8	8	8	8
1076-1077	PIPTIME1	24	•	•	52
1115-1116	MARKTIME	31		<b>\</b>	
1216-1231	DSPTAB	45-50	45-50	45-50	45-50
1276	REDOCTR	88a	88a	88a	88a
1277-1301	THETAD	88b-89	<b>88b-8</b> 9	88b-89	88b-89
1277-1300	RDOTREF				88b-89a
1301	VREF				89b
1304-1311	DELVX, Y, Z	25-27			53-55
1323	IMODES30	9 <b>0</b> a	9 <b>0</b> a	9 <b>0</b> a	90a
1324	IMODES33	90b	9 <b>0</b> b	9 <b>0</b> b	90b
1327	OPTMODES	80a	80a	80a	84a

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
1330	HOLDFLAG	80b	80b	80b	84b
1333-1334	FIXTIME	32	000	00D	040
1432-1433	RSBBQ	68	68	68	95
1516-1517	TET	76	65	65	65
1642-1643	T-OTHER	58	58	58	0.0
1700-1702	TEPHEM		9 <b>5-</b> 96a	00	
1703-1710	R-OTHER	52-54	52-54	52~54	
1711-1716	V-OTHER	55-57	55-57	55-57	
1717-1732	REFSMMAT	34-39	34-39	00 01	
2201-2202	RANGE			38	
2203-2204	HAPOX		28		
2203-2204	RRATE			39	
2205-2206	HPERX		29		
2205-2206	RTHETA			95	
2205-2206	RRATE2			9 <b>5</b>	
2460-2461	TNSR			32	
2462-2463	TNCC			33	
2630-2631	DELVTPF			31	
2633-2634	LAUNCHAZ		79		
2757-2760	OGC		74		
2761-2762	IGC		75		
2763-2764	MGC		76		
3010	PACTOFF	28a	30a		
3011	YACTOFF	28b	30b		
3070	DAPDATR3	20a	98a	20a	
3071	CH5FAIL	20b	9 <b>8</b> b	20b	
3072	CH6FAIL	21a	99a	21a	
3073	DKRATE	21b	99b	21b	
3074	DKDB	22a	100a	22a	
3075	WHICHDAP	22b	100b	22b	
3114	DAPDATR1	82a	82a	82a	82a
3115	DAPDATR2	82b	82b	82b	82b
3121	LEMMASS	81a	81a	81a	81a
3122	CSMMASS	81b	81b	81b	81b
3125	AK	14a;64a	14a	14a	14a
3126	AK1	14b;64b	14b	14b	14b
3127	AK2	15a;65a	15a	15a	15a
3130	RCSFLAGS	15b;65b	15b	15b	15b
3154-3161	WBODY	85-87	85-87	85-87	85-87
3154-3161	OMEGAC	85-87			

momor j	iterer enec Eist, e	Jonivinaca			•
ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3162-3167	ADOT	11-13;61-63	11-13;61-63	11-13;61-63	11-13;61-63
3162-3163	OGARATE	11;61			•
3162-3167	OMEGAB	11-13;61-63			
3162	XPIPBUF			•	11a;61a
3163	YPIPBUF				11b;61b
3164-3165	OMEGAYB	12;62			
3164	ZPIPBUF			•	12a;62a
3165	XOLDBUF				12b;62b
3166-3167	OMEGAZB	13;63			
3166	YOLDBUF				13a;63a
3167	ZOLDBUF				.13b;63b
3220-3222	ERRORX, Y, Z	83-84a	83-84a	83-84a	66-67a
3220	VDT/180				66a
3221	-VT/180E				66b
3223-3225	THETADX, Y, Z	16-17a;66-67a	16-17a;66-67a	16-17a;66-67a	16-17a;67b-68
3223	QAXERR				16a;67b
3224	RAXERR				16b;68a
3225-3226	Q7				17
3252	PCMD	29a;79a			
3253	YCMD	29b; <b>7</b> 9b			
3305	SLOPE	19a	97a	19a	
3306	ADB	19b	97b	19b	
3316	ALFA/180		,		39a
3317	BETA/180				39b
3331	CMDAPMOD				18a;69a
3332	PREL				18b;69b
3333	QREL				19a;70a
3334	RREL				19b;70b
3344	PAXERR1		•		33a
3345	ROLLTM				33b;83a
3346	ROLLC			•	83b
3400-3401	LAT(SPL)				37
3402-3403	LNG(SPL)			•	38
3404-3411	DELVSLV	98-100		35-37	
3412-3413	TIG	18	18	. 18	
3425-3426	DVTOTAL	33			
3427-3420	TGO	23			
3460-3466	MARK2DWN	•	24-27a	•	
3547-3550	DHDSP			76	
3573-3574	DVDSP1			96	
3575-3576	DVDSP2			97	,
3623-3630	DELVEET3			77-79	
3633-3634	TPASS4			34	
3635-3636	L/D1				20

ECADR 3640-3641	$\frac{\text{Mnemonic}}{\text{ELEV}}$	Powered 74	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3642-3643	TTPI			<b>2</b> 9	
3654-3662	MARKDOWN		20-23a	24-27a	
3662	CSTEER	30a			
3663	RM	30b		27b	
3675-3676	LATANG				34
3677-3700	RDOT				35
3701-3702	THETAH				36
3717-3720	UTPIT			98	
3721-3722	UTYAW			99	
3724-3725	VIO				57
3724-3725	LEWD				5 <b>7</b>
3726-3727	TTE				56
3726 - 3727	L/DCALC				56
3736-3737	VPRED				58
3736-3737	VL				58
3740-3741	GAMMAEI				100
3740-3741	GAMMAL	•			100
3740	PREDANG				100a
3741	JJ				100b
3753-3754	SVEC +2	<b>7</b> 5		30	
3765-3766	NC1TIG			74	
3767-3770	NC2TIG			75	
3771-3776	VGTIG	95-97	31-33		
CHANNEL	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0011	DSALMOUT	91a	91a	91a	91a
0012	CHAN12	91b	91b	91b	91b
0013	CHAN13	92a	92a	92a	9 <b>2</b> a
0014	CHAN14	92b	92b	9 <b>2</b> b	92b
0030	CHAN30	93a	93a	93a	93a
0031	CHAN31	93b	93b	93b	93b
0032	CHAN32	94a	94a	94a	94a
0033	CHAN33	94b	94b	94b	94b
0077	CHAN77	69b	69b	69b	96b
	Undefined	17b;67b;	17b;23b;	17b;67b;	1 <b>7</b> b <sup>*</sup> ;96a
		<b>6</b> 9a;84b	27b;67b;	69a;84b	
			69a;84b;		
			96b		

#### 2.4 Description of Telemetered Quantities

This section contains a list of CMC registers making up the various downlists, ordered by erasable memory address, followed by a list of CMC input and output channels. Each entry contains the mnemonic of the register(s) or channel, the downlist word number(s) in which it appears, and a description of its contents.

A register may contain other quantities during programs in which the CMC no longer needs to save the primary downlist quantity.

The following downlist words contain meaningless information:

Powered List: 17b, 67b, 69a, 84b.

Coast and Align List: 17b, 23b, 27b, 67b, 69a,

84b, 96b.

Rendezvous List: 17b, 67b, 69a, 84b.

Entry/Update List: 17b\*, 96a.

\*during update only

				•	
ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0024-0025	TIME2,TIME1	51	51	51	51
	the CMC is on. Ze	word indicating gro roed at liftoff and in 55, Verb 70 (P27) or	cremented by one	bit per centisec	ond. It may
0032-0034	CDUX,Y,Z	9-10a; 59-60a	9-10a; 59-60a	9-10a; 59-60a	9-10a; 59-60a
	of the IMU CDU degrees/360, and i than 70 degrees will 75 degrees, automathe ISS stabilization window of DAPDAT	angles. Each reging angles. Each reging supdated by counted light the Gimbal Latic maneuvers are into a loop will be disabled R1 indicates Saturn ues that correspond	ster is an unsigner interrupts. A mit ock lamp on the DS hibited. Whenever decreased except during Avaconfiguration. As a	ed 15-bit fractiiddle gimbal ang KY. When MG MGA exceeds rerage-G when the result, the CDU	on, scaled gle greater A   exceeds 85 degrees he "config" Z register
0035	CDUT	10b;60b	10b;60b	10b;60b	10b;60b
		n angle CDU, scaled ment varies from - actual trunnion.			
0036	CDUS	72a	<u>72a</u>	72a	
	The optics CDU shadegrees/360. The	naft angle. This reg angle varies ±180 <sup>0</sup> .	gister is an unsigne	ed 15-bit fracti	on scaled,
0037-0041	PIPAX,Y,Z	72b-73	72b-73	72b-73	
	The accumulation of output pulses from the X, Y, and Z accelerometers (a measure of the velocity changes), scaled (centimeters/second)/(5.85 x 2 <sup>14</sup> ). These registers are zeroed by PIPUSE (called by LASTBIAS which is called by PREREAD at the start of Average-G). They are then read and zeroed every two seconds by READACCS (or REREADAC) throughout Average-G.				

See Flagword Table, Sec. 2.5 for descriptive material.

40-44

0074-0105

FLAGWRD0-9

40-44

40-44

40-44

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0106-0107	FLGWRD10-11	77	77	100	99
	See Flagword Ta	able, Sec. 2.5 for de	scriptive material.		
0300	COMPNUMB				31 a

### 0300

The total number (octal) of components the update program expects to receive. For a Verb 71 or a Verb 72 update, COMPNUMB will be set equal to the index value.

#### UPOLDMOD 0301

 $31\,b_{\underline{}}$ 

This is the number of the CMC program which was interrupted by P27, the update program. It will indicate program 0, 2, 20, or Fresh Start (777778).

#### 0302 BESTI

19a

The celestial body I.D. associated in P51, P52, P53, and P54 with the optics mark data in words 20-23a of the Coast and Align list. Each star I.D. will be the octal equivalent of the CMC star number multiplied by six; e.g., for Alpha Tauri, catalogue no.  $11_8$ , BESTI =  $66_8$ . Calculated in P50, P51, P52, P53, P54 and P55.

#### 0302UPVERB

32a

The least significant digit of the verb number which was selected to initiate a desired CMC update.

#### 0303 BESTJ

19b

The celestial body I.D. associated with the optics mark data in words 24-27a of the Coast and Align list. Each star I.D. will be the octal equivalent of the CMC star number multiplied by six; e.g., for Alpha Tauri, catalogue no. 11, BESTJ = 66, Calculated in P51, P52, P53 and P54.

#### UPCOUNT 0303

3**2**b

The octal identifier of the next quantity that the update program expects to receive. As each quantity goes into UPBUFF, UPCOUNT will be incremented by one, until it is equal to COMPNUMB. It will not change during a line-by-line correction of the data load.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0304-0327	UPBUFF				21-30; 71-80
	components in t than twenty qua	he transmitted ordentities, the remaining	through UPBUFF+19Der during P27. If the ng registers may con registers as follows:	update is compo	sed of less
	UPBUFF		IE, time at which bod led centiseconds/2 <sup>14</sup> .	y-rate list was :	last initial <b>-</b>
	UPBUFF+1		combined switch and ad TM. Scaled 2 <sup>-1</sup>		
	UPBUFF+2,	QREL, RR	in the sequence, PRI EL, etc. grees/sec)/1800.	EL, QREL, RRE	EL, PREL,
	UPBUFF+17D,··	+18D = V1*, initia (2 x 25766.	al velocity for UPCO	NTRL. Scale	ed (ft/sec)/
	UPBUFF+19D	= A0 <sup>*</sup> , (high Scaled (ft/s	order register) init	ial drag for UP(	CONTRL.

A single-precision erasable memory cell used to determine if the channel representations of the CMC mode switch, SC control switch, optics mode switch, or optics zero switch are to be used or if back-up indicators are to be used. The erasable is of the form  $\text{AXXDX}_8$ , where:

70a

70a

97a

70a

0373

C31FLWRD

<sup>\*</sup>Not expected to be computed for SKYLAB missions.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	n Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0373	C31FLWRD (Cont.)	<u>70a</u>	70a	70a	97a
		A Value			
		1 G&N Co 2 G&N Co 3 G&N Co 5 SCS Co 6 SCS Co	, 14, 15 of channel 3 ontrol FREE ontrol ATTITUDE HO ontrol AUTO otrol FREE otrol ATTITUDE HO otrol AUTO	OLD	
,		D Value			
		1 or 5 Optics I 2 or 6 Optics I	nd 5 of channel 33 a Mode CMC Mode ZERO Mode MANUAL	re valid	
0374-0376	FAILREG,	70b-71	70b-71	70b-71	97b-98

A set of three single-precision cells used to retain alarm pattern code information. They are all reset to zero by a Fresh Start. FAILREG and FAILREG+1 are also reset to zero by use of the "ERROR RESET" keycode. FAILREG contains the first alarm code received after the "ERROR RESET", FAILREG+1 contains the second, and FAILREG+2 will always contain the most recent alarm code. Octal quantities.

### <u>0764</u> <u>VHFCNT</u> <u>28a</u>

The number of VHF ranging marks incorporated into the state vector since the initialization of P20, scaled 2<sup>-14</sup>. This item is used in the N45 display (two most significant digits of R1) and has a range in that display of 0 to 99 (modulo 100). VHFCNT is incremented each time a VHF ranging mark is incorporated (approx. 1/min if P20 is operating, VHF ranging is on and VHFRFLAG, UPDATFLG and TRACKFLG are set and SNAPFLAG is not set). Set to 0 by Fresh Start and when the W-matrix is re-initialized.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update

# 0765 TRKMKCNT 28b

The number of optics marks incorporated into the state vector since the initialization of P20, scaled 2<sup>-14</sup>. This item is used in the N45 display (two least significant digits of R1) and has a range in that display of 0 to 99 (modulo 100). TRKMKCNT is incremented each time an optics mark is incorporated. The frequency depends upon the astronaut because marking is a manual operation. Set to 0 as in above (VHFCNT).

# <u>0770-0771</u> OPTION1, <u>64</u> <u>64</u> <u>64</u>

OPTION1. The option code which is displayed in R1 in conjunction with a flashing V04N06 to request the astronaut to load into R2 the option he desires.

OPTION2. The astronaut-selected option which was loaded into R2 as a result of the displayed OPTION1 code.

The OPTION1 and OPTION2 codes, scaled in octal, are as follows:

	OPTION1 Code	Purpose	OPTION2 Code (Astronaut Input)
	00001 (during P52, P54)	Specify IMU Orientation	1=Preferred 2=Nominal 3=REFSMMAT
	00002 (during P21 & P29)	Specify Vehicle	1=This Vehicle 2=Other Vehicle
	00012 (during P50)	Specify ATM Orientation Determination Technique	1=ATM Sun Sensor 2=ATM Sun Sensor & Star Tracker 3=Docking Angles from External Source
	00013 (during P55)	Specify tracker angle computation data source	<ul><li>1=Mark on celestial body &amp; IMU</li><li>Orientation</li><li>2=Mark on celestial body &amp; ATM</li><li>in Solar Inertial Orientation</li></ul>
	00024 (during P20)	Specify Tracking Option	0=Rendezvous, VECPOINT 1=Celestial body, VECPOINT 2=Rotation 4=Rendezvous, 3-axis 5=Celestial body, 3-axis
1002-1003	VHFTIME		<u>23</u>

The time (TIME2, TIME1) of the last VHF Range mark that is read by R08 when called by R22. It is scaled centiseconds/2<sup>28</sup>. When VHFRFLAG is found to be set and at least 60 seconds have expired since the time of the last reading, R22 calls

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
1002-1003	VHFTIME (Cont.)			23	

R08 to read the range and record time of reading. This time is stored in VHFTIME upon return to R22. It is used to determine if one minute has elapsed since the last mark was processed and to integrate the state vector to the mark time. It is assumed, for practical purposes, that the range data is acquired at this time but actually there is a very small time delay.

<u>1014-1015</u> <u>TEVENT</u> <u>78</u>

The time of liftoff (P11 clock zeroing), or time of any SPS ignition or shutdown command (P40); whichever occurs last. It is scaled centiseconds/ $2^{28}$  and referenced to the computer clock.

1021-1036 RN, VN, 2-8 2-8 2-8 2-8

CSM state vector and time. The CMC'S latest calculated state vector for the CSM. Words 2-4 contain the position components X, Y, Z, scaled meters/ $2^{29}$ . Words 5-7 contain the velocity components, X, Y, Z, scaled (meters/centisecond)/ $2^7$ . Word 8 contains the time associated with the CSM state vector in words 2-7, scaled centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ , referenced to the computer clock. These parameters are calculated whenever the CSM state vector is permanently extrapolated or changed, as follows:

P00, P20 option 1, 2, 5 - every four time steps

P20 - upon entry (MINKEY) or after initial displays (non-MINKEY options 0, 4), then extrapolated for each mark; updated by each mark incorporation if CM update option.

P27 - update of state vector

Average-G - every cycle

V47 - state vector transfer

P77 - Impulsive  $\Delta V$  Program

1076-1077 PIPTIME1 <u>24</u> <u>52</u>

The time (TIME2, TIME1) at which the PIPAs are read, scaled centiseconds/2<sup>28</sup>. Integration stores the PREREAD state vector time in anticipation of reading PIPAs at that time. Updated by PIPASR every two seconds during Average-G.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
-------	----------	---------	---------------	------------	------------------

1115-1116 MARKTIME 31

The time (TIME2,TIME1) of the last VHF Range mark that is read by R08 when called by P48. It is scaled centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ . It is assumed for practical purposes that the range data is acquired at this time but actually there is a very small time delay.

<u>1216-1231</u> <u>DSPTAB</u> <u>45-50</u> <u>45-50</u> 45-50

The eleven registers, DSPTAB+0 through DSPTAB+10D, indicate the status of the DSKY displays. If bits 15 through 12 are 0001, the next 11 bits will indicate the actual status of the DSKY displays; if bits 15 through 12 are 1110, the next 11 bits indicate the "ones" complement of the status to which the CMC will command the DSKY display. Bits 11-1 of DSPTAB+0 through DSPTAB+10D are decoded as follows:

		Bit Assignments		
DSPTAB	Downlink			
Register	Word Number	Bit 11	Bits 10-6	Bits 5-1
DSPTAB+0	45a	-R3S	R3D4	R3D5
DSPTAB+1	45b	+R3S	R3D2	R3D3
DSPTAB+2	46a		R2D5	R3D1
DSPTAB+3	46b	-R2S	R2D3	R2D4
DSPTAB+4	47a	+R2S	R2D1	R2D2
DSPTAB+5	47b	-R1S	R1 D4	R1D5
DSPTAB+6	48a	+R1S	R1 D2	R1 D3
DSPTAB+7	48b			R1 D1
DSPTAB+8D	49a		ND1	ND2
DSPTAB+9D	49b		VD1	VD2
DSPTAB+10D	50a		MD1	MD2

R3D1 stands for digit one of the third register and VD1 stands for the first digit of the verb display, etc. For the right character of a pair, bit 5 is the MSB with bit 1 the LSB. For the left character of a pair, the MSB is bit 10 with bit 6 the LSB. Bit 11 of some of the DSPTABs contains discrete information, a one indicating that the discrete is on. For example, a one in bit 11 of DSPTAB+1 indicates that R3 has a plus sign. If the sign bits associated with a given register are both zeros, then the content of that particular register is octal; if either of the bits is set, the register content is decimal data. The five bit codes associated with the digits are as follows:

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered		Coast & Align			Rendezvous		Entry/ Update	
1216-1231	DSPTAB's (Cont.)	45-50		45-50			-	45-50	45-50	
			MSI	<u>3</u>	٠		LSB			
		. 0	1	0	1	0	1			
		1	0	0	0	1	1			
		2	1	1	0	0	1			
		3	1	1	0	1	1			
		4	0	1	1	1	1			
		5	1	1	1	1	0			
		6	1	1	1	0	0			
		7	1	0	0	1	1			
		8	1	1	1	0	1			
		9	1	1	1	1	1			
		Blank	0	0	0	0	0			

The following is a diagram of the DSKY face showing positions of the different digits:

				Program		
				MD1	MD2	
***	,					
Verb				Noun		
VD1	VD2			ND1	ND2	
Registe	r 1				•	
Tregibre:			·	1	<del>,</del>	
±	R1D1	R1 D2	R1 D3	R1 D4	R1 D5	
Registe	r 2					
± .	R2D1	R2D2	R2D3	R2D4	R2D5	
Registe	r 3				_	
±	R3D1	R3D2	R3D3	R3D4	R3D5	

DSPTAB+11D. This register drives relays for display lights. The bit assignments are:

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
1216-1231	DSPTAB's (Cont.)	45-50	45-50	45-50	45-50

Bit	Assignment
1	
2	
3	
4	No Attitude
5	
6	Gimbal Lock
7	
8	Tracker
9	Program Caution
10	
11	

If bits 15 through 12 of DSPTAB+11D are 1000, the next 11 bits indicate the state to which the CMC will command the relays; if bits 15 through 12 are 0000, the next 11 bits indicate the actual state of the relays. A one indicates that the discrete is on. A verb 36 fresh start preserves bits 6 and 4, while a restart preserves bits 9, 6 and 4. All other bits are zeroed. An error reset code preserves bits 6 and 4.

<u>1276</u> <u>REDOCTR</u> <u>88a</u> <u>88a</u> <u>88a</u>

Counter for hardware restarts. Set to zero by a keyboard fresh start (VERB 36). Incremented once per hardware restart by the restart program (GOPROG) and scaled  $2^{-14}$ .

1277-1301 THETAD 88b-89 88b-89 88b-89

The final desired CDU angles, (X, Y, Z) treated as 15-bit unsigned quantities and scaled, degrees/360. THETAD+2 should not be in gimbal lock or near it. These items should not be confused with THETADX, Y, and Z.

During P50, these registers are used as pseudo-docking angles (180 -  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ) and hence THETAD +2 is not restricted as above.

Entry guidance\* use these registers as follows:

 $<sup>^{*}</sup>$ This portion of ENTRY program not expected to be exercised for SKYLAB missions.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered .	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
1277-1301	THETAD	88b-89	88b-89	88b-89	88b-89

1277-1301 = RDOTREF (double-precision), reference RDOT for UPCONTRL.

VREF (high-order register only), reference velocity for UPCONTRL.

Both scaled (ft/sec)/(2 x 25766.1973).

#### 1304-1311 DELVX,Y,Z

25-27

53-55

The sampled X, Y, & Z PIPA accumulations (velocity increments) with compensation for PIPA bias and scale factor errors. These quantities are in the stable member coordinate system and are scaled, (cm/sec)/(5.85 x 2<sup>14</sup>). Calculation takes place every two seconds during Average-G. The variation with time and the range of values depend on the acceleration level and compensation. There is a zeroing of all low-order components and a momentary zeroing of DELVY and DELVZ prior to the loading of PIPA contents into respective high-order words (part of READACCS, or REREADAC task). If no restarts occur the momentary zeroing would not appear on the downlink. PIPA compensation follows in Servicer job (inhinted, so that all or no PIPA compensation shows up).

#### 1323 IMODES30

90a

90a

90a

90a

A cell whose individual bits are used to control the monitoring of IMU functions associated with channel 30 (and in a few cases channel 33). Set to 37411<sub>8</sub> for a fresh start; a restart sets the word to 37000<sub>8</sub> plus the present contents of bits 9, 5, 4, 3, 1 (zeroing bit 15, 8, 7, 6, and 2). Word is updated once every 0.48 seconds based upon the channel sampling controlled by the T4RUPT computations. Discussion below ignores settings performed by verb 35 ("lamp test").

- Last sampled value of channel 30 bit 15 (0 if IMU temperature within limits). If bit changes, bit 4 (Temperature caution) of channel 11 is set to agree with this bit. Bit set 0 for a fresh start or restart.
- 14 Last sampled value of channel 30 bit 14 (0 if ISS has been turned on or commanded to be turned on). Bit is used in the control of IMU monitoring logic; set to 1 for a fresh start and restart.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
1323	IMODES30 (Cont.)	90a	<u>90a</u>	<u>90a</u>	90a

- Last sampled value of channel 30 bit 13 (0 if an IMU fail indication produced). Set 1 for a fresh start or restart; if bit becomes 0 while bit 4 of this word is also zero, then channel 11 bit 1 (ISS Warning) is set 1.
- Last sampled value of channel 30 bit 12 (0 if an IMU CDU fail indication produced). Set 1 for a fresh start or restart; if bit becomes 0 while bit 3 of this word is also zero, then channel 11 bit 1 (ISS Warning) is set 1.
- 11 Last sampled value of channel 30 bit 11 (0 if an IMU cage command produced by crew). Set 1 for a fresh start or restart.
- Last sampled value of channel 33 bit 13 (0 if a PIPA fail indication produced), having same value as bit 13 of IMODES33. Bit is set 1 for a fresh start or restart, and if an error reset key code is received via DSKY or uplink. If bit becomes 0 while bit 1 of this word is also zero, then channel 11 bit 1 (ISS Warning) is set 1.
- Dast sampled value of channel 30 bit 9 (0 if IMU turned on and operating with no malfunctions). Set 1 for a fresh start. Alarm 0214<sub>8</sub> is generated if bit goes from 0 to 1 while bit 8 (IMUSE) of Flagword 0 is 1.
- Bit used to control the IMU turn-on sequencing. It is set 1 if bit 7 of this word is sensed as 1, and is reset (with bit 7) to zero 0.48 secs later, before starting the IMU turn-on sequencing. Used to achieve a wait of 0.48 secs before acting on the IMU turn-on information. Set 0 by fresh start or restart.
- Bit used to control the IMU turn-on sequencing. It is set to 1 based on logic using bits 14, 9, and 2 of this word, and is reset to zero (with bit 8 of this word) 0.48 secs later. Also set 0 by a fresh start or restart. Hence can be set to 1 if ISS initialization requested (bit 14 or bit 9 of this word changing) since last fresh start, turn-off of IMU (change in bit 9 of this word), or turn-on delay complete (change in bit 14 of this word).
- Bit set 1 to indicate that IMU initialization is being carried out. Set 1 during turn-on sequence, if a cage command (bit 11 of this word) is received, or if

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
1323	IMODES30	<u>90a</u>	<u>90a</u>	<u>90a</u>	90a

IMU zeroing in T4RUPT is done. Set 0 by a fresh start or restart, about 8.22 seconds after removal of cage command, about 8.22 seconds after start of zeroing in T4RUPT (when bits 8-7 set 0), or about 97.90 seconds after start of turn-on sequence (when bits 8-7 set 0 marks the "start" of sequence). If bit is 1, no verb 37 input is processed and alarm pattern 1520<sub>8</sub> is generated. If bit is 1, an error exit from the internal IMU routines is forced (coarse align, fine align, or gyro torquing).

- Bit set 1 to inhibit the generation of program alarm 0212<sub>8</sub> if a PIPA fail signal (bit 13 of channel 33) is produced. Set 0 as part of a fresh start, and value retained if a restart. Bit not used unless bit 1 of this word is 1. Bit set to 1 during IMU turn-on sequence (when bit 6 is set 1), and reset 0 about 4.0 seconds after bit 6 is reset 0 (alarm generated when Average-G is stopped, if bit 10 of this word is 0, regardless of the value of this bit 5).
- Bit set 1 to inhibit generation of an ISS warning based on receipt of an IMU fail signal. Set 1 as part of a fresh start, and value retained if a restart. Bit reset to 0 when bit 6 is set 0 (having been set 1 when bit 6 set 1). Bit also set 1 when coarse align of IMU is started, and is set 0 about 5.12 seconds after mode change to fine align is done. Also set to 1 for 8.22 seconds when IMU CDU zero commanded outside of T4RUPT package.
- Bit set 1 to inhibit generation of an ISS warning based on receipt of an IMU CDU fail signal. Bit set 0 as part of a fresh start, and value retained if a restart. Bit set 1 when bit 6 of this word set 1, and is set 0 (at end of IMU zeroing sequence) when bit 6 set 0. Bit also set 1 (at the same time as bit 4) for 8.22 seconds when IMU CDU zero is commanded separate from T4RUPT package (via V40E).
- Bit set 1 to indicate failure of the turn-on delay sequence for IMU turn-on (alarm 0207<sub>8</sub> is also generated). Zeroed by fresh start or restart.
- Bit set 1 to inhibit generation of an ISS warning based on receipt of a PIPA fail signal (bit 13 of channel 33). Bit set 1 as part of a fresh start, and value retained if a restart. Bit also set 1 when bit 6 of this word is set 1 (but is not subsequently reset in the T4RUP,T logic, cf. bit 5 of this word).

<u>ECADR</u>	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/
1324	IMODES33	90b	90b	90b	Update 90b

Acell whose individual bits are used to control the monitoring of functions associated with channel 33 (and other items). Set to  $16000_8$  as part of a Fresh Start; a restart sets it to  $16000_8$  + the present contents of bit 6 (other bits set 0); and an error reset key code sets bits 13-11 to 1 (leaving other bits alone). Word is updated once every 0.48 seconds. Discussion below ignores settings performed by verb 35 ("lamp test") except for bit 1.

- Not assigned, hence expected to remain 0.
- Last sampled value of channel 32 bit 14 (0 if a Proceed command is given using the old "standby" button). A transition from 1 to 0 causes a job to be established that has same program logic effect as V33E (from a mission program standpoint). Contrary to the other bits of this word, this bit is updated once every 0.12 seconds. It should be noted that in the case of a response to a V21, V22, and V23, the logic for a Proceed is not the same as for a V33E.
- Last sampled value of channel 33 bit 13 (0 if an accelerometer fail signal, or PIPA fail, produced by hardware). Same quantity loaded into bit 10 of IMODES30 (for program logic control convenience). Fresh start and restart set bit to 1.
- Last sampled value of channel 33 bit 12 (0 if a telemetry end pulse rejected because downlink rate too fast). When a 1 to 0 transition is sensed, alarm pattern 1105<sub>8</sub> is generated. Fresh start and restart set bit to 1.
- Last sampled value of channel 33 bit 11 (0 if an uplink bit rejected because uplink rate too fast). When a 1 to 0 transition is sensed, alarm pattern 11068 is generated. Fresh start and restart set bit to 1.
- 10-7 Not assigned, hence expected to remain 0.
- Bit set to 1 to indicate that IMU use for vehicle attitude information should not be attempted. Bit set 1 the same time as bit 6 of IMODES30 is set 1, and also when bit 4 of IMODES30 is set 1 (for IMU zeroing external to T4RUPT and for IMU coarse align). Bit set 0 if IMU fine align routine is performed. Set 1 if IMU turned off.

ECADR	<u>Mnemonic</u>	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
1324	IMODES33 (Cont.)	90b	90b	90b	90b

- 5 Bit set 1 in IMU zeroing routine external to T4RUPT while zeroing is taking place (for an interval of about 8.22 seconds, at the same time as bit 6 of this word is set in the routine). This routine is entered via V40E.
- 4-2 Not assigned, hence expected to remain 0.
- Bit set to 1 when a verb 35 ("lamp test") is received, and reset to 0 about 5 seconds later. Used to inhibit resetting of lights to 0 in T4RUPT package while the lamp test is being performed.

#### 1327 OPTMODES 80a 80a 80a 84a

A cell whose individual bits are used to control the performance of optics functions within the T4RUPT package. Set to  $00130_8$  (bits 7, 5, 4 = 1) as part of a fresh start; a restart preserves the present values of the bits 5, 4, while setting bit 7 to 1 and zeroing the remaining bits (15-8, 6, 3-1). Word is updated once every 0.48 seconds, about 0.24 seconds before the interrupt that updates IMODES30 & IMODES33.

- 15-11 Not assigned, hence expected to remain 0.
- Bit set 1 to indicate that zeroing of optics completed since last fresh start or restart (both of which set the bit 0). If an attempt is made to drive the optics and this bit is found to be zero, alarm 0120<sub>8</sub> is generated (but computation proceeds).
- 9-8 Not assigned, hence expected to remain 0.
- Last sampled value of channel 30 bit 7 (0 if an optics CDU fail indication has been generated by the optics CDU hardware). If bit 2 of this word is 0, a Tracker alarm (bit 8 of DSPTAB+11) is generated if this bit has a 1 to 0 transition. Bit set 1 by a fresh start or restart.
- 6 Not assigned, hence expected to remain 0.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
1327	OPTMODES (Cont.)	80a	<u>80a</u>	80a	84a

- 5 Last sampled value of channel 33 bit 5 or its backup as indicated by C31FLWRD (0 if optics mode switch set to computer control).
- Last sampled value of channel 33 bit 4 or its backup as indicated by C31FLWRD (0 if optics mode switch set to zero optics). If bits  $5-4 = 11_2$ , this means that optics mode switch set to manual mode.
- Bit set 1 when optics mode switch changed from manual or computer control mode to zero optics mode, to indicate that zeroing of the optics is in progress. If bit is 1, then a switch out of zero optics mode will cause alarm 0116<sub>8</sub> to be generated (if switched to manual, a "grace period" of about 5.3 seconds is provided before the optics-zeroing time counter is reset, during which time a switch back to optics zeroing can be made). Bit remains 1 for about 16.2 seconds, and is then reset to 0 (at same time that bit 10 of this word is set 1, and bit 2 of this word set 0).
- 2 Bit set 1 to inhibit generation of Tracker alarm (bit 8 of DSPTAB+11D) if bit 7 of this word goes from 1 to 0. Bit set and reset at the same time as bit 3.
- 1 Not assigned, hence expected to remain 0.

1330 HOLDFLAG 80b 80b 80b 84b

A multiple purpose switch which is used for establishing the control reference of the autopilot. It has the following three states:

#### State Meaning

- (+) Sample the CDU angles and store in THETADX, THETADY, and THETADZ before resuming attitude hold and resetting HOLDFLAG to (+0).
- (+0) Remain in attitude hold about previously established reference angles, THETADX, THETADY and THETADZ. Set to this state if previously negative by CSM-alone or Docked DAP when  $|MGA| > 75^{\circ}$ . Also set to this state at termination of automatic maneuver.
- (-) Enable automatic steering.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update		
1333-1334	FIXTIME	32	·				
	astronaut. A	r which range and ran automatically increment plete. Scaled centise	nted by four minutes i				
1432-1433	RSBBQ	68	68	68	95		
			•	also Superbank i	nformation		
	occurs.						
1516-1517	TET	<u>76</u>	65	65	65		
	The time of state vector being integrated or the time to which the last state vector was integrated. It is stepped by half-time-step increments (plus or minus) whenever integration is being done. It is scaled, centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ .						
1642-1643	T-OTHER	58	58	58			
		ociated with the OWS s		2through 57, scale	ed centi-		
1700-1702	TEPHEM		95-96a				
	is (approxim	ared in centiseconds (ately) the beginning o	f the Nearest Bessel				

OWS state vector. The CMC's latest calculated state vector for the OWS. Words 52-54 contain the position coordinates, X, Y, and Z, scaled meters/ $2^{29}$ . Words 55-57 contain the velocity components, X, Y, and Z, scaled (meters/centisecond)/ $2^{7}$ . These parameters are calculated whenever the OWS state vector is permanently extrapolated or changed, as follows:

52-57

52-57

52-57

1703-1716

R-OTHER,

V-OTHER

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
1703-1716	R-OTHER, V-OTHER (Cont.)	52-57	52-57	52-57	

P00,P20 option 1,2,5 - every 10 minutes to CM state vector time.

P20 - upon entry (MINKEY) or after initial displays (non-MINKEY options 0, 4), then extrapolated for each mark; updated by each mark incorporation if OWS update option.

P27 - update of state vector.

V66 - state vector transfer.

Termination of Average-G.

## <u>1717-1732</u> REFSMMAT 34-39 34-39

Six elements of REFSMMAT, double precision quantities, transmitted  $R_1C_1$ ,  $R_1C_2$ ,  $R_1C_3$ ,  $R_2C_1$ ,  $R_2C_2$ , and  $R_2C_3$ , each scaled  $2^{-1}$ . REFSMMAT is the 3 x 3 matrix used to convert between reference coordinates and stable member coordinates. The remaining three components of REFSMMAT may be computed as follows:

$$R_3C_1 = (R_1C_2)(R_2C_3) - (R_1C_3)(R_2C_2)$$

$$R_3C_2 = (R_1C_3)(R_2C_1) - (R_1C_1)(R_2C_3)$$

$$R_3C_3 = (R_1C_1)(R_2C_2) - (R_1C_2)(R_2C_1)$$
, where R = ROW and C = COLUMN.

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REFSMMAT is calculated in P11, P51, P52, P53 and P54.

## 2201-2202 RANGE

This parameter is involved in two areas, R31/R34/P37 and R36. In either category it is scaled, meters/ $2^{29}$ . In R31/R34/P37,RANGE is the magnitude of the difference between the radius vectors of the two vehicles (CSM-OWS). In R36, RANGE represents the out-of-plane position for the CSM and is computed as  $Y = \underline{r}_C \cdot \{\text{UNIT}(\underline{v}_W \times \underline{r}_W)\}$ . This item is calculated in P37 or whenever R31, R34 or R36 is selected by the astronaut via V83, V85, or V90. The displayed value can range from 000.00 n.m. to 999.99 n.m. Once the routine is selected, RANGE is recomputed in R31/R34/P37 until program termination ("PROCEED"); in R36 it is necessary to "RECYCLE" in order to have the value recomputed. The update rate in R31/R34/P37 is a function of what other jobs are running.

ECADR Mnemonic Powered Coast & Align Rendezvous Entry/ Update

2203-2204 HAPOX 28

The altitude of the apogee above earth reference radius. Scaled meters/ $2^{29}$ . Calculated in R30 only.

2203-2204 RRATE

This parameter is involved in two areas, R31/R34/P37 and R36. In either category it is scaled (meters/centisecond)/ $2^7$ . In R31/R34/P37 it is defined as the range rate between the two vehicles (CSM-OWS) and is computed as  $\dot{R} = (\underline{v}_W - \underline{v}_C) \cdot \{\text{UNIT}(\underline{r}_W - \underline{r}_C)\}$ . A negative quantity indicates closing. In R36, RRATE represents velocity for CSM in the sense of  $\dot{Y} = \underline{v}_C \cdot \{\text{UNIT}(\underline{v}_W \times \underline{r}_W)\}$ . This item is calculated in P37 or whenever R31, R34, or R36 is selected by the astronaut using verbs V83, V85, or V90. The displayed value can range from 0000.0 fps to 9999.9 fps. It is recomputed in R31/R34/P37 until program termination ("PROCEED"). In R36 it is necessary to RECYCLE in order to update the value, which is valid for an astronaut-selected time. The update rate in R31/R34/P37 is a function of what other jobs are running.

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2205-2206 HPERX 29

PERIGEE. The altitude of the perigee above earth reference radius. Scaled meters/ $2^{29}$ . Calculated in R30 only.

2205-2206 RTHETA 95

This parameter is involved in two areas, RTHETA in R31/R34/P37 and RRATE2 in R36.

RTHETA. In R31/R34/P37 it is the angle from the local horizontal plane to either the CSM X-body axis (Noun 54 flashing) or to the SXT line of sight (Noun 53 flashing). The scaling is in degrees/360. This item is calculated in P37 or whenever R31 or R34 is selected by the astronaut via V83 or V85. It is computed in R31/R34/P37 until program termination ("PROCEED"). The update rate is a function of what other jobs are running.

RRATE2. Same as RRATE for R36 except velocity is for OWS.

<u>2460-2461</u> <u>TNSR</u> <u>32</u>

The time of ignition of the NSR maneuver. Input in P34 (N13). Used to initialize state vector for CDHMVR subroutine. Calculated by P31, P32 and P33. Scaled centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ , referenced to computer clock.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
2462-2463	TNCC			33	opaute
			maneuver. Compu 2 <sup>28</sup> , referenced to		32. Input to
2630-2631	DELVTPF	•		31	
			ccomplish the TPF This quantity is cal		f intercept,
2633-2634	LAUNCHAZ		79		
	in the local horal range from +72	rizontal plane and o to +108° (approx	rth to the IMU stab scaled degrees/36 c.). The item is pa ram, via Verb 78E.	0. The expected	angles will
2757-2764	OGC,IGC,MGC		74-76		
	During R55 and	during the gyro tr	im phase of R50, th	e X, Y, and Z gyro	torquing

During R55 and during the gyro trim phase of R50, the X, Y, and Z gyro torquing angles. During coarse align, in P52 and P54, the desired gimbal angles (outer, inner & middle), scaled degrees/360. During P50, the pseudo-docking angles (180- $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ).

3010-3011 PACTOFF, 28 30 YACTOFF

The SPS engine gimbal-actuator trim angle estimates in the pitch and yaw planes (used to align the engine with the vehicle cg), scaled (seconds of arc)/(85.41 x 2<sup>14</sup>). These values are added to the DAP filter output every DAP sample period as part of the engine gimbal servo command. The variation is usually less than ±2 degrees over the course of a burn. These are equivalent to the upper halves of the double-precision registers, PDELOFF and YDELOFF. These items are set initially by astronauts in R03. They change significantly at the CSM "one-shot" correction time, which is about 3.4 seconds after ignition. For the CSM/LM DAP configuration the "one-shot" occurs at TVC initialization and hence causes no change to PACTOFF or YACTOFF. Incremental changes are made every 0.5 second after the "one-shot" correction and an end-of-burn update is made following the engine shut-down command.

<sup>\*</sup> The LM-CSM docked configuration option exists in the SKYLARK program, although it will not be exercised for SKYLAB missions.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3070	DAPDATR3	20a	98a	20a	

Information concerning the Docked DAP interfaces.

DAPDATR3 is packed with 5 octal digits of information as follows:

Bits	15-13	12-10	9-7	6-4	3-1
	AC-roll	XTAC	XTBD	PCTRL	YCTRL

- (1) AC-roll: Roll jet selection
  - 0 BD preferred
  - 1 AC preferred
- (2) XTAC: X-translation using Quads AC
  - 0 No AC
  - 1 Use AC
- (3) XTBD: X-translation using Quads BD
  - 0 No BD
  - 1 Use BD
- (4) PCTRL: Pitch control
  - 0 Use torque couple control
  - 1 Use Z force control
- (5) YCTRL: Yaw control
  - 0 Use torque couple control
  - 1 Use Y force control

If both XTAC and XTBD are loaded 0, no jets will fire in response to  $\pm X$  THC commands; if both are loaded 1 the autopilot will attempt to use all four quads.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3071	CH5FAIL	<u>20b</u>	<u>98b</u>	20b	

Docked DAP channel 5 jet inhibit. Contains octal sum of codes corresponding to channel 5 jets to be inhibited:

		Jet	Code no.	
		C3(1)	00001	
		C4(4)	00002	
		A3(3)	00004	
		A4(2)	00010	
		D3(5)	00020	
		D4(8)	00040	
		B3(7)	00100	
		B4(6)	00200	
CH6FAIL	21a		99a_	21a

Docked DAP channel 6 jet inhibit. Contains octal sum of codes corresponding to channel 6 jets to be inhibited:

Code no

.Tet

		-	Code no.	
		F	31(9) 00001	
		F	B <b>2(12)</b> 00002	
		Γ	01(11) 00004	
		Ι	D <b>2(10)</b> 00010	
		P	A1(13) 00020	
-		A	A2(16) 00040	
		C	C1(15) 00100	
		C	22(14) 00200	
3073	DKRATE	<u>21b</u>	99b	21b

3072

Docked DAP maneuver rate for both manual rotation and automatic maneuvers scaled (degrees/sec)/( $450 \times 2^{-6}$ ). For manual rotations it is the per axis rate. For automatic maneuvers it is the total command angular rate. This variable is normally loaded in R04 as R1 of N89.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3074	DKDB	22a	<u>100a</u>	<u>22a</u>	
	Docked DAP deadba	and, scaled degre	ees/180. This varia	able is normally	loaded in
3075	WHICHDAP	22b	100b	22b	
	Indicates whether (CSM-alone DAP; se		ocked DAP is opera	ting. Set to 0 a	t start of
3114-3115	DAPDATR1,2	82	82	82	82

Information concerning the CSM-Alone DAP interfaces:

DAPDATR1 is packed with 5 octal digits of information as follows:

Bits	15-13	12-10	9-7	6-4	3-1
	CONFIG	XTAC	XTBD	DB	RATE

- (1) CONFIG: Configuration
  - 0 No DAP or ENTRY DAP
  - 1 CSM
  - 2 CSM/LM\*
  - 3 CSM/SIVB
  - 6 CSM/LM ASCENT STAGE ONLY\*
- (2) XTAC: X-translation using Quads AC
  - 0 No AC
  - 1 Use AC
- (3) XTBD: X-translation using Quads BD
  - 0 No BD
  - 1 Use BD

<sup>\*</sup>The LM-CSM docked configuration option exists in the SKYLARK program, although it will not be exercised for SKYLAB missions.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3114-3115	DAPDATR1,2 (Cont.)	82	82	82	82
	(4)	DB: Deadband			
		0 ±0.5 degree 1 ±5.0 degrees			
	(5)	RATE: Response to 1	RHC, Automatic man	euvers	

- 0 0.05 degree/second
- 1 0.2 degree/second
- 2 0.5 degree/second
- 3 2.0 degrees/second

DAPDATR2 is packed with 5 octal digits of information as follows:

Bits	15-13	12-10	9-7	6-4	3-1
	AC-Roll	Quad A	Quad B	Quad C	Quad D

- (1) AC-Roll: Roll jet selection
  - 0 Use BD Roll
  - 1 Use AC Roll
- (2) A, B, C, D Quad fails
  - 0 Quad Failed
  - 1 Quad OK

<u>3121</u> <u>LEMMASS</u> <u>81a</u> <u>81a</u> 81a

The current mass of the LM vehicle $^*$ , scaled kilograms/ $2^{16}$ . This is a pad load erasable and is not changed in normal use. The astronaut can change it, however, as part of the normal DAPDATA LOAD (R03, V48).

<sup>\*</sup> The LM-CSM docked configuration option exists in the SKYLARK program, although it will not be exercised for SKYLAB missions.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3122	CSMMASS	81b	<u>81b</u>	81b	· <u>81b</u>

The current weight of the CSM vehicle, scaled kilograms/2<sup>16</sup>. It is a pad load erasable which can be altered by the astronaut in R03 (V48). It is changed automatically every 2 seconds during P40 by S40.8 if thrust is OK. This change consists of decrementing the parameter by 200 times the value of the pad-loaded quantity EMDOT, which represents the value of the SPS mass-flow rate in kg/cs.

14-15a; 3125-3127 AK,AK1,AK2 64-65a 14-15a 14-15a 14-15a

> The X, Y and Z (roll, pitch and yaw, respectively) attitude errors used to drive the FDAI display, scaled degrees/180. The roll attitude error register (AK) is loaded with one-quarter the "raw" value during P11 and entry programs while Entry DAP is running, to increase the scale by a factor of four. The attitude errors are about the control axes for CSM-alone or Docked DAP and about the body axes for TVC and Entry DAP. Zeros in bits 15,14 and 13 of DAPDATR1 and a one in bit 2 of Flagword 6 indicate that the Entry DAP is active. During CSM-alone or Docked DAP operation the particular error quantities depend upon the display mode selected. as follows: MODE 1 (selected by V61) results in Autopilot phase-plane errors; MODE 2 (selected by V62) results in total attitude errors with respect to the angles in N22; MODE 3 (selected by V63) results in total astronaut attitude errors with respect to the angles in N17. In MODE 1 the errors should generally remain less than the attitude deadband, ADB. The values are calculated every 200 ms during CSM-alone or Docked DAP operation, whereas in TVC DAP operation, AK is updated every 0.5 second in TVC EXECUTIVE with the complement of OGAERR, and AK1 and AK2 are updated every TVC DAP sample period (in PCOPY and YCOPY) with the respective values of ERRBTMP. The error needles themselves, however, are updated with AKs only every one-half second on a call from TVC EXECUTIVE. Also, with TVC DAP, AK will normally have a magnitude of less than 5 degrees but a jet failed-on could produce a diverging roll attitude. AK1 and AK2 will normally have peak values of up to 3 degrees, converging to 0-1 degrees with time.

<u>3130</u> <u>RCSFLAGS</u> <u>15b;65b</u> <u>15b</u> 15b

A cell whose individual bits are used in monitoring the CSM-alone or Docked DAP.

Bit Meaning

Bit set to 1 during R60 or R67 auto maneuver if high rate (2 deg/sec) has been specified in R03. Bit is reset to 0 at termination of auto maneuver.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3130	RCSFLAGS (Cont.)	15b; 65b	<u>15b</u>	<u>15b</u>	15b

- Bit is set to 1 if rate estimates are not good and a repeat of the rate filter initialization is required. Bit is reset to 0 if the G&N is in control and the IMU data is usable. Approximately 1 second after bit is reset to 0 the rate filter initialization is complete.
- Bit set 1 if the rate damping has not been completed on the roll axis. Bit is reset to 0 if the rate damping has been completed on the roll axis.
- Bit set 1 if the rate damping has not been completed on the pitch axis. Bit is reset to 0 if the rate damping has been completed on the pitch axis.
- Bit set 1 if the rate damping has not been completed on the yaw axis. Bit reset to 0 if the rate damping has been completed on the yaw axis.
- 10,9 Either or both bits are set to 1 when there has been a change in RHC roll command since the last DAP cycle. Additionally, the Docked DAP sets bit 9 to 1 to indicate the beginning or end of an automatic maneuver.
- 8,7 Either or both bits are set to 1 when there has been a change in RHC yaw command since the last DAP cycle. Additionally, the Docked DAP sets bit 7 to 1 to indicate the beginning or end of an automatic maneuver.
- 6,5 Either or both bits are set to 1 when there has been a change in the RHC pitch command since the last DAP cycle. Additionally, the Docked DAP sets bit 5 to 1 to indicate the beginning or end of an automatic maneuver.
- Bit set 1 indicates that the AK values should be updated. Bit is reset to 0 to indicate that the NEEDLE DRIVE routine should be processed with the AK values which have been previously acquired.
- 3,2 If Bit 3, Bit 2 = 11<sub>2</sub> or 10<sub>2</sub>, it is necessary to follow the initialization path of the NEEDLE DRIVE routine.
  - If Bit 3, Bit  $2 = 01_2$ , it is necessary to follow pass 2 of the NEEDLE DRIVE routine.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3130	RCSFLAGS (Cont.)	15b;65b	<u>15b</u>	<u>15b</u>	15b

If Bit 3, Bit  $2 = 00_2$ , it is necessary to follow pass 3 and greater paths of the NEEDLE DRIVE routine.

Bit is set 1 to indicate that the initial pass path in the T6 program should not be followed. Bit is reset to 0 if the T6 program should be initialized.

<u>3154-3161</u> WBODY <u>85-87</u> <u>85-87</u> <u>85-87</u>

WBODYs (when CSM-alone or Docked DAP is on) or OMEGACs (when TVC DAP is on). WBODYs are the desired angular body rates (roll, pitch, yaw) about the control axes scaled (degrees/second)/450. The control axes are rotated w.r.t body axes by -7.25 degrees about +X. OMEGACs are body axis rate commands in roll, pitch and yaw generated by cross-product steering (Roll is ignored by TVC).

Bits 15 and 14 of Flagword 6 indicate which parameter is being sent. Bits 15, 14 and 13 of DAPDATR1 indicate the correct scaling for OMEGAC.

Bits 15, 14 Flagword 6	Bits 15, 14, 13 DAPDATR1	
01	XXX	WBODYs
10	001	OMEGACs for CSM-alone DAP scaled (rev/sec)/12.5
10	010	OMEGACs for CSM/LM DAP. Scaled
·	110	(rev/sec)/6.25.

Entry guidance \* stores the following values into these registers (all scaled deg/360):

3154 = ASKEP, Kepler range angle.

3155 = ASP1, final phase range angle.

3156 = ASPUP, Up-range angle.

3157 = ASPDWN, range angle down to PULL-UP.

3160-61 = ASP3 (double-precision) gamma correction range angle.

3162-3167	ADOT	11-13;	11-13;	11-13;	11-13;
		61-63	61-63	61-63	61-63

ADOTs (if CSM-alone or Docked DAP on) or OGARATE and OMEGABS (if TVC DAP on). ADOTs are DAP - measured vehicle body rates (i.e. the outputs from the CSM-alone or Docked DAP rate filter), roll, pitch and yaw, about the control axes. These axes are aligned with the RCS jet quads and, consequently, are rotated,

 $<sup>^</sup>st$  This portion of Entry programs not expected to be exercised for SKYLAB missions.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3162-3167	ADOT (Cont.)	11-13; 61-63	11-13; 61-63	11-13; 61-63	11-13; 61-63

with respect to the NAV BASE axes, -7.25 degrees about +X. ADOTs are scaled (degrees/second)/450. OGARATE is the measured roll rate obtained by back-differencing the outer gimbal angle (OGA) measurements every 0.5 second, scaled (rev/sec)/2<sup>-4</sup>. This quantity will normally be near zero magnitude but a roll jet failed-on could produce 2-3°/sec rates. OMEGABs are the measured attitude rates about the pitch and yaw body axes, obtained by transforming the back-differenced CDU readings taken each DAP sample period. OMEGAYB is computed each pitch DAP pass; OMEGAZB is computed each yaw DAP pass. The first OMEGAZB value when the TVC DAP is started (or after a hardware restart) is measured over 1.5 DAP sample periods. The time sharing and scaling for OMEGABs are the same as for the OMEGACs. The maximum OMEGAB rate will be less than 5 deg/sec.

NOTE: Even though OGARATE is computed and stored as a single precision quantity, it can be considered a double precision word in which the least significant half is always zero. This is insured by the TVC zeroing loop.

Entry powered flight uses these registers as follows scaled (centimeters/second)/ $(5.85 \times 2^{14})$ :

3162	= XPIPBUF	PIPA Buffers for TM	during	
3163	= YPIPBUF	Entry. PIPs filed here	e every	
3164	= ZPIPBUF)	0.5 second.		
3165	= XOLDBUF	Contain PIPA value		
3166	= YOLDBUF	previously in PIPBUI	ت •	
3167	= ZOLDBUF)			
ERRORX, Y, Z	83-84a	83-84a	83-84a	66-67a

The CSM-alone or Docked DAP phase plane (roll, pitch, yaw) attitude errors scaled degrees/180. During steady state operation the magnitude of ERRORX, Y, and Z should be less than the attitude deadband, ADB. The RCS control axes, with which

3220-3222

these errors are concerned, are rotated, with respect to the body axes, by -7.25 degrees about the +X axis. The error values are calculated:

- During CSM-alone or Docked DAP operation with CMC MODE switch in AUTO or HOLD, every 100 millisecs.
- During CSM-alone or Docked DAP operation with CMC MODE switch in FREE, not updated.

			<u> </u>	100113331331	Update			
3220-3222	ERRORX, Y, Z (Cont.)	83-84a	<u>83-84a</u>	83-84a	66-67a			
	F	Entry Roll DAP uses	these registers as f	Collows:				
	used by Roll DA	P (0 = DAP in						
	3221	3221 = -VT/180E, minus roll rate used by the Roll DAP update Scaled (-deg/sec)/90.						
	3222	= LCX/360, the roll error (prior to reflection, if any) us second Roll DAP update cycle. Scaled deg/360. The value in this cell is used to initialize PAXERR1 (we Entry/Update list); however, PAXERR1 is updated each						
3223-3225	THETADX, Y,Z	16-17a; 66-67a	16-17a; 66-67a	16-17a; 66-67a	16 <b>-</b> 17a; 67b-68			

Powered

ECADR

Mnemonic

During normal CSM-alone or docked DAP operation, when the CMC Mode switch is in AUTO or HOLD and there are no RHC commands, these registers contain the desired current, (i.e., of this DAP cycle opposed to final) roll, pitch, and yaw CDU angles, treated as 15-bit unsigned fractions and scaled degrees/360. These quantities are used in the computation of phase plane attitude errors and are calculated as follows:

Coast & Align

Rendezvous

Entry/

- 1. During automatic maneuvers they are updated every 100 milliseconds.
- 2. During attitude hold they are constants (the desired CDU angles to be held).
- 3. At the end of manual rate maneuvers, after rate damping is complete, THETADX, Y & Z are set to the current CDU angles.
- 4. During manual rate maneuvers and when in FREE mode the registers are not updated.

Entry programs use these registers as follows:

3223	= QAXERR, Pitch attitude er	ror. Scaled degrees/180.
3224	= RAXERR, Yaw attitude err	
3225	= Q7, * high order register	
3226	= Q7,* low order register	UPCONTRL, scaled
	(in word 17b)	$(ft/sec^2)/805$ .

<sup>\*</sup> Not expected to be computed for SKYLAB missions.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3252-3253	PCMD, YCMD	29;79			opuate
	TVC DAPs, scale between ±1 degree	d (seconds of are, while the max	l-actuator position corc)/(85.41 x 2 <sup>14</sup> ). The imum possible values aple period: 40 ms fo	expected range of are ±6 degrees.	of values is They are
3305	SLOPE	<u>19a</u>	97a	<u>19a</u>	
	A DAP quantity spessecond)/degree)/2		e of the phase plane bo	oundaries, scaled	((degrees/
3306	ADB	<u>19b</u>	97b	19b	
	DAP is actively in	control and if the	s/180. If the CSM-alone CMC MODE switch tly used by the DAP.		
3316	ALFA/180				<u>39a</u>
	third rotation of t $\overline{\text{UBY}}$ . The value r	he CM body tri ange is ±180 <sup>0</sup> an Operation of s	Entry DAP and scal ad in the Euler sequ ad is calculated each such is indicated by non-zero.)	ence R, $eta$ , $lpha$ , an 0.1 second after t	d is about he DAP is
3317	BETA/180				39b
	rotation of the CM range is $\pm 90^{\circ}$ and	body triad in the is calculated ea ated by a non-ze	ry DAP and scaled degree Euler sequence $R$ , $eta$ ch 0.1 second after the ero value in bit 12, f	, $\alpha$ , and is about <u>I</u> e DAP is turned $\alpha$	J <u>BZ</u> . The on in P62.
3331	CMDAPMOD			<u>_1</u>	18a; 69a

ENTRY DAP MODE. A 4-position switch specifying branching in Entry DAP, scaled  $2^{-14}$ .

Set to "-1" (77776 $_8$ ) if entry equations sense drag in excess of 0.05 g.

 $<sup>^{*}</sup>$  The LM-CSM docked configuration option exists in the SKYLARK program, although it will not be exercised for SKYLAB missions.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3331	CMDAPMOD (Cont.)				18a; 69a
	Set to "- than 135		e ALFA angle (pitch	attitude) magnitud	de is greater
	Set to "+	1" (00001 $_8$ ) if the	ALFA angle magnitu	de is in the range	45° to 135°.
	Set to "+	$0^{11} (00000_8)$ if the	ALFA angle is less t	han 45°.	
	expected. Thi	s item is calculate	uld be $+1 \rightarrow +0 \rightarrow -1$ . ed each 0.1 second a indicates an active D	after the DAP is	
3332-3334	PREL,QREL, RREL				18b-19; 69b-70
	vector along t corrected for ±20 <sup>0</sup> /sec, QRE	he body X, Y, an $\dot{\gamma}_{\Gamma}$ if $ \dot{\gamma}_{\Gamma}  \geq \dot{\gamma}_{\Gamma}$	and yaw rates, componed $Z$ axes and scaled min. The expected $r$ $x \pm 17^{\circ}/\text{sec.}$ These on in P62.	l (degrees/sec)/1 ange of values wou	800. All are
	Calculation of of flagword 6.	above rates is ind	icated by non-zero va	alues in both bit 1	and bit 2

The CM roll attitude error in body axes generated by the DAP and displayed on the FDAI needle, scaled degrees/360. The error is integrated each 0.1 sec between 2-second DAP updates. This quantity is the same as the item, AK, except for the

33a

scale factor, and is active only after the DAP is turned on in P62. A one in bit 12 of flagword 6 indicates such activity. 33b; 83a ROLLTM

3344

3345

PAXERR1

The roll attitude angle used by Entry DAP, scaled degrees/180. It is the first Euler rotation of the CM body triad about the negative relative velocity vector - UVA, along which  $\underline{\text{UBX}}$  points. The value ranges  $\pm 180^{\circ}$ , is calculated after the DAP is turned on in P62 and is updated each 0.1 second during its operating period. Operation is indicated by a non-zero in bit 12 of flagword 6.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3346	ROLLC				83b

The most significant half of roll attitude command issued by Entry Guidance equations and used by the Entry DAP, scaled degrees/360. The angle is defined as a rotation about the negative relative velocity vector,  $-\underline{\mathbf{y}}_{REL}$ . The value will range  $\pm 180^{\circ}$  and is initially set in P62, based on HEADSUP, and holds until the drag exceeds 0.05g. The quantity will be computed each 2 seconds after P64 until the velocity becomes less than 1000 ft/sec in P67.

# 3400-3401 LAT(SPL)

The geodetic latitude of the entry target, scaled degrees/360. A positive quantity denotes North while a negative quantity indicates South. This parameter is pad loaded or DSKY loaded when P61 or P62 is in progress.

# 3402-3403 <u>LNG(SPL)</u>

The longitude of the entry target, scaled degrees/360. A positive quantity indicates East while anegative quantity denotes West. This parameter is pad loaded or DSKY loaded when P61 or P62 is in progress.

## <u>3404-3411</u> <u>DELVSLV</u> <u>98-100</u> <u>35-37</u>

Impulsive delta V of the CSM in local vertical coordinates at the time of ignition. Vector, scaled (meters/centisecond)/ $2^7$ , is specified by the astronaut (V06N81), uplink, or one of the targeting programs.

# <u>3412-3413</u> <u>TIG</u> <u>18</u> <u>18</u>

The time of ignition (prethrust) or time of cutoff (while thrusting). The changeover in definition for P40 occurs at ignition if an impulsive burn and at first TGOCALC (nominal TIG+2) if steering. This item is scaled, centiseconds/2<sup>28</sup>. This parameter is calculated by P31, P32, P33, P34, P35, P36, and P38. P30 and P77 require TIG as an input. In P77, TIG is loaded with targeted ignition time. If the ignition time must be slipped (alarm 1703<sub>8</sub>), P40 or P41 loads this word with the new ignition time. After ignition for an impulsive burn, TIG is loaded with predicted cutoff time, and after the first TGO calculation (long burn) TIG is loaded with the state vector time plus TGO. After the enter response to the flashing verb 97 (engine fail), the most significant half of TIG is set to -24<sub>8</sub> and the least significant half remains unchanged.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3425-3426	DVTOTAL	33_			opaare

Magnitude of the delta V accumulated since the start of Average-G. Scaled  $(\text{meters/centisecond})/2^7$ .

## 3427-3430 TGO 23

The time to go until engine cutoff, scaled centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ . At TIG-5 for an impulsive burn (TGO < 6) it is calculated once to represent the time from ignition to engine cutoff. If the estimated maneuver time is greater than six seconds and active steering has been initiated, TGO becomes the length of the time from the last PIPA reading to engine cutoff. During a burn in which steering is used, TGO is calculated every two seconds from the start of steering until steering is stopped.

NOTE: TGO +1 is also set to the  $\Delta t$  to cutoff when the call to ENGINOFF is set up by the steering logic or by the computer short burn logic.

## <u>3460-3466</u> <u>MARK2DWN</u> <u>24-27a</u>

These seven registers contain, the time of the mark (TIME2, TIME1), scaled centiseconds/2<sup>28</sup>, YCDU angle, optics shaft angle, ZCDU angle, optics trunnion angle and XCDU angle. This data is associated with the star indexed by BESTJ. XCDU, YCDU, ZCDU and the optics shaft angle are treated as unsigned 15-bit fractions, scaled degrees/360. The optics trunnion angle is scaled (degrees-19.7754)/45. The bias, 19.7754, is programmed-in.

When mark data is obtained using ATM star tracker, optics shaft and trunnion angles are replaced by tracker azimuth and elevation angles, respectively, also **treat**ed as unsigned 15-bit fractions, scaled degrees/360.

## 3547-3550 DHDSP 76

In P31, the computed altitude between the CSM and OWS orbits at NC2 time, scaled meters/ $2^{29}$ . In P32, the desired altitude (pad loaded erasable DHNCC) between the CSM and OWS orbits at NCC time, scaled meters/ $2^{29}$ .

## 3573-3574 DVDSP1 96

In P31, the computed delta V magnitude at NC2 time, scaled  $(m/\csc)/2^7$ . In P32, the computed delta V magnitude at NCC time, scaled  $(m/\csc)/2^7$ .

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3575-3576	DVDSP2			97	
			agnitude at NCC tim		)/2 <sup>7</sup> . In

3623-3630 DELVEET3

77-79

The impulsive delta V (X, Y, Z) calculated via the LAMBERT routine, scaled (meters/centisecond)/ $2^7$ . These quantities are based on the target vector, time of ignition, and transfer time.

3633-3634 TPASS4

34

The time of arrival, scaled centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ , associated with the target vector, RTARG. It is one of the variables used in the determination of the required delta velocity for a rendezvous maneuver. It is calculated in P33 and P35 and is input to the midcourse program P36. It is used in the powered flight programs for Lambert burns.

3635-3636 L/D1

20

The commanded value of lift-to-drag ratio used in Reentry Steering to provide Roll Command, scaled  $2^0$ . It is computed whenever lateral logic is exercised, normally each 2 seconds after the initiation of P64 until the velocity becomes less than 1000 ft/sec in P67. The value range should be equal to, or less than, 1.0. The computation is omitted in P66.

3640-3641 ELEV

74

The angle between the local horizontal plane of the CSM and the line of sight vector to the OWS at TPI. The scaling is degrees/360. This parameter is an input (N55) to P35 also to P31, P32, P33 and P34 (padloaded). Also set to 0 on final pass through P35 (computed TPI time option) in MINKEY if a new time was loaded in N37. The angle is measured in a counter clockwise rotation from the forward-direction path of the CSM (determined by the positive direction of the CSM's velocity vector) to the CSM-OWS line of sight vector. See Fig. 4.1-1 of Section 5 of this GSOP.

3642-3643 TTPI

**2**9

The time of TPI ignition for the rendezvous programs, scaled centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ . It is an input to P31, P32, P33, P34, and P35. It can be updated by P34 and will be computed by P35 if elevation angle is provided.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3654-3662	MARKDOWN		<u>20-23a</u>	24-27a	

These seven registers contain, in the following order: the time of the mark (TIME2, TIME1), scaled centiseconds/2<sup>28</sup>, YCDU angle, optics shaft angle, ZCDU angle, optics trunnion angle and XCDU angle. This data is valid at the time an optics mark is taken in alignment or rendezvous programs. XCDU, YCDU, ZCDU and the optics shaft angle are treated as unsigned 15-bit fractions, scaled degrees/360. The optics trunnion angle is scaled (degrees-19.7754)/45. The bias, 19.7754, is programmed-in.

For P51, P52, P53, and P54, this data is associated with the star indexed by BESTI. When mark data is obtained using ATM star tracker, optics shaft and trunnion angles are replaced by tracker azimuth and elevation angles, respectively, also treated as unsigned 15-bit fractions, scaled degrees/360.

<u>3662</u> <u>CSTEER</u> <u>30a</u>

The Cross Product Steering Constant, "c", used by P40/P41 in the equation  $\Delta \underline{m} = c\underline{b}\Delta t - \Delta \underline{v}$  and certain prethrust computations. It is scaled "c"/4. The value range will be from -4 to +4 (less one bit). It is set by P40 prethrust to 1 if a Lambert burn. It will be zeroed by P40 prethrust if an external  $\Delta V$  burn and also by P41 prethrust.

<u>3663</u> <u>RM</u> <u>30b</u> <u>27b</u>

The range (raw data), from the CSM to the OWS as measured by the VHF range link, using the VHF Range Read Routine (R08). This quantity is a 15-bit integer with the least significant bit equal to 0.01 nmi (multiply by 18.52 to obtain meters). This quantity is modulo 327.68 n.m. Set to zero by P40 and P41.

3675-3676 LATANG 34

The lateral range expressed as an angle, scaled radians/4. It will range at less than 200 n.mi. and is calculated each 2 seconds after the initiation of P63 until the end of P67.

3677-3700 RDOT 35

Altitude rate. The radial component of velocity (negative if descending), scaled (feet/sec)/(2 x 25766.1973). This is a scalar component calculated in earth-centered reference coordinates. If bit 9, flagword 6 (RELVELSW) is zero, the velocity used is inertial. If bit 9, flagword 6 is a one, a velocity relative to air mass is used. The expected range of values runs from less than -7000 ft/sec to +1000 ft/sec and is calculated each 2 seconds after P63 until the end of P67.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3701-3702	THETAH				36

The range between the present position and the estimated landing site, expressed as an angle and scaled, degrees/360. The expected value is less than  $180^{\circ}$ . It is calculated each 2 seconds after start of P63 until the end of P67. It is used in P61 for computing EMS display but is not on the Powered downlist.

3717-3722 UTPIT, UTYAW

98-99

Angles specifying the desired spacecraft axis (SCAXIS) for P20, scaled degrees/360.

3724-3725 VIO

57

These registers have two functions:

P61: VIO, the predicted entry velocity at the EMS altitude above the Fischer radius along a conic path from the present position, scaled (meters/centisecond)/ $2^7$ . The value will be approximately 26,000 ft/sec. (See Note 1 below.)

P64: LEWD,\* UPCONTRL reference L/D. Scaled 20 (max. value of 1.0).

3726-3727 TTE

56

These registers have two functions:

P61-P63: TTE, the time required to traverse the conic path from the present position to the specified EMS altitude above the Fischer ellipsoid, expressed as a negative number, counting down and scaled, centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ . The value is calculated in P61. It will be decremented every two seconds thru P63 and displayed via N63. (See Note 1 below.)

P64 through P67: L/DCALC, onboard estimate of L/D ratio. Scaled  $2^0$  (max. value of 1.0). Exception: garbage if .05GSW = 0 (bit 3 of Flagword 6). This will occur in P66 if a ballistic trajectory is flown. (P66 not expected for Skylab missions.)

 $<sup>^{*}</sup>$ Not expected to be computed for SKYLAB missions.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3736-3737	VPRED				<u>58</u>

These registers have two functions:

P61: VPRED, the predicted entry velocity at 400K feet above the Fischer radius along a conic path from the present position, scaled (meters/centisecond)/2<sup>7</sup>. The value will be approximately 26,000 ft/sec. (See Note 1 below.)

P64: VL\*, exit velocity for UPCONTRL. Scaled (ft/sec)/(2 x 25766.1973).

#### 3740-3741 GAMMAEI

100

These registers have three functions:

P61: GAMMAEI (single precision), the conic flight path angle between the inertial velocity and the local horizontal at the entry interface altitude of 400,000 ft above the Fischer ellipsoid, scaled degrees/360. A minus quantity indicates that the flight path is below the horizontal plane. (See Note 1 below.)

GAMMAEI +1(RTGO, single precision), the predicted range angle from the EMS altitude above Fischer radius to target along conic from present position, scaled degrees/360. (See Note 1 below.)

P64: GAMMAL\* (double-precision), flight-path angle at VL. Scaled  $2^0$  radians.

P67: PREDANG (single-precision), predicted range angle, final phase. Scaled revolutions/ $2^{-3}$ , where a revolution is 21600 n.m.

 $\,$  JJ (single-precision), index in final phase, table look-up. Scaled  $2^{-14}.$ 

(Note 1: If the Recycle option (V32E) of N63 in P61 is exercised, this quantity is recalculated using the current state vector. However, only the result of the final calculation will appear on the Entry and Update list).

<sup>\*</sup>Not expected to be computed for SKYLAB missions.

ECADR	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
3753-3754	SVEC +2	75		30	
	The R27 ran	ge rate, either curr	ent or (during an o	ptimization) conve	rging, scaled

The R27 range rate, either current or (during an optimization) converging, scaled (meters/centisecond)/ $2^6$ .

3765-3766 NC1TIG 74

The time of ignition for the NC1 Rendezvous maneuver, scaled centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ . It is an input to P31.

3767-3770 NC2TIG 75

The time of ignition for the NC2 Rendezvous maneuver, scaled centiseconds/ $2^{28}$ . It is computed in P31 and is an input to P32.

<u>3771-3776</u> <u>VGTIG</u> <u>95-97</u> <u>31-33</u>

The predicted velocity (X, Y, Z) to be gained at TIG in reference coordinates, scaled (meters/centisecond)/ $2^7$ . During Lambert burns, the DELVEET3s from pre-thrust targeting are picked up and stored in VGTIG. External  $\Delta V$  burns compute and store a rotated VG. It is calculated in burn programs: S40.1 computes (X-DELV) or copies (LAMBERT) as part of pre-thrust computations.

Channel	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0011	DSALMOUT	91a	91a	91 a	91 a

Channel 11. A computer output channel whose individual bits are used for display parameter quantities and engine on-off control. A fresh start sets all bits to 0. Processing of a verb 37 and a software restart both set bits 7-3 to 0. V37 also sets bits 10 and 9 to 0. A hardware restart sets all bits to 0 unless bit 7 of flagword 5 = 1 in which case, bit 13 of this word will be set to 1.

#### Bit Meaning

15-14 Not assigned.

SPS Engine on (set 1 in P40 to turn on SPS engine, set 0 to turn it off). Also set 0 if caging command received.

#### 12-11 Not assigned.

- 10 Caution Reset signal (for display system lights). Set to 1 when an error reset key code (from uplink or DSKY) is received.
- 9 Test connector Outbit. Set 1 in accelerometer reading subroutine (READACCS, entered about 2 seconds after Average-G is "started" and each two seconds thereafter until bit 1 of Flagword 1 = 0) and set 0 when Average-G is terminated (shortly after bit 6 of Flagword 7 is set 0).
- 8 Not assigned.
- Operator error light (FLASH). Set 0 when an error reset key code (from uplink or DSKY) is received; set 1 if various procedural items (most of which are related to the DSKY, such as illegal noun/verb combinations) are not performed properly.
- Flash verb and noun lights. Bit is set when an operator action is required (by program means, as a clue to the operator that a response is needed). See discussion of Flagword 4.

Channel	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0011	DSALMOUT (Cont.)	<u>91a</u>	<u>91a</u>	<u>91a</u>	<u>91a</u>

- Key Release light (FLASH). Set 1 if program desires to use display system but external (DSKY or uplink) use of it is being made. Also would be set 1 if an internal or externally initiated monitor display had been started and then some DSKY button was depressed. It is lit if a request for operator response has been initiated and crew does not respond directly to it, but instead displays something else. Set 0 by key release keyboard input, and upon other instances (such as processing of an extended verb) when display system is released by the internal program.
- 4 Temperature Caution light. See bit 15 of IMODES30.
- 3 Uplink activity light. Set when an uplink interrupt is received; reset when an error reset key code is received, a key release key code, or at the termination of P27 (based on receipt of a proceed or terminate response). Bit is also set to 1 in R61 if an R60 maneuver is desired, but the maneuver is inhibited.
- Computer activity light. Set 0 if no active Jobs are to be performed. During P00 probably will be 0 except during the periodic state vector update or gyro drift compensation. It will also be set to one intermittently during P00 if the CSM-alone or Docked DAP is active. Bit is not set 1 if a Task is performed, but instead left at its previous value.
- 1 ISS Warning light. See bits 13, 12, and 10 of IMODES30.

<u>0012</u> <u>CHAN12</u> <u>91b</u> 91b 91b

Channel 12. A computer output channel whose individual bits are used for control of optics/TVC and IMU hardware, and for control of the ISS. A fresh start zeroes all bits and then sets bits 6 and 4 to 1 if bits 6 and 4 of DSPTAB + 11D are both 1. A hardware restart sets all bits to zero. A verb 37 clears bits 2, 3, 8, 10, 11, 13, and 14. A software restart does not change this channel, IMU caging zeros bits 8, 6, 5, 4, and 2.

## Bit Meaning

15 ISS turn-on delay complete. Reset to 0 7.90 seconds after being set 1 at end of 90 second ISS turn-on delay.

Channel	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0012	CHAN12 (Cont.)	91b	<u>91b</u>	<u>91b</u>	91b

- 14 S4B Cutoff command. Bit set in P40 for backup of S4B cutoff whenever SPS cutoff is commanded.
- 13 S4B Injection Sequence Start. Not set by the program.
- 12 Not assigned.
- Disengage optics Digital-to-Analog Converter. Bit set in TVC DAP preparations (S40.6) at the start of the gimbal drive test or trim to avoid driving the optics system with TVC commands if optics had been left in the computer control mode. Set to 0 when the TVC DAP is terminated.
- 10 Zero Optics. Not set by the program.
- 9 S4B Takeover Enable. Set to 1 following a V46E with bits 14-13 of DAPDATR1 = 1 (for Saturn attitude control using RHC). Bit also set to 1 if bit 10 of Channel 30 is sensed as 0 in P11, meaning the Saturn control given to CMC.
- TVC Enable. Set to 1 in P40 shortly after the response to checklist 02048 code, in order to connect the output of the "optics" CDU digital-to-analog converters to the SPS gimbal servo amplifiers. Bit set 0 about 2.5 seconds after engine cutoff command (bit 13 of channel 11 set 0) in the following cases: normal cutoff, an enter or terminate response to a flashing V99N40 initiated at nominal ignition-5 seconds, an enter or terminate response to a flashing V97 initiated by thrust fail routine. Set to 1 in T4RUPT when optics mode is changed to manual and computer-driving of the optics is requested (OPTIND = 0 or 1). Set to 0, if present value is 1, when leaving the manual mode or when terminating computer control of optics (OPTIND = -0 or -1).
- 7 Not assigned.
- Enable IMU error counters. Set 1 during coarse align of IMU, and in order to permit output of error information to the FDAI attitude error needles (bit is set 0 on initialization pass, then set 1; the third pass is the first one with output to needles).

Channel	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0012	CHAN12 (Cont.)	<u>91b</u>	91b	<u>91b</u>	91b

- 5 Zero IMU CDU's. Set to 1 to zero IMU CDU's. Set and reset in T4RUPT or V40E.
- Enable coarse align of IMU. Set 1 to specify coarse align of IMU (cf. bit 6), and also if middle gimbal angle (i.e. CDUZ) exceeds 85°, except during Average-G when the "config" window of DAPDATR1 indicates Saturn configuration.
- 3 Not assigned.
- Enable Optics CDU Error Counters. Set to 0 at start of SPS gimbal trim subroutine, then set 1 about 0.06 seconds after TVC Enable (bit 8 of this channel) set 1, for TVC control; and set 0 at the same time TVC Enable is zeroed, (approximately 2.5 seconds after SPS engine shutdown). In OPTMON routine (entered every 0.48 sec) it is set to 0, then set to 1 about 0.06 sec later, whenever optics mode is changed to manual or CMC and computer driving of the optics is requested (OPTIND = 0 or 1). Set to 0, if present value is 1, when optics mode is changed to zero or when terminating computer control of optics (OPTIND = -0 or -1).
- Zero Optics CDU's. Set 1 for about 0.2 seconds at the end of the optics zeroing sequence (cf. OPTMODES). Not needed for TVC purposes, of course, since these CDU's are optics inputs and TVC merely takes advantage of the digital-to-analog outputs assigned to "optics".

<u>0013</u> <u>CHAN13</u> <u>92a</u> <u>92a</u> <u>92a</u> 92a

Channel 13. A computer output channel whose outputs are used for miscellaneous purposes. Set to 0 by a fresh start or hardware restart. Processing of a verb 37 first clears bits 8 and 9 in DUMMYAD and then clears bits 10 and 11 in STARTSB2, retaining the value of the remaining bits. A software restart clears bits 11 and 10 to zero and retains the value of the other bits.

Channel	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast &Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0013	CHAN13 (Cont.)	<u>92a</u>	<u>92a</u>	<u>92a</u>	<u>92a</u>

- Bit set 1 to permit an internal computer clock (TIME6) to be counted down at a 1600 pps rate. This clock is used for control of jet on-times in CSM-alone DAP, Docked DAP, and the TVC Roll DAP, but is not used for the Entry DAP. When clock has counted down, bit is reset to 0, and the desired program interrupt action initiated.
- Reset input trap circuit 32, concerned with bits 10-1 of channel 32. Bit not set in program.
- 13 Reset input trap circuit 31B, concerned with bits 12-7 of channel 31. Bit not set in program.
- Reset input trap circuit 31A, concerned with bits 6-1 of channel 31. Bit not set in program.
- 11 Enable Standby. Set to 1 in P06 after the clock has been read and reset to 0 by powering up the computer after the standby operation.
- 10 Test DSKY lights. Set 0 by an error reset keycode input; set 1 for about 5 seconds if a verb 35 input is received.
- 9 Not assigned.
- 8 Not used (assigned to "BMAG output enable").
- 7 Telemetry word order code bit. When channel is telemetered, should have a value of 1 (bit 0 only for words 1 and 51).
- 6 Block inputs to uplink cell. Not set by program.
- Not used (connects an alternate input to uplink cell).
- 4 Range Unit activity.
- 3 Range Unit Select a.

Channel	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0013	CHAN13 (Cont.)	<u>92a</u>	<u>92a</u>	92a	92a

- 2 Range Unit Select b.
- 1 Range Unit Select c.

Note: Bits 1 through 4 are assigned control functions for sampling of the VHF Range link to establish quantity fed to cell  $0046_8$  (RNRAD). These bits must contain the quantity,  $1001_2$  in order to obtain this control.

# $\frac{0014}{}$ CHAN14 92b 92b 92b

Channel 14. A computer output channel whose outputs are used for control of computer counter cells. Set 0 by a fresh start or hardware restart. Processing of a verb 37 or software restart does not change this channel setting. An IMU cage command zeros bit 15-6.

- Bit set to 1 to cause output pulses from cell used to drive X-axis IMU CDU error counter (IMU X-axis coarse align or error needle for roll axis). Bit reset to 0 after counter cell reduced to 0 (3200 pps): bit 6 of channel 12 must be set to load error counter.
- 14 Same as bit 15, but for Y-axis (pitch).
- 13 Same as bit 15, but for Z-axis (yaw).
- Bit set to 1 to cause output pulses from cell used to drive optics trunnion or TVC yaw axis. Bit reset to 0 after counter cell reduced to 0 (3200 pps): bit 2 of channel 12 must be set to load error counter.
- 11 Same as bit 12, but for optics shaft or TVC pitch axis.
- Bit set 1 to generate gyro torquing pulses, and reset to 0 when required number produced. Is set when pulse torquing of gyros performed (for IMU compensation or for pulse torquing in P52 or P54 following acceptance of V06N93 display) or during gyro trim phase of R50. Bit also set to 1 in GYCRS (pulse torque coarse aligning in P52/P54).

Channel	Mnemonic		Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update	
0014	CHAN14 (Cont.)	<del>1</del>	. <u>92</u> b	92b	92b	92b	
	Bit		eaning				
	9		•	ive gyro torquing req	•	torquing is	
	8-7 Bits used to specify axis for gyro cinner, middle, outer). Program reset				ro compensation (sequence is Y, Z, X for esets to $00_2$ when done.		
		$01_{2}$ $10_{2}^{\circ}$	No axis X-axis Y-axis Z-axis				
	Bit set 1 (at beginning of routine to generate gyro torquing pulses gyro torquing power supply, and left at 1 (unless a fresh start done command).						
	5	Not used (	assigned to entry	monitoring function).			
	4-2	Not assign	ned.				
	1	Not used (	assigned to "outl	ink activity").			
0030	CHAN30	-	<u>93a</u>	93a	93a	93a	
	Chann	nel 30. A co	omputer input cha	annel for miscellaneou	is functions.		
	Bit	Mea	aning				
	Bit sensed as 0 if stable member temperature within design limits (se 15 of IMODES30).						
		Bit sensed bit 14 of IM		een turned on or comr	nanded to be turn	ed on (see	
	Bit sensed as 0 if an IMU fail indication produced (see bit 13 of IMODES3						

12

Bit sensed as 0 if an IMU CDU fail indication produced (see bit 12 of IMODES30).

Channel	Mnemo	nic Power	red Coast & Al	ign Rendez	vous Entry/ Update
0030	CHAN30 (Cont.)	93a	93a	<u>93a</u>	93a
	Bit	Meaning			
	11	Bit sensed as 0 if ar IMODES30).	a IMU cage command	generated by the	crew (see bit 11 of
	10	Bit sensed as 0 if co	ontrol of Saturn given	to computer.	
	9	Bit sensed as 0 if I 9 of IMODES30).	MU turned on and ope	erating with no ma	alfunctions (see bit
	8	Not assigned.			
	7	Bit sensed as 0 if OPTMODES).	an optics CDU fail	. indication produ	ced (see bit 7 of
	6	Bit sensed as 0 if guby program.	idance reference rele	ase signal produc	ed: bit not sensed
	5		iftoff signal produced, a function that can		
	4	Bit sensed as 0 if Sprogram.	64B separation/abort	signal produced:	bit not sensed by
	3		n preparations for uses not sensed by the fl	-	ne ("SPSready") is
	2	Bit sensed as 0 if program.	CM/SM separation s	ignal produced:	bit not sensed by
	1	Bit sensed as 0 if 'program.	ullage thrust present	" (from Saturn):	bit not sensed by
0031	CHAN31	<u>93b</u>	93b	93b	93b

Channel 31. A computer input from crew control devices, used by CSM-alone or Docked DAP.

Channel	Mnemo	nic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/
0031	CHAN31 (Cont.)	_	93b	93b	<u>93b</u>	Update.
	Bit	Mear	ning			
	15	Bit also bec	omes 1 if IMU	rin control of spacecra J turned off, SCS space clockwise direction.		
	14	Bit sensed a	s 0 if "Free"	mode selected.		
	13		as 0 if "Hold" r atic" mode sel	node selected. If bits	14-13 are 11 <sub>2</sub> , this	s indicates
	12	Bit sensed a	s 0 if translat	ion in -Z direction com	ımanded.	
	11	Bit sensed a	s 0 if translat	ion in +Z direction com	imanded.	
	10	Bit sensed a	s 0 if translat	ion in -Y direction com	imanded.	
	9	Bit sensed a	s 0 if translat	ion in +Y direction com	nmanded.	
	8	Bit sensed a	s 0 if translat	ion in -X direction com	imanded.	
	7	Bit sensed a	s 0 if translat	ion in +X direction com	ımanded.	
	6	Bit sensed a	s 0 if rotation	in negative roll direct	ion commanded.	
•	5	Bit sensed a	s 0 if rotation	in positive roll directi	on commanded.	
·	4	Bit sensed a	s 0 if rotation	in negative yaw direct	ion commanded.	
	3	Bit sensed a	s 0 if rotation	in positive yaw directi	on commanded.	
	2	Bit sensed a	s 0 if rotation	in negative pitch direc	tion commanded.	
	1	Bit sensed a	s 0 if rotation	in positive pitch direc	tion commanded.	

Channel	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ <b>U</b> pda <b>t</b> e
0032	CHAN32	<u>94a</u>	<u>94a</u>	94a	94a
	Channel 32. Docked DAP,		hannel for additional	crew input to CS	M-alone or
	Bit	Meaning			
	15 Not ass:	igned.			
		sed as 0 if "proceed f IMODES33).	key" (formerly stand	lby button) is depr	essed (see
	13-7 Not as:	signed.			
	6 Bit sens	ed as 0 if negative	roll commanded by n	ninimum impulse	controller.
	5 Bit sens	ed as 0 if positive	roll commanded by n	ninimum impulse	controller.
	4 Bit sens	ed as 0 if negative	yaw commanded by n	ninimum impulse	controller.
	3 Bit sens	ed as 0 if positive	yaw commanded by n	ninimum impulse	controller.
	2 Bit sens	ed as 0 if negative	pitch commanded by n	ninimum impulse	controller.
	1 Bit sens	ed as 0 if positive	pitch commanded by n	ninimum impulse	controller.
0033	CHAN33	94b	94b	94b	94b
	Bits 15-11 ar		nnel for hardware state ich are reset by a chaencountered.		
	Bit	Meaning			

## Bit Meaning

- 15 Bit sensed as 0 if the computer oscillator has stopped.
- Bit sensed as 0 if a computer warning is produced. If bits 15-14 = 10<sub>2</sub>, it is concluded that a restart loop exists and a fresh start is done.

<u>C</u> hannel	Mnemon	<u>ic</u> Powered	Const & Align	Pondograna	Entry/
Chamier	MITERITOR	<u>Fowered</u>	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Update
0033	CHAN33 (Cont.)	<u>94b</u>	94b_	94b	94b
		_			
	Bit	Meaning			
	13	Bit sensed as 0 if an ac (See bit 13 of IMODES33).	celerometer fail indic	cation produced (	PIPA fail <b>).</b>
	12	Bit sensed as 0 if a telesexcessive). (See bit 12 of	• •	ted (downlink inte	errupt rate
	11	Bit sensed as 0 if an uplink rate. (See bit 11 of IMODI		ndicating an exces	sive uplink
·	. 10	Bit sensed as 0 if spaced inputs from being loaded an uplink interrupt). The kis present at the interface.	into erasable memory oit reads a binary 1 wh	(and subsequently	generating
	9-6	Not assigned.			
	5	Bit sensed as 0 if computer	control of optics is set	t. (See bit 5 of OF	PTMODES).
	4	Bit sensed as 0 if zero mois selected. (See bit 4 of 0		are both 1, the ma	anual mode
	3	Not assigned.			
	2	Bit sensed as zero if the R	tange Unit data is good	•	
	1	Not assigned.			

Channel 77. A computer output channel, the individual bits of which are used to indicate the source of a hardware restart and/or AGC warning. The channel is initialized to 0 by a V36E (request fresh start). The channel will be zeroed by the final V33E on a P27 state vector uplink and also by a crew or ground V21N10E77EE. Should a hardware restart occur, one of the bits in the channel would be set to 1 indicating the source. If multiple restarts occur, more than one bit could possibly

69b

69b

96b

69b

0077

CHAN77

Channel	Mnemonic	Powered	Coast & Align	Rendezvous	Entry/ Update
0077	CHAN77 (Cont.)	69b	69b	69b	96b

be left set afterwards (i.e., if they were different types). Many restarts of the same type would leave just one bit set with the register REDOCTR indicating the number. The bit definitions are:

Bit	Restart (and/or AGC warning) Cause
15-10	Spare
9	Scalar double frequency
8	Scalar fail
7	Counter fail
6	Voltage fail
5	Night Watchman
4	Rupt Lock
3	TC Trap
2	E-memory parity fail
1	E or F-memory parity fail

Note: A restart due to oscillator fail is not shown in this channel.

# 2.5 Flagbits

# 2.5.1 Alphabetic Listing of Flagbits and Locations

The following table is taken directly from the current program listing.

1.	The following table is taken directly from the current program listing.										
Flag name	Bit and Flag	Flag name	Bit and Flag	Flag name	Bit and Flag						
.05GSW	BIT 3 FLAG 6	INFINFLG	BIT 7 FLAG 8	PRIODFLG	BIT 14 FLAG 4						
3605W	BIT 1 FLAG 8	INRLSW	BIT 5 FLAG 6	PRONVELG	BIT 7 FLAG 4						
34XI SFLG	BIT 6 FLAG 5	INTFLAG	BIT 14 FLAG 10	PTV93FLG	BIT 4 FLAG 10						
45/46FLG	BIT 6 FLAG 3	INTYPFLG	BIT 4 FLAG 3	QUITFLAG	BIT 5 FLAG 9						
500**FLG	BIT 12 FLAG 3	ITERFLG	BIT 13 FLAG 2	R21MARK	BIT 14 FLAG 2						
501* #FLG	BIT 11 FLAG 3	ITSWICH	BIT 14 FLAG 7	R22CAFLG	BIT 7 FLAG 9						
APSESW	BIT 5 FLAG 8	J.S.WT.TCH	BIT 14 FLAG 0	R27FLAG	BIT 12 FLAG 11						
ASTNELAG	BIT 12 FLAG 7	LATSW	BIT 4 FLAG 6	R27UP1	BIT 1 FLAG 11						
ATMEL AG	SIT 11 FLAG 0	MANEUFLG	BIT 5 FLAG 10	R27UP2	91T 2 FLAG 11						
∆TTCHFLG:	BIT 2 FLAG 7	MAPKFLG	BIT 4 FLAG 1	R31FLAG	BIT 4 FLAG 9						
AUTOSEQ	BIT 7 FLAG 10	MAXDEFLG	BIT 12 FLAG 9	P53FLAG	BIT 6 FLAG 0						
AVEGELAG	BIT 1 FLAG 1	MIDIFLAG	BIT 3 FLAG 9	R67FLAG	BIT 2 FLAG 8						
AVEMIDSW	BIT 1 FLAG 9	MIDAVFLG	BIT 2 FLAG 9	REFSMFLG	BIT 13 FLAG 3						
AZIMELAG	BIT 8 FLAG 11	MKOVFLAG	BIT 3 FLAG 4	REINTFLG	BIT 13 FLAG 10						
CALCMAN2.	BIT 2 FLAG 2	MRKIDELG	BIT 15 FLAG 4	REJCTELG	BIT 12 FLAG 10						
CMDAPARM	BIT 12 FLAG 6	MRKNVFLG	BIT 9 FLAG 4	RELVELSW	BIT 9 FLAG 6						
CM/DSTBY'	BIT 2 FLAG 6 BIT 4 FLAG 8	MRUPTFLG	BIT 5 FLAG 4	RENDWELG REVELAG	BIT 1 FLAG 5 BIT 5 FLAG 2						
COGAFLAG	BIT 7 FLAG 3	MWAITFLG	BIT 11 FLAG 4 BIT 6 FLAG 9		BIT 7 FLAG 0						
CULTFLAG CYCLFLAG	BIT 11 FLAG 11	N22ORN17 N77FLAG	BIT 9 FLAG 11	RNDVZFLG RVSW	BIT 9 FLAG 7						
CYC61FLG	BIT 4 FLAG 0	NC12FLG	BIT 5 FLAG 0	SBFLAG	BIT 3/ FLAG 1						
DAPSITI	BIT 15 FLAG 6	NCINTFLG	BIT 2 FLAG 0	SKIPVHF	BIT 10 FLAG ?						
- DAPBIT2	BIT 14 FLAG 6	NCLPFLG	BIT 9 FLAG 1	SLOPESW	BIT 3 FLAG 1						
DIMOFLAG	BIT 1 FLAG 3	NEEDLFLG	BIT 9 FLAG 0	SNAPFLAG	BIT 6 FLAG 11						
DRIFTFLG	BIT 15 FLAG 2	NEWIFLG	BIT 13 FLAG 8	SOLNSW	BIT 3 FLAG 5						
DSKYFLAG	BIT 15 FLAG 5	NEWTELAG	BIT 10 FLAG 5	SOURCELG	BIT 8 FLAG 9						
EGSW	BIT 8 FLAG 6	NJETSFLG	BIT 15 FLAG 1	STATEFLG	BIT 5 FLAG 3						
FNG2FLAG	BIT 11 FLAG 1	NODOFLAG	BIT 1 FLAG 2	STEERSW	BIT 11 FLAG 2						
ENGONFLG	BIT 7 FLAG.5	NODOPO1 '	BIT 12 FLAG 1	STIKFLAG	BIT 14 FLAG 1						
FNTRYDSP	BIT 13 FLAG 6	NORMSW	BIT 10 FLAG 7	STRULLSW	BIT 13 FLAG 6						
ERADELAG	BIT 13 FLAG 1	NOSWITCH	BIT 7 FLAG 6	SWTOVER	BIT 15 FLAG 9						
ETPIFLAG	BIT 7 FLAG 2	NOUNFLG	BIT 10 FLAG 11	TARG1FLG	BIT 10 FLAG 1						
EXTRANGE	BIT 9 FLAG 10	NRMIDELG A		TCOMPFLG	BIT 5 FLAG 10						
FINALFLG	BIT 6 FLAG 2	NRMNVFLG	BIT 8 FLAG 4	TDFLAG	BIT 3 FLAG 11						
FIRSTFLG	BIT 7 FLAG 2 BIT 7 FLAG 11	NRUPTFLG	BIT 4 FLAG 4	TERMIFLG	BIT 15 FLAG 7						
FIXELAG	BIT 3 FLAG 0	NWAITFLG	BIT 10 FLAG 4	TFFSW Timrflag	BIT 1 FLAG 7 BIT 11 FLAG 7						
FREEFLAG' FULTKFLG	BIT 2 FLAG 10	ORDERSW	BIT 6 FLAG 8	TPIMNFLG	BIT 3 FLAG 10						
GAMDIFSW	BIT 11 FLAG 6	P21FLAG P25FLAG	BIT 12 FLAG 2 BIT 4 FLAG 11	TRACKELG	BIT 5 FLAG 1						
GLOKFAIL	BIT 14 FLAG 3	P29FLAG	BIT 4 FLAG 11 BIT 1 FLAG 0	UPDATFLG	BIT 7 FLAG 1						
GONERY	BIT 8 FLAG 7	P35FLAG	BIT 8 FLAG 10	UPLOCKFL	BIT 4 FLAG 7						
GONEPAST	BIT 10 FLAG 6	P48FLAG	BIT 5 FLAG 11	UTFLAG	BIT 9 FLAG 8						
GRRBKFLG	BIT 5 FLAG 5	PSOFLAG	BIT 10 FLAG 0	V37FLAG	BIT 6 FLAG 7						
GUESSW	BIT 2 FLAG 1	P50.1FLG	BIT 12 FLAG 0	V50N18FL	BIT 15 FLAG 3						
GYMDIFSW	BIT 1 FLAG 6	P55.1FLG	BIT 13 FLAG 0	V960NFLG	BIT 3 FLAG 8						
HDSUPFLG	BIT 11 FLAG 10	PCFLAG	BIT 1 FLAG 10	VEHUPFLG	BIT 8 FLAG 1						
HIND	BIT 6 FLAG 6	PCMANFLG	BIT 15 FLAG 10	VERIFLAG	BIT 3 FLAG 7						
IDLEFAIL	BIT 6 FLAG 1	PDSPFLAG	BIT 12 FLAG 4	VFLAG	BIT 10 FLAG 3						
I GNFL AG	BIT 13 FLAG 7	PFRATFLG	BIT 4 FLAG 2	VHFRFLAG	BIT 9 FLAG 9						
IMPULSW	BIT 9 FLAG 2	PINBRELG	BIT 6 FLAG 4	VINTFLAG	BIT 3 FLAG 3						
IMUSE	BIT 8 FLAG O	POOFLAG	BIT 9 FLAG 3	VNFLAG	BIT 2 FLAG 4						
INCORFLG	BIT 11 FLAG 5	PRECIFLG	BIT 8 FLAG 3	XDEL VFL G	BIT 8 FLAG 2						
•	•		,	XDSPFLAG	BIT 1 FLAG 4						

### 2.5.2 Flagbit Definitions

   FLAG	I I I B T T	AGC MNEMONIC	SET 1	 	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0 BY	 	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
10	115	Not Used	1	   			!	Should always be 0
10	114		Orbital  Integration	integrated	•	Integration	In integration,  State vector is  being integrated	1   
10	13	P55.1FLG	•	P55 option 1 is operating	     		P55 option 1 is not loperating	1
10 1	12	P50.1FLG		P50 option 1 is operating	<del> </del>   		P50 option 1 is not poperating	1
10 1	11	ATMFLAG	SXTSM	SXTSM should check digit C of STARCODE	Set at SXTSM when   called by P51, P52,   P53, P54	SXTSM ROO .	SXTSM should ignore digit C of STARCODE	
10 1	10	P50FLAG	İ	Inhibit gimbal lock alarm (401) in CALCGA during P50		CALCGA ROO	Allow 401 alarm	
	9	NEEDLFLG	<b>V</b> 63	"total attitude error" and display it on FDAI error	bit 6) determines    whèther the "total		CSM-alone or Docked   DAP is to display   Mode I errors   ("autopilot   following errors")   On FDAI error   needles	
	8 1	ì	R02   P5 1   P5 3   P5	1		Syst.Test V56 (or any		

	-	MNEMONIC	BY	1 INDICATES	COMMENTS	ВУ	0 INDICATES	COMMENTS
0	17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	RNDVZFLG 		Rendezvous		1200	navigation and	
0	I  6 !	IR53FLAG	R53 	R53 has been started		R52	R53 has not been  started	
<u> </u>	1 15 !	INC 12FLG		P32 (NC2) targeting    computations to be    performed	·	P31	P31 (NC1) targeting    computations to be    performed	
<del></del>	   4   	ICYC61FLG	R61	First KALCMANU call    from R61; indicates    KALCMANU to return    to P61			2nd KALCMANU call  from R61; indicates    KALCMANU to issue  commands	
<del>0</del>	13	FREEPLAG	R54 	Astronaut accepts    star data test		1R54	Astronaut rejects    star data test	
0	12	INCINTFLG	P31   P32 	Program to use conic   integration of state   vectors		P31   P32   P33	Program to use  precision  integration of state  vectors	
0	   	IP29FLAG		P29 running, 1st		P29   R00	P21 running or P29     is finished with   first pass	Peset after first pass of P29

CONDITIONS,

SET 0

CONDITIONS,

    PLA(	         	AGC   AGC   T  MNEMONIC	SET 1	I I 1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET O	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
11	115   	NJETSPLG	FRESHDAP	(X-translation will	Bit 10 of DAPDATR1   not = bit 7 of  DAPDATR1	IRO3   FRESHDAP		Bit 10 of DAPDATR1  = bit 7 of DAPDATR1
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	114	STIKPLAG	or Docked.	P20 automatic  tracking to be  inhibited because  astronaut has  deflected RHC; or   MGA  > 75 degrees		1 7 5 8   V 3 7 	Neither condition   that sets STIKPLAG   has occurred	1
1         	113 1 1 1	ERADPLAG	i	[ellipsoid to	set to 1 in the  SKYLARK program 	P11   P21   P29   P67   R30	Use fixed earth	
1.         	112	NODOPO1	 	Prelaunch phase  completed; selection  of P01 and summing  of uplink key codes  prohibited	lunchanged by Fresh	Pad load	Prelaunch phase in	
† † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † †	11	ENG 2P LAG	•	done by RCS 	Por branching in	P40         	Thrusting will be	
1 1 1	110	1	P20 (option   0,4)	R52 to track OWS		1 v 3 7 t	R52 to track star	1
1 1	19	· · ·	1 P32	Computing delta  altitude error at  NSP time in P31/P32	]	P3 1   P3 1	Computing delta  altitude error at  NCC time in P31	!
1	18	VEHUPFLG	<b>V</b> 81	CSM state vector is		V80       	OWS state vector is   OWS state vector is	

FLAG	    BIT  	AGC   MNEMONTC	I SET 1 I BY L	   1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0 BY	1 	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
1	7   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1		( 0,4) (P30	Updating of state  vector in P20 (by  optics or VHF marks)  is allowed   		P31   P32   P33   P34   P35   P36   P39	vector in P20 not lallowed; the performance of the performance of the computations in F52 for P20 is omitted and the performance of F22 computations is suppressed.	Reset by targeting programs during comp cycle in order to avoid erasable conflict
1	16	IDLEFAIL	i ·	Inhibit thrust fail   monitor routine for   2 seconds		•	monitor routine	Reset after a  2-second delay from  the time it was  set.
	15		P20   P21   P29   P30   P31   P32   P33   P34   P35   P36   P37   P38   V37   1	•		POCDOO IMU TURNOFF IMUCAGE IMUCARS V56 (or any other P2C termination) V37	 	
1	141	MARKFLG	•	A mark exists which   can be rejected	received	•		Peset when current mark rejected, end of marking, or software or hardware restart
1	3	SLOPESW		 	Set only on first	 	have been started	Not reset if first  pass results are  satisfactory 

IGSOP

FLAG	    BIT	AGC MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	   1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0 BY	 	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
11	2	GUESSW	INIȚVEL 		Set in INITVEL only  When called by P33,  P35, P36 or LAMBERT  Aimpoint Maneuver  Prethrust Routine:  this bit is  equivalent to the  switch f(1) of  Section 5.5 of this  GSOP	540.9	A guess of COGA is  to be used by  LAMBERT     	
1 	1	AVEGFLAG	PREREAD   	Average-G is to  Cycle at 2 second  intervals	 		Average-G cycle is to be terminated	

•

1

.

     FLAG	I IBIT	   AGC  MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	I I 1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0	O INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
12	15         	† †	P51	drift compensation  enabled 	after pulse  torquing; set in  P51/P53 after PRO  to V50N25 (R1 =  C0015)	talign	Pree flight gyro  drift compensation  disabled   	
1 2	114	† 	0,4) 1 1 1R23	for rendezvous  navigation    R23 marking is  complete, resume  regular optics	PELINUS restart  points        Set at response to	1,2,5)         V37   V54	1	  -  Reset at initiation
l   2   ·	113	i	1P32 1P33 1	15 iterations have   loccurred in the  subroutine ITFR;   non-convergence of a  computational loop  in P31, P32 or P33	   	•	15 iterations have not occurred in subroutine ITER; [computation loops in P31,P32 or P33 have [converged]	
12	112	P21FLAG		Use base vector for  calculation in P21		STARTSB2	Calculate base  vector in P21	
12	111 	STEERSW	† 	steering, check for low thrust and		P40	computations   	Reset if measured acceleration is less than an erasable constant or if time-to-go <
1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	110	SKTPVHF	1 1 1	Restart (software, hardware, or V37) has occurred; VHF read routine disregards mark if hit finds this bit on	 	P08	VHF read routine may   process mark; no   restart has occurred   during read cycle	İ
1 2 1 1	9       	IMPULSW     	•	seconds		BCC   P40 	Burn time > 5  seconds   	

   FLAG	1   BIT 	AGC MNEMONIC	   SPT 1   BY 	I I I INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	   SET 0   BY	O INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS									
12	18	i I	•	External delta-V  targeting/guidance   	İ		LAMEERT  targeting/guidance 										
12	7 ( ! !	FIRSTFLG	P41	First pass through  LAMBERT computations  not completed 		P41											
	7	ETPIFIAG	 	and TPI time is to be computed	to the initial		and an elevation langle is to be  computed     	Reset on PRO   response to the   initial VC6N55   display in P35; reset on final pass   in P35 during   MINKEY if computed   TPI time option was   initially selected   and a new time was   manually loaded   into N37									
	16                   	i   	P32   P33	The final pass through rendezvous targeting program is to be performed	response to V16N45	P32   P33   P34	through rendezvous  targeting program	Peset before first   V16N45 display;   Controls setting of UPDATFLG (flag 1   bit 7), and   Controls program   Performance for response to the   V16N45 display   Controls   V16N45 display   Controls	12	5   	REVFLAG		GET.LVC is only to compute matrix		STAFTSB2	•	Reset before
12	14		P41	XSMD contains a  preferred  orientation		P54	XSMP does not  contain a preferred    orientation 	Reset at TIG-30 in   P4C/P41     									
12	3   	SBFLAG	 	Poutine has been	Set at start of P40  and at ENTR  response to V97 	pun											



. •	  PLAG	  BIT 	AGC MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	i 1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0 BY	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
	12	2	CALCHAN2		calculations are	causes the maneuver steering code to perform	i i	The maneuver start    branch should not be   taken in the    steering logic   	
	12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		P00-type	V37 selection of any   program other than   P00 is prohibited 		Periodic		
2-113									

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	  PIAG  	BIT	AGC MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	   1	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET C BY	I I 0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
-	13	15	V 50N 18PL	P20		Set during P20  initialization	•	Inhibit R60 attitude  maneuver in P20	
1				V58	1 	  Set by extended  verh to enable  automatic maneuver  in F20	! 1 ! !	1 	
 		 		1 †¥37    -	l	  Set by any maior  mode change except  POO	 		
1 1 1	3	14 1	GLOKPAIL	i 1	degrees results in a  code 401 program  alarm 		Perform- ance Test		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3             	13		P51   P52	REPSHMAT is valid (alignment of IMU in (inertial space is (known)	 			Peset temporarily in P51/P53, P52/P
-           	3	12	500**FLG		İ	500 alarm means not lenough jets enabled for some bitch or lyaw command		! !	
1 1 1 1 1	3           	11	501**FLG		•	501 alarm means not lenough jets enabled for some roll command			
Ī	3 †	10		•	Suitable star pair has not been found	·		Suitable star pair has been found	
!	3 [	9 1	POOFLAG		Periodic integration is being done	Set for POO or P20 (option 1,2,5)		Periodic integration is rot being done	

PLAG	    BIT	I AGC I MNEMONIC L	SET 1   BY	1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	   SET 0     BY	9 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
13	8             	PRECIFLG    -  -  -  -  -  -	Integration   STATINT1	integration although  POOFLAG (flag 3 bit  9) is set   	verb integration in	Integration	integration logic	Tested only if POOPLAG (flag 3 bit 9) is set Reset at exit from Orbital Integration
13	.]   7     	CULTPLAG	P54   R52 	Star being examined  is occulted by sun  or earth; or, in  R52, required  sextant trunnion  angle >90 deg	i	P54   R52 	Star is not occulted; or, in 1852, required Isextant trunnion langle < or = 90 deg	
1/3	16	45/46FLG	i	turn-on extended	Used to determine  correct setting of  WHICHDAP	İ	V46 was last DAP   turn-on extended   verh	
13	15	ISTATEFLG  I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Integration	vector is to be updated by Orbital Integration	integration is done	Integration   POODOO   ENDINT  -	vector not to be updated 	Reset by Orbital Integration if QUITFIAG (flag 9 bit 5) is set and upon completion of integration
† 3   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		LEMCONIC     INTINT	Conic state vector   Conic state vector   extrapolation to be   done in Orbital   Integration	 	LEMPREC   MIDTOAVE	Precision state vector extrapolation is to be done in Orbital Integration	

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   FIAG	   PIT	AGC  MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	 	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	I SET 0 I BY	 	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
† 3	3			Extrapolate CSM  state vector   	† † † † † † † †		Extrapolate OWS  state vector   	 
3	2 . [	Not Used	   			1	 	Should always be 0
13 1				W-matrix to be   integrated   	Set if RENDWFLG  (flag 5 bit 1) is  set   	Orbital  Integration  MIDTOAVE  INTEGRVS  CSMCONIC  LEMCONIC  CSMPREC  LEMPREC  SETIFLGS  SETIFLGS  P21  P29	W-matrix not to be   integrated	Orbital Integration   (if W-matrix  overflows)   

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  FLAG	  BIT 	AGC MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET C BY	C INDICATES	CONDITIONS COMMENTS
4     	15     	MRKIDFLG	Display   interface   routines	Mark or extended    verb display is in    ENDIDLE			No mark or extended    verb display is in    ENDIDLE	
14	114	PRIODFLG		Priority display is    in ENDIDLE   			No priority display     is in ENDIDIE   	
14	13       	NRMIDPLG	Display   interface   routines			Display   interface   routines    STARTSB2		
4	12   	PDSPFLAG	•	Priority display    status exists		STARTSB2	Priority display     status does not     exist	
<del>   </del>	11       	MWAITFLG	interface   routines 	Higher priority  display operating    when mark or    extended verb    display initiated		interface   routines    STARTSB2	No higher priority   display operating   when mark or   extended verb display initiated	
1	110	NWAITPLG	interface   routines	Higher priority    display operating    When normal display    initiated		interface    routines	No higher priority   display operating   when normal display   initiated	
14	19 1 1	MRKNVFLG	interface   routines	Astronaut using		interface    routines	Astronaut not using   keyboard when mark   or extended verb   display initiated	
14	18	NRMNVPLG	interface	Astronaut using  keyboard when normal   display initiated		interface	Astronaut not using   keyboard when normal  display initiated	
14	7 	PRONVELG	interface   routines	Astronaut using    keyboard when    priority display    initiated		interface    routines	Astronaut not using   keyboard when   priority display   initiated	
14	16	PINBRPLG	interface   routines   	Astronaut has interfered with existing display; or mark/extended verb display terminated while bit 13 or 14 is set to 1		interface	Astronaut has not     interfered with     existing displays	

FLAG	BIT	AGC   HNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0	0 INDICATES	CONDITIO
14	5     	MRUPTPLG	interface	Mark/extended verb    display interrupted    by priority display		interface   routines	Mark/extended verb    display not    interrupted by  priority display	
4	14	NRUPTFLG         	interface   routines 	Normal display    interrupted by    priority or    mark/extended verb    display		interface   routines  STARTSB2	Normal display not	
14	13 1 1	HKOVPLAG	Display   interface   routines	Hark/extended verb    display over normal    display		interface	No mark/extended    Verb display over    normal display	,
14	12     	•		Display is a VNFLASH display			Display is not a    VNFLASH display	
4   	[ 1 	XDSPPL AG		Hark/extended verb   display status   exists		interface	No special	

P	. !			<del></del>		<u> </u>	•	•	
1	LAGI	BIT	AGC   MNEHONIC 	SET 1 BY	I I 1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
15     	1	15	DSKYPLAG		IA DSKY key has been  depressed; DSKY data  should be displayed	1	()   	Leave DSKY blank	Not set to 0 except   by Presh Start
15	Ī	14	Not Used	1	1	<u> </u>	+	<del> </del>	I   Should always be 0
15		13	Not Used	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1	<u> </u>	
15	1	12	Not Used	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
15             		1 1 1	INCORPLG	1 	computation of  observation data  into the state  vector is in  progress	Enable magnitude  Checks leading to a  possible V06N49  display in R22	1	1st incorporation   computation of   observation data   into the state   vector is complete	
15         	.    -   	10	NEWTPLAG	i I	Set temporarily in  P29 to indicate new  iteration of  longitude  calculation	 	R00   P29 	Normal operation of   P29	! ! !
15	1	9 1	Not Used	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	I  Should always be 0
15	1	8	Not Used	<del></del>	<u> </u>		<del> </del>		
15 1 1	1	7	ENGONPLG	   	ISPS engine on  command has been  generated (Chan 11  bit 13 set to 1)	1	P40   IMUCAGE   R00	Chan 11 bit 13 has   been set to 0 by the   program	<u> </u>
15	1	6		P20 (option 4,5)   V49 (R62)	R60 is to perform a  3-axis maneuver		P40/P41   P40 (R63)   P20 (option   0,1)	R60 is to perform a   VECPOINT maneuver	1       
15 1 1	1	5       	GRRBKFLG	 	Backup liftoff has been requested to initiate P11 from P02		1   	Backup liftoff has   not been requested	  Not set to 0 except  by Fresh Start 
15	17	4 1	Not Used	<u> </u>			<del> </del>	<del> </del>	  Should always be 0
1		4					<u> </u>	L	L

PLAG	BIT	AGC MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0 BY	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS COMMENTS
15	13		LAMBERT   SUFFCHEK  -  -  -  -  -  -  -	conic subroutines  due to  non-convergence to  the transfer time or  if angle between the  two input position  vectors was less  than about 1/2  minute of arc	tested by the program; time-radius subroutine is not subroutine is not subroutine is not skylark	LAMBERT    -	Required parameters     have been computed     by conic subroutines	
15	2	Not Used	<u>                                     </u>				L	Should always
5   1   1   1   1   1	1   1   1   1   1   1	RENDUPLG	 	considered valid for rendezvous	processing of a set of mark information	Integration	valid; W-matrix is   not to be integrated   	Reset by Orbit Integration if  W-matrix  integration  overflows. Re  by P27 on stat  vector update

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	  PLAG	  BIT 	AGC MNEMONIC L	SET 1 BY	i   1 indicates 	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET C BY	O INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
			DAPBIT1  DAPBIT2           		indicate which DAP  configuration has  been selected:  11 Saturn DAP  10 TVC DAP  01 RCS DAP	Set to 11  in SATSTKON (V46  when bits 14-13 of  DAPDATR1 = 11)    Set to 10  at 0.4 seconds  after ignition  (P40)	'	1	These bits are
	† 1 † 1 †	 			  -  -  - 	Set to 01  In RCSDAPON (V45  and V46 when bits  14-13 of DAPDATR1  unequal; or P40  after TVC shutdown)	 		
2-121	i i i i i i	! ! ! !			 	Set to 00   Jat EXDAPOFF (V46   When bits 14-13 of   DAPDATR1 = 00)   Lignition (P40)   CM/DAPON (P62)	1 1 1 1 1		
- ·	6         	13           	STRULLSW  -  -	P40   	 	Set STEERSW (flag 2  bit 11) at ignition  + 2 seconds to  permit steering and  time-to-cutoff  calculations	ROO	1	Do not set STEERSW     (flag 2 bit 11) at     ignition + 2     seconds
	6         	13       	İ	STARTENT   P65.1   P66END	current display  nouns when Entry		P65.1   P62   R00		Reset before N69 is displayed
	6           	12	CHDAPARH		(allow Entry firings  and calculations) 	Set shortly after  GAMDIPSW (flag 6  bit 11) becomes 1  (within 0.5  seconds)	P62 	firings and  calculations:	Reset shortly  before start of    V50N25(R1= 41)  display
	L	L					L	- <b>L</b>	L

PLA:	    BIT	AGC   MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	   1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, CONHENTS	   SET 0   BY	 	CONDITIONS,   COMMENTS
16	11             	GAMDIPSW 		Entry DAP  computations	seconds of the  Average-G cycle  following reset     	   	Entry DAP   computations	Reset shortly   before start of       V50N25(R1= 41)     display
16	110	GONEPAST	P67	control before  drag > 0.05g;  No lateral control	Set in P67 if bit 8  of flag 7 is sensed  as 1 (hence is a  latched version of  bit 8 of flag 7)	j	0.05g sensed - allow  lateral control  calculations 	Reset near start of
6       	9       	RELVELSW	targeting	velocity to be used    for Entry targeting    and computations	Set if EGSW (flag 6   bit 8) is 1 and   Average-G output   indicates   VMAG < 12883.1 FPS	 	Inertial velocity to  be used for Entry  targeting and  computations	Reset near start of P63
6   	8   	EGSW		Entry computations	Used by targeting for range prediction	•	Not final phase of  Entry calculations	       
16	i 7 I I I	NOSWITCH		Lateral reversal of roll command during present steering cycle inhibited	If drag > 140 ft/sec/sec	LIMITL/D	Lateral reversal of  roll command during  present steering  cycle permitted	
6     	6   	HIND	Ī	BUNTEST iteration calculations are to be performed		PREHUNT	calculations are not  to be performed 	Reset near start of   P63   This bit expected   to remain 0 for the   SKYLARK Program
16	5 	INRLSW			Set first time drag > 0.05g		Not yet sensed drag	Reset near start of
6           			P63	top" required (downlift not inhibited)	Set shortly before start of V50N25(R1= 41) display Set near the start of P63 and after roll "over the top"	· [	Enforce a roll "over the top" (downlift inhibited)	

	<del></del>		<del></del>					•	
	  PLAG	BIT	AGC MNEHONIC	SET 1 BY	   1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0	 	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
				Entry  targeting   	 	Bit set to 1 by  Fresh Start	P62  P63  Entry  targeting	Sensed drag < 0.05g	
	6		CM/DSTBY   	 	Entry DAP not to be   in standby (i.e., it   is activated)	Set shortly before  start of V50N25(R1=  41) display	P67.1   AVGEND		Reset after  response to V16N67
	6	1     	GYMDIPSW	<b> </b> 	computed and	(flag 6 bit 2) is 1   and bit 6 of  IMODES33 is 0		differences nor body  rates can be  computed nor  computations	Reset shortly  before start of    V50N25(R1= 41)  display  Reset if bit 6 of    IMODES33 is 1
					CHDAPARH (flag 6 bit  12) 			<b>i</b> 1	Reset after    response to V16N67    display
2-123		. ,							·

  PLAG	BIT	AGC HMEMONIC	SET 1 BY	1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
7 	† 15   	TERMIFLG	R53	R53 has been  completed	 	R52	R53 not complete	
7 	14	ITS WICH   	P34   P35           	A solution for TPI  time has not yet  been reached	 	P35	time has been  reached 	Reset at response
7     	13	IGNPLAG	P40 	time has arrived;	Set at TIG-0 and at  ENTR response to  V97 	ROO	Nominal ignition	
		ASTMPLAG	 	SPS engine-on has  been authorized by  the crew; ignition  to be performed when  nominal ignition  time occurs	İ	R00   P40 	SPS engine-on has   not been authorized   by the crew	Reset at ENTR response to V97
7	11		P31 P32	Permit time-to-go  calculations (in  CLCKTASK) to  continue   		R00   P30   P31   P32   P33   P34   P35   P36   P38   P40   P41	Terminate time-to-go   calculations (in   CLOKTASK)	

	   PLAG 	!   BIT 	AGC   MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	I I INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	I SET O I BY L	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, CONNENTS
2-125	17	1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	NORMSW	INITVEL	is input to LAMBERT routine	Set when target   vector lies inside   vector lies inside   vector is a   mathematically-def- ined cone whose   vertex is the   vertex is the   vertex is the   vertex is the   vertex is the   vertex is the   vertex is the   vertex   ver		LAMBERT is to  compute its own unit  normal vector                             	Reset when target     vector lies outside     "the cone"
	7	1 8 1	GONEBY	P35   P38 	Time-theta and   Time-radius routines   are to compute only   the time required to   transfer through the   specified transfer   angle or to the   specified radius   respectively	equivalent to the switch f(6) of Section 5.5 of this GSOP	P32   P34             Entry		Should always be 0    Reset at completion  of final Average-G
 	7	5	Not Used	; L	 	    		 	state vector has   been updated

	   PLAG	;   BIT 	AGC MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET C BY	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
	7   † 	14	UPLOCKPL	UPRUPT	processing an input	<pre> 1, all uplink  information except</pre>		failure has occurred	This bit is reset when "error reset" code is received via uplink; the DSKY RSET key does not reset this bit
- 1	7 	13	V ER IFLAG	P27           	i I I	Value of this bit   is complemented   when final V33   entry received in   P27; indicates   uplink information   will be used to   update erasable   memory	P27           	               	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· [	7	12 1	ATTCHPLG	S41.2.		This bit is not  tested by the  program	541.2 	Bits 14,13 of    DAPDATR1 not = 10	
2-126	7	1	TPPSW	CALCTPER		Set if perigee  altitude > or =  300,000 ft. 	CALCTPP I I I	Calculate time of    free fall to    interface altitude    for R30 or time to    EMS altitude for P61	

•	  PLAG	ВІТ	AGC   MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0 BY	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
	18	15	Not Used	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			Should always be 0
•	18	114	Not Used	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 		Should always be (
•	1   8   	13		Integration	1st time step in Orbital Integration; do 4 time-step logic	POOFLAG is set and		Not 1st time step in Orbital Integration	
	18	112	Not Used	!		<u>                                     </u>	!		Should always be (
	18	111	Not Used	!		!	<u> </u>		Should always be (
-	18	110	Not Used			i	L		Should always be (
2-127	B	9                     	UTFLAG		F20 option 1, 2, or 5 is operating	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		 	   .             
	18	18	Not Used	 		1		   	Should always be (
	8	17 1 1 1 1 1 1		Time-radius	computed (transfer  required past a  hyperbolic  asymptote)		Time-radius           	Physical solution   has been obtained or   has not yet been   attempted	 
	18	6         	ORDERSW	! ! ! !		Never set to 1;   this bit is   equivalent to the   switch f(4) of   Section 5.5 of this   GSOP	 	ITERATOR uses 1st   order standard mode   	 

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1	PLAG	    BI1	I AGC I MNEMONIC L	I SET 1 BY	 	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0	I I I O INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8	15 1 1 1 1 1 1	APSESW	1	pericenter     	Isubroutine is not	! ! ! ! !	Desired radius was  between pericenter  and apocenter radii     	
. [8	3	1 4	COGAPLAG	Time-radius	No solution exists (flight path angle < 11 deg 47.5 min or > 178 deg 12.5 min.)	subroutine is not  used in the SKYLARK	ITime-radius	Solution is possible	
1 1		ŧ ! !	V960NFLG	<b>V</b> 96	POO integration is inhibited	1		POO integration is  enabled 	
181	; ; ;	! ! ! ! ! ! !	 	! ! ! !	R67 is active	1 1	V37   R67   V56 (or any   other   P20   termi-   nation)		Reset in R67 if
18	. !	1 1   1 	1	Time-theta  Time-radius  LAMBERT 		Time-radius subroutine is not used by the SKYLARK program; this bit is equivalent to the switch f(w) of	Time-radius	Transfer angle not near 360 degrees	

			•				•		
•	   FLAG	    BIT 	AGC MNEMONIC	SET 1 BY	I I I 1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0		CONDITIONS,
·	9   	15     	SWTOVER	SWICHOVR	Switch-over to low   bandwidth CSM/LM DAP   filter has occurred	114,13 of DAPDATR1	ROO  TVCINIT	No switch-over has	"0" is normal state
,	19 1	14	Not Used	†   	1	<u> </u>   	<u></u>		
	19 1	13 L	Not Used			   	<u>†</u>		Should always be 0
		l	MAXIBPLG   	j 1	5-degree deadband  was selected in RO3		RO 3	0.5-degree deadband  was selected in RO3	 
	19 	111	Not Used	   		 	†		Should always be 0
	19 1	110 L	Not Used	<del> </del> 			<del></del>	1	Should always be 0
	19 1 1	9     	VHPRPLAG     	V87     	R22 permitted to accept range data		V37   V88 	R22 inhibited from  accepting range data 	Will not be reset   When changing major   mode during MINKEY   sequence
	19 1	8 	SOURCPLG	B 2 2	Source of input data  is VHF radar	     	R22	Source of input data  is optics	   
	19 1 1	7   	R22CAFLG         	B22 	1	When set, a MARK   REJ or V86 will	R22 	Optics mark is not being processed	       
	9     	6     	N 220RN 17 	¥62           	Use angles stored in  #22 to compute  "total attitude  error" for FDAI  display	 	V63       	Use angles stored in  N17 to compute  "total attitude  error" for FDAI  display	
	9	5	QUITFLAG         	1 V96 	V96 has been   selected, causing   integration (if any)   to be terminated and   program to transfer   to P00, with   periodic integration   inhibited	P27) is selected   	1	V96 has not been  selected; or V96 has  been selected and  has been processed 	
	19	4	R31PLAG	P37   ¥83	R31 selected		▼85 	R34 selected	 
	9   	3	HID1FLAG	HIDTOAV 1  -  -  -  -	HILTOAV1 called   integration		MIDTOAV2   NOTINE 	MIDTOAV2 called  integration; or  TIG-30 < 12.5  seconds in the  future	L

,	PLAC	GIBIT	I AGC IMMEMONIC	<u> </u>	1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
	19   	2   		R41   (HID TO  AVE)	Integration was  called by R41	   	INTEXIT	Integration was not    called by R41	
	j9   	11	AVEHIDSW	AVETOHID	Writing of CSM state  vector into downlink  registers is  inhibited	Purpose of current  integration is to  synchronize  W-matrix	INTEXIT		·
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2-130						·			
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PLA	GIBIT	AGC HANEHONIC L	SET 1 BY	i   1 INDICATES 	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0 BY	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
1 10 	15 	PCMANFLG	1	P2C is to exit after  plane change  attitude maneuver     		RO 7   V 3 7 	P2C may operate  normally     	Reset upon
10	† 14   	INTPLAG    -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -  -	         	routine has called  INTSTALL and is in  the process of  integrating; other  users desiring to  use integration must  wait	subroutine called  by all programs and  routines prior to  using integration,  in order to avoid	GOPROG 2 ENEMA	No program or	1 1 1
10 	113		programs	Integration   Currently in   Integration   Integrated		INTWAKE POODOO	Current integration,  if any, is not  restartable   	1 1 1 1
10	12       	REJCTFLG	¥86 	Optics mark   Currently being   Processed by R22 has   Deen rejected	İ	R22	Optics mark being  processed by R22 has  not been rejected	I   
10		HDSTIPPLG	1	initialized to 0  degrees) 	This bit is  unchanged by Fresh  Start;  this bit is  normally pad loaded  as "1"			This bit is set or  reset by ground or  crew action 
10	110	Not Used	1	!	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	!	Should always be 0
10	19 1	EXTRANGE		(in R61) is valid	R63RANGE is used by   R08 to determine if   range > 327.68 n.m.	Ì	R63PANGE is invalid	1
10	†8     	P35FLAG			  Set on final pass  through P36 	R22		  Reset after  W-matrix is  initialized

2	
_	
32	

	<del></del>	<del></del>					****		
	  FLAG	i    BIT 	AGC   MNEMONIC	SET 1 By	i i 1 indicates	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0	  -   0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
•	10	1 7 1 1	AUTOSEQ	ROO	sequence operating   	rendezvous  targeting programs	V56 (or any   other   P20	<b>1 1</b>	
,			] 			Ì	nation)		
· , i		 	 	R07   		Set on PRO response  to V50N25 (R1 = 17)		1	Reset on ENTR  response to V50N25    (R1 = 17)
( -	! ! ! !	 	 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ł 4	i ▼37 		V37 DSKY selection    of any program
	10     	6	TCOMPPLG	i ! !	torquing, the 2-gyro  will be torqued -45	COS (CDUY) and delta   V (Y local vertical)   have different   signs	 	During MINKEY plane   Change pulse   torquing, the Z-gyro   Will be torqued +45   degrees and then -45   degrees	COS(CDUY) and delta  V(Y local vertical)   have the same sign
	10	5		P32   P33   P34   P35	incorporated since  the last final  computation cycle of  rendezvous targeting  program	PRO response to V16N45 display and On PRO response to	ĺ		Reset after mark    incorporation
	10	4	PTV93FLG	1	initialization to be  performed after the  next burn 	W-matrix and other	 		Reset when W-matrix initialized
·		1	. (	BO7 	1	Set in RO7 on PRO response to V50N25 (R1=17) if RENDWFLG (flag 5 bit 1) = 0	1		 
1	10	3 1	TPIMNFLG			Set on final pass    in P35			Reset on entrance   to P35
1	1 1	1		P36         		Set on entrance to P P36	¥37   		This bit will not   be reset when   changing major mode  in an automatic   MINKEY seguence

FLAG	BIT	AGC HNEHOHIC	SET 1	1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
10	2       	FULTRPLG	V 5 7     	Cnly one type of   marking (optics or   VBP) is being   performed for   rendezvous   navigation	Crew option (load)    -  -  -  -	¥57         	Both optics and VHF   are being used for   rendezvous   navigation	Crew option (load)
10		PCFLAG	P36   	Plane change  targeting (P38) and  first entrance to  P52 for MINKEY plane  change pulse  torguing			targeting   	Reset by selection of P31 - P37; at IPRO response to IV50N25 (R1 = 17); Reset when pulse torquing done in IP52 in first MINKI selection

PLAG	BIT	AGC   MNEMONIC	SET 1	1 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS	SET 0 BY	0 INDICATES	CONDITIONS, COMMENTS
11	15	Not Used	[	!	!	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Should always be
11	114	Not Used	<u> </u>	!	1	<del> </del>	<del></del>	
11,	113	Not Used	<u> </u>	!	<del> </del>	ļ		
11	112	R27PLAG	V76	Allow R27 to be  called from R22		1 P20   ¥77	Inhibit R27 in R22	Reset on entrance
11	† 11   	CYCLFLAG	P48 	B27 in P48 has not   yet finished its   mark processing		¥37   ¥48 	R27 in P48 has  completed its mark   processing	
11	110 	NOUNFLG	R27	Display N77 in P25	! !	R27   R27	Display N76 in P25	   
11	19 1 1	N77FLAG	B27 	remain static	N77 holds either  last current or  optimized range and  range rate	R27 	R1 and R2 of N77 are  being updated 	
11	8     	1	4,5)	P20 (option 4 or 5)  operating; R61  attitude maneuvers  to be 3-axis	İ		R61 attitude  maneuvers to be  VECPOINT	
11	17     	PIXPLAG	1	range and range rate	Optimizing interval is optimization time +/- 95 seconds	i	R27 is updating  range and range rate  for the current time	
11	6     	SHAPPLAG		in the future		R27   V37 	Optimization time is in the past or >20   seconds in the   future	
11	15 !	P48FLAG	P48	Program is P48		V37   P47	Program not P48	<u> </u>
11	14	P25FLAG	P25	Program is P25		v 37	Program not P25	
11	3     	TDF LAG	l I	optimization has		¥37   R27 	poptimization not yet	R3 of N77 is updated (except i P25)
11	12	R270P2	İ	initialization pass		<del>                                   </del>	Second pass in R27  not yet complete	
11	1   	R270P1	İ	First initialization pass in R27 complete	mark has been	1	First pass in R27  not yet complete	   

2.6 Effects of Fresh Start (V36) and Hardware Restart on Flagword and Channel Bits

	Downlist		Fresh	Start	(V36)			Hardw	vare R	estart	
Flagword	Word	15-13	12-10	987	654	3 2 1	15-13	12-10	987	654	3 2 1
0	40	000	000	000	000	000	บบบ	UUU	บบบ	UU0	UUU
1	40	000	U <b>00</b>	000	000	000	บบบ	UUU	UUU	UC0	UUU
2	41	000	000	000	000	000	C0U	<b>0</b> U1	UUU	U <b>0</b> U	UUU
3	41	<b>00</b> U	000	000	000	000	UUC	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU
4	42	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
5	42	000	000	000	000	000	uuu	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU
6	43	000	000	000	000	100	טטט	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU
7	43	000	000	000	000	000	บบบ	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU
8	44	000	000	000	000	000	עעע	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU
9	44	000	000	000	000	000	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU
10	(varies)	000	0U0	000	000	000	UOU	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU
11	(varies)	000	000	000	000	000	บบบ	UUU	UUU	UUU	טטט
Channel	Downlist Word		Fresh	Start	(V36)		Hardware Restart				
11	91	000	000	000	000	000	00+	000	000	000	<b>00</b> U
12	91	000	000	000	*0*	000	000	000	000	*0*	000
13	92	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
14	92	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
30	93	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU	עטט	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU
31	93	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU	บบบ	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU
32	94	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU	טטט	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU
33	94	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU	UUU	111	11U	UUU	$\mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}$	UUU
77	(varies)	000	000	000	000	000	טטט	UUU	RRR	RRR	RRR

KEY:

- 0 Bit set to 0
- 1 Bit set to 1
- U Bit unchanged
- \* If IMU was in Coarse Align, set bits 4 and 6, otherwise reset to 0
- + Set to 1 if ENGONFLG is on, otherwise reset to 0
- C Bit set to 0 if IMU was in Coarse Align otherwise
- unchanged.

  R Set 1 if this bit indicates cause of restart, otherwise unchanged

# BLANK

Appendix A
PCR-PCN Checklist

The preparation of this issue of GSOP Section 2 reflects the implementation of the Skylark Program PCRs and PCNs listed below.

PCR/PCN	Title
003	Improved Short Burn Logic
004	Deletion of Verb 94
005	Deletion of Verb 59
006	Deletion of Verb 52
007	Deletion of Verbs 44 and 45
800	Routine 57 Deletion
010	Routine 05 Deletion
011	Programs 72-79 Deletion
013	Deletion of Lunar Surface Alignment Option
014	Program 39 Deletion
015	Program 38 Deletion
016	Program 37 Deletion
017	Program 23 Deletion
018	Program 22 Deletion
019	Program 24 Deletion
021	Program 32 Deletion
022	Lock Out Moon Midcourse Perturbations
025	Extended Range Capability
030	Addition of NCC Maneuver Computation Capability
032	VHF Range Rate Computation and Display
035	Add TEPHEM to the Coast and Align Downlist
036	Compute ATM Star Tracker Gimbal Angles
040	Skylab Digital Autopilot
042	Skylab Four Maneuver DKI Sequence
048	Conversion of RCS DAP Phase Plane Fixed Memory Constants to Erasable Load
051 REV 1	Skylark Downlist Changes
400	Program 15 Deletion
402	Eliminate 481 day TEPHEM limitation in Lunar-Solar Ephemerides Routine
405	Transform Optics Angles to Tracking Angles
409*	Modification to PCR SL022
N.	

PCR/PCN	<u>Title</u>
410*	Delete Lunar Capability
411*	Delete HAM Targetting Program
412*	Delete ECSTEER
413	ATM Orientation Determination Program (P50)
414	Docked Alignment Capability in P51
415	Docked Alignment Capability in P52
416	Add Gyro Trim to R50
417*	Deletion of 9 Dimensional Capability
422*	Initialize Rendezvous Navigation to Update the CSM State Vector
423	Change Conic to Precision Integration in All Rendezvous Targetting Programs
424	Improve Minkey Gyro Torquing Logic
428	Modification of Skylark Memo #14: Preliminary Skylab Rendezvous Targeting Plan for the Skylab GSOP
431	R04 Roll Preference Specification
434	Correct $\alpha_{ m ATM}$ in P50
435*	Do Not Automatically Take VHF in P20
436*	Nominal Use of ATM Sources in P52 and P54
438*	Incorrect Star Tracker Angle in P55
439 REV 1	VHF Range Rate Filter Enable/Disable by Extended Verb
442*	Modification to R22
448	Modification No. 4 to Skylark Memo No. 14
449	Forced firings for docked DAP auto maneuvers
452	Precision Integration for V90
454	Docked DAP Alarm Codes
455*	Change to P35, P36 and R00 to Fix Anomaly ART 07
456*	Zeroing HOLDFLAG
459	VHFR Changes
464	Set NN = 0 in P35
467*	Change VHFTIME to MARKTIME on the Powered Downlist

<sup>\*</sup>PCN

## SKYLARK 1 (GSOP)

### R693

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